- **Output Swing includes Both Supply Rails**
- **Low Noise . . . 12 nV/√Hz Typ at f = 1 kHz**
- **Low Input Bias Current . . . 1 pA Typ**
- **Fully Specified for Both Single-Supply and Split-Supply Operation**
- **Low Power . . . 500 μA Max**
- **Common-Mode Input Voltage Range Includes Negative Rail**
- **Low Input Offset Voltage**
  950 μV Max at T_A = 25°C (TLC2262A)
- **Macromodel Included**
- **Performance Upgrade for the TS27M2/M4 and TLC27M2/M4**
- **Available in Q-Temp Automotive**
  HighRel Automotive Applications
  Configuration Control/Print Support
  Qualification to Automotive Standards

description

The TLC2262 and TLC2264 are dual and quadruple operational amplifiers from Texas Instruments. Both devices exhibit rail-to-rail output performance for increased dynamic range in single- or split-supply applications. The TLC226x family offers a compromise between the micropower TLC225x and the ac performance of the TLC227x. It has low supply current for battery-powered applications, while still having adequate ac performance for applications that demand it. The noise performance has been dramatically improved over previous generations of CMOS amplifiers. Figure 1 depicts the low level of noise voltage for this CMOS amplifier, which has only 200 μA (typ) of supply current per amplifier.

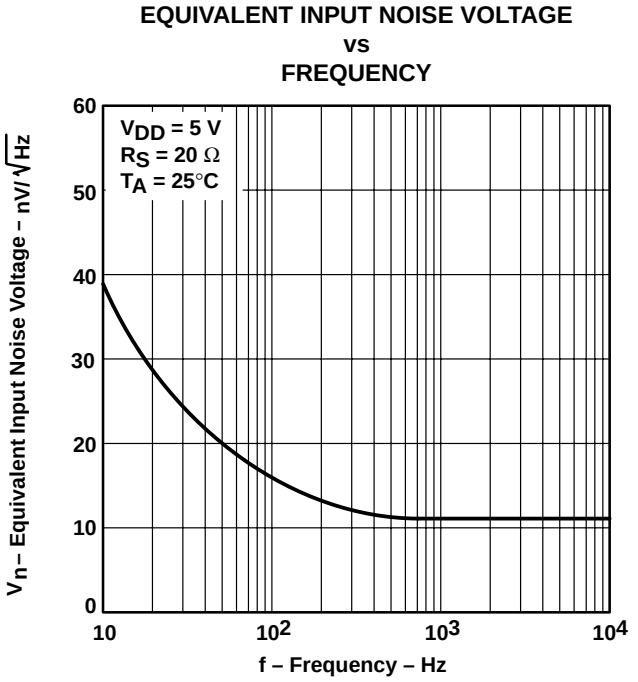


Figure 1

The TLC226x, exhibiting high input impedance and low noise, are excellent for small-signal conditioning for high-impedance sources, such as piezoelectric transducers. Because of the micropower dissipation levels, these devices work well in hand-held monitoring and remote-sensing applications. In addition, the rail-to-rail output feature with single or split supplies makes this family a great choice when interfacing with analog-to-digital converters (ADCs). For precision applications, the TLC226xA family is available and has a maximum input offset voltage of 950 μV. This family is fully characterized at 5 V and ±5 V.

The TLC2262/4 also makes great upgrades to the TLC27M2/L4 or TS27M2/L4 in standard designs. They offer increased output dynamic range, lower noise voltage and lower input offset voltage. This enhanced feature set allows them to be used in a wider range of applications. For applications that require higher output drive and wider input voltage range, see the TLV2432 and TLV2442. If your design requires single amplifiers, please see the TLV2211/21/31 family. These devices are single rail-to-rail operational amplifiers in the SOT-23 package. Their small size and low power consumption, make them ideal for high density, battery-powered equipment.

Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

Advanced LinCMOS is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

PRODUCTION DATA information is current as of publication date. Products conform to specifications per the terms of Texas Instruments standard warranty. Production processing does not necessarily include testing of all parameters.

Copyright © 2001, Texas Instruments Incorporated
On products compliant to MIL-PRF-38535, all parameters are tested unless otherwise noted. On all other products, production processing does not necessarily include testing of all parameters.

TLC2262 AVAILABLE OPTIONS

T_A	V_{IO}max AT 25°C	PACKAGED DEVICES					
		SMALL OUTLINE (D)	CHIP CARRIER (FK)	CERAMIC DIP (JG)	PLASTIC DIP (P)	TSSOP (PW)	CERAMIC FLATPACK (U)
0°C to 70°C	2.5 mV	TLC2262CD	—	—	TLC2262CP	TLC2262CPW	—
–40°C to 125°C	950 µV 2.5 mV	TLC2262AID TLC2262ID	— —	— —	TLC2262AIP TLC2262IP	TLC2262AIPW —	— —
–40°C to 125°C	950 µV 2.5 mV	TLC2262AQD TLC2262QD	— —	— —	— —	— —	— —
–55°C to 125°C	950 µV 2.5 mV	— —	TLC2262AMFK TLC2262MFK	TLC2262AMJG TLC2262MJG	— —	— —	TLC2262AMU TLC2262MU

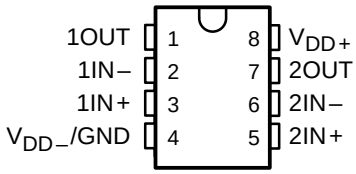
The D packages are available taped and reeled. Add R suffix to device type (e.g., TLC2262CDR). The PW package is available only left-end taped and reeled. Chips are tested at 25°C.

TLC2264 AVAILABLE OPTIONS

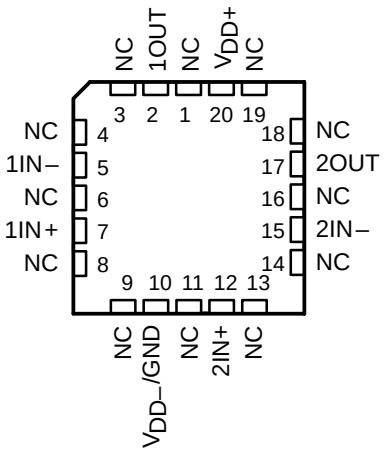
T_A	V_{IO}max AT 25°C	PACKAGED DEVICES					
		SMALL OUTLINE (D)	CHIP CARRIER (FK)	CERAMIC DIP (J)	PLASTIC DIP (N)	TSSOP (PW)	CERAMIC FLATPACK (W)
0°C to 70°C	2.5 mV	TLC2264CD	—	—	TLC2264CN	TLC2264CPW	—
–40°C to 125°C	950 µV 2.5 mV	TLC2264AID TLC2264ID	— —	— —	TLC2264AIN TLC2264IN	TLC2264AIPW —	— —
–40°C to 125°C	950 µV 2.5 mV	TLC2264AQD TLC2264QD	— —	— —	— —	— —	— —
–55°C to 125°C	950 µV 2.5 mV	— —	TLC2264AMFK TLC2264MFK	TLC2264AMJ TLC2264MJ	— —	— —	TLC2264AMW TLC2264MW

The D packages are available taped and reeled. Add R suffix to device type (e.g., TLC2264CDR). The PW package is available only left-end taped and reeled. Chips are tested at 25°C.

TLC2262C, TLC2262AC
TLC2262I, TLC2262AI
TLC2262Q, TLC2262AQ
D, P, OR PW PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)

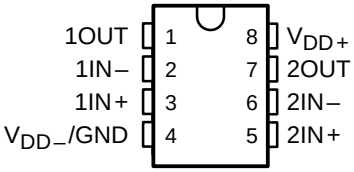


TLC2262M, TLC2262AM . . . FK PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)

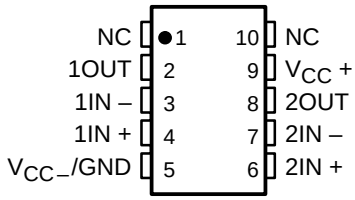


NC – No internal connection

TLC2262M, TLC2262AM . . . JG PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)

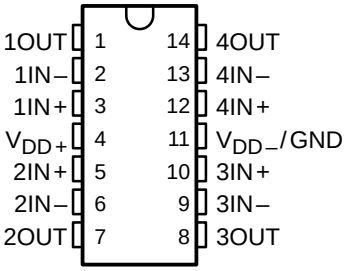


TLC2262M, TLC2262AM . . . U PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)

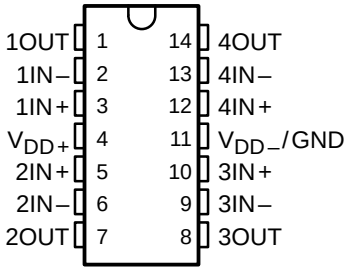


NC – No internal connection

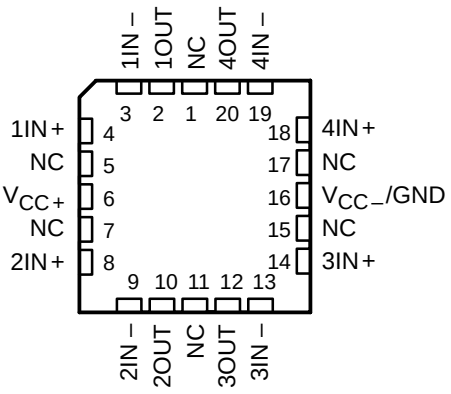
TLC2264C, TLC2264AC
TLC2264I, TLC2264AI
TLC2264Q, TLC2264AQ
D, N, OR PW PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



TLC2264M, TLC2264AM . . . J OR W PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)

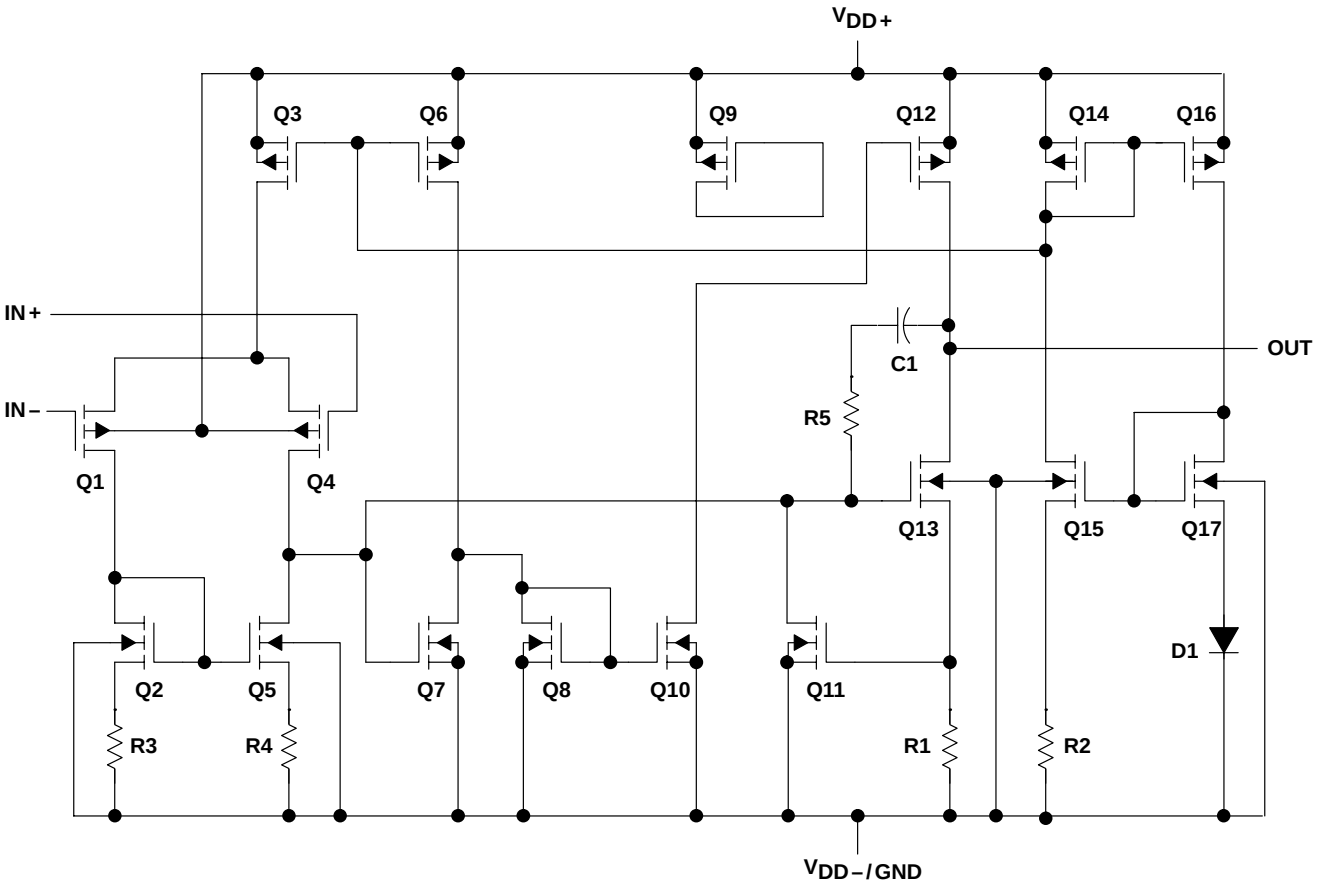


TLC2264M, TLC2264AM . . . FK PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



NC – No internal connection

equivalent schematic (each amplifier)



ACTUAL DEVICE COMPONENT COUNT†		
COMPONENT	TLC2262	TLC2264
Transistors	38	76
Resistors	28	56
Diodes	9	18
Capacitors	3	6

† Includes both amplifiers and all ESD, bias, and trim circuitry

absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

Supply voltage, V_{DD+} (see Note 1) . . . . . 8 V
Supply voltage, V_{DD-} (see Note 1) . . . . . –8 V
Differential input voltage, V_{ID} (see Note 2) . . . . . ±16 V
Input voltage, V_I (any input, see Note 1) . . . . . V_{DD-} – 0.3 V to V_{DD+}
Input current, I_I (each input) . . . . . ±5 mA
Output current, I_O . . . . . ±50 mA
Total current into V_{DD+} . . . . . ±50 mA
Total current out of V_{DD-} . . . . . ±50 mA
Duration of short-circuit current at (or below) 25°C (see Note 3) . . . . . unlimited
Continuous total dissipation . . . . . See Dissipation Rating Table
Operating free-air temperature range, T_A: C suffix . . . . . 0°C to 70°C
I suffix . . . . . –40°C to 125°C
Q suffix . . . . . –40°C to 125°C
M suffix . . . . . –55°C to 125°C
Storage temperature range, T_{stg} . . . . . –65°C to 150°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds: D, N, P, and PW packages . . . . . 260°C
J, JG, U, and W packages . . . . . 300°C

† Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTES: 1. All voltage values, except differential voltages, are with respect to the midpoint between V_{DD+} and V_{DD-}.
2. Differential voltages are at IN+ with respect to IN–. Excessive current flows if input is brought below V_{DD-} – 0.3 V.
3. The output may be shorted to either supply. Temperature and/or supply voltages must be limited to ensure that the maximum dissipation rating is not exceeded.

DISSIPATION RATING TABLE

PACKAGE	$T_A \le 25°C$ POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE $T_A = 25°C$	$T_A = 70°C$ POWER RATING	$T_A = 85°C$ POWER RATING	$T_A = 125°C$ POWER RATING
D–8	725 mW	5.8 mW/°C	464 mW	377 mW	145 mW
D–14	950 mW	7.6 mW/°C	608 mW	494 mW	190 mW
FK	1375 mW	11.0 mW/°C	880 mW	715 mW	275 mW
J	1375 mW	11.0 mW/°C	880 mW	715 mW	275 mW
JG	1050 mW	8.4 mW/°C	672 mW	546 mW	210 mW
N	1150 mW	9.2 mW/°C	736 mW	598 mW	230 mW
P	1000 mW	8.0 mW/°C	640 mW	520 mW	200 mW
PW–8	525 mW	4.2 mW/°C	336 mW	273 mW	105 mW
PW–14	700 mW	5.6 mW/°C	448 mW	364 mW	140 mW
U	700 mW	5.5 mW/°C	452 mW	370 mW	150 mW
W	700 mW	5.5 mW/°C	452 mW	370 mW	150 mW

recommended operating conditions

	C SUFFIX		I SUFFIX		Q SUFFIX		M SUFFIX		UNIT
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Supply voltage, $V_{DD\pm}$	±2.2	±8	±2.2	±8	±2.2	±8	±2.2	±8	V
Input voltage range, V_I	V_{DD-}	V_{DD+} –1.5	V_{DD-}	V_{DD+} –1.5	V_{DD-}	V_{DD+} –1.5	V_{DD-}	V_{DD+} –1.5	V
Common-mode input voltage, V_{IC}	V_{DD-}	V_{DD+} –1.5	V_{DD-}	V_{DD+} –1.5	V_{DD-}	V_{DD+} –1.5	V_{DD-}	V_{DD+} –1.5	V
Operating free-air temperature, T_A	0	70	–40	125	–40	125	–55	125	°C

TLC2262C electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, V_{DD} = 5 V (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2262C			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO}	Input offset voltage	V_{IC} = 0, V_O = 0,	$V_{DD}\pm$ = ±2.5 V, R_S = 50 Ω	25°C		300	2500	μV
				Full range			3000	
α_{VIO}	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			25°C to 70°C		2		μV/°C
	Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)			25°C		0.003		μV/mo
I_{IO}	Input offset current			25°C		0.5		pA
				Full range			100	
I_{IB}	Input bias current			25°C		1		pA
				Full range			100	
V_{ICR}	Common-mode input voltage range	R_S = 50 Ω,	$\lvert V_{IO}\rvert \le$ 5 mV	25°C	0 to 4	−0.3 to 4.2		V
				Full range	0 to 3.5			
V_{OH}	High-level output voltage	I_{OH} = −20 μA		25°C		4.99		V
		I_{OH} = −100 μA		25°C	4.85	4.94		
				Full range	4.82			
		I_{OH} = −400 μA		25°C	4.70	4.85		
				Full range	4.60			
V_{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V_{IC} = 2.5 V,	I_{OL} = 50 μA	25°C		0.01		V
		V_{IC} = 2.5 V,	I_{OL} = 500 μA	25°C		0.09	0.15	
				Full range			0.15	
		V_{IC} = 2.5 V,	I_{OL} = 1 mA	25°C		0.2	0.3	
				Full range			0.3	
		V_{IC} = 2.5 V,	I_{OL} = 4 mA	25°C		0.7	1	
				Full range			1.2	
A_{VD}	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	V_{IC} = 2.5 V, V_O = 1 V to 4 V	R_L = 50 kΩ‡	25°C	80	170		V/mV
				Full range	55			
			R_L = 1 MΩ‡	25°C		550		
$r_{i(d)}$	Differential input resistance			25°C		10^{12}		Ω
$r_{i(c)}$	Common-mode input resistance			25°C		10^{12}		Ω
$c_{i(c)}$	Common-mode input capacitance	f = 10 kHz,	P package	25°C		8		pF
z_o	Closed-loop output impedance	f = 100 kHz,	A_V = 10	25°C		240		Ω
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V_{IC} = 0 to 2.7 V, R_S = 50 Ω	V_O = 2.5 V,	25°C	70	83		dB
				Full range	70			
k_{SVR}	Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO}$)	V_{DD} = 4.4 V to 16 V, V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2,	No load	25°C	80	95		dB
				Full range	80			
I_{DD}	Supply current	V_O = 2.5 V,	No load	25°C		400	500	μA
				Full range			500	

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C.
‡ Referenced to 2.5 V

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at T_A = 150°C extrapolated to T_A = 25°C using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.

TLC2262C operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, V_{DD} = 5 V

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2262C			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	V_O = 1.5 V to 3.5 V, C_L = 100 pF‡	R_L = 50 kΩ‡,	25°C	0.35	0.55		V/μs
				Full range	0.3			
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz		25°C		40		nV/√Hz
		f = 1 kHz		25°C		12		
$V_{N(PP)}$	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz		25°C		0.7		μV
		f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		25°C		1.3		
I_n	Equivalent input noise current			25°C		0.6		fA√Hz
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	V_O = 0.5 V to 2.5 V, f = 20 kHz, R_L = 50 kΩ‡	A_V = 1	25°C		0.017%		
			A_V = 10			0.03%		
	Gain-bandwidth product	f = 10 kHz, C_L = 100 pF‡	R_L = 50 kΩ‡,	25°C		0.71		MHz
B_{OM}	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_{O(PP)}$ = 2 V, R_L = 50 kΩ‡,	A_V = 1, C_L = 100 pF‡	25°C		185		kHz
t_s	Settling time	A_V = –1, Step = 0.5 V to 2.5 V, R_L = 50 kΩ‡, C_L = 100 pF‡	To 0.1%	25°C		6.4		μs
			To 0.01%			14.1		
ϕ_m	Phase margin at unity gain	R_L = 50 kΩ‡,	C_L = 100 pF‡	25°C		56°		
	Gain margin			25°C		11		dB

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C.
‡ Referenced to 2.5 V

TLC2262C electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm}$ = ±5 V (unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2262C			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO}	Input offset voltage	V_{IC} = 0, V_O = 0, R_S = 50 Ω		25°C		300	2500	μV
				Full range			3000	
α_{VIO}	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			25°C to 70°C		2		μV/°C
	Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)			25°C		0.003		μV/mo
I_{IO}	Input offset current			25°C		0.5		pA
				Full range			100	
I_{IB}	Input bias current			25°C		1		pA
				Full range			100	
V_{ICR}	Common-mode input voltage range	$\|V_{IO}\| \le 5$ mV, R_S = 50 Ω		25°C	−5 to 4	−5.3 to 4.2		V
				Full range	−5 to 3.5			
V_{OM+}	Maximum positive peak output voltage	I_O = −20 μA		25°C		4.99		V
		I_O = −100 μA		25°C	4.85	4.94		
				Full range	4.82			
		I_O = −400 μA		25°C	4.7	4.85		
				Full range	4.6			
V_{OM-}	Maximum negative peak output voltage	V_{IC} = 0,	I_O = 50 μA	25°C		−4.99		V
		V_{IC} = 0,	I_O = 500 μA	25°C	−4.85	−4.91		
				Full range	−4.85			
		V_{IC} = 0,	I_O = 1 mA	25°C	−4.7	−4.8		
				Full range	−4.7			
		V_{IC} = 0,	I_O = 4 mA	25°C	−4	−4.3		
				Full range	−3.8			
A_{VD}	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	V_O = ±4 V	R_L = 50 kΩ	25°C	80	200		V/mV
				Full range	55			
			R_L = 1 MΩ	25°C		1000		
$r_{i(d)}$	Differential input resistance			25°C		10^{12}		Ω
$r_{i(c)}$	Common-mode input resistance			25°C		10^{12}		Ω
$c_{i(c)}$	Common-mode input capacitance	f = 10 kHz,	P package	25°C		8		pF
z_o	Closed-loop output impedance	f = 100 kHz,	A_V = 10	25°C		220		Ω
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V_{IC} = −5 V to 2.7 V, V_O = 0 V,	R_S = 50 Ω	25°C	75	88		dB
				Full range	75			
k_{SVR}	Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD\pm}/\Delta V_{IO}$)	$V_{DD\pm}$ = 2.2 V to ±8 V, V_{IC} = 0,	No load	25°C	80	95		dB
				Full range	80			
I_{DD}	Supply current	V_O = 0 V,	No load	25°C		425	500	μA
				Full range			500	

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at T_A = 150°C extrapolated to T_A = 25°C using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.

TLC2262C operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm}$ = ±5 V

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2262C			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	V_O = ±1.9 V, C_L = 100 pF	R_L = 50 kΩ	25°C	0.35	0.55		V/μs
				Full range	0.3			
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz		25°C		43		nV/√Hz
		f = 1 kHz		25°C		12		
$V_{N(PP)}$	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz		25°C		0.8		μV
		f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		25°C		1.3		
I_n	Equivalent input noise current			25°C		0.6		fA√Hz
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion pulse duration	V_O = ±2.3 V, f = 20 kHz, R_L = 50 kΩ	A_V = 1	25°C		0.014%		
			A_V = 10			0.024%		
	Gain-bandwidth product	f = 10 kHz, C_L = 100 pF	R_L = 50 kΩ	25°C		0.73		MHz
B_{OM}	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_{O(PP)}$ = 4.6 V, R_L = 50 kΩ,	A_V = 1, C_L = 100 pF	25°C		85		kHz
t_s	Settling time	A_V = –1, Step = –2.3 V to 2.3 V, R_L = 50 kΩ, C_L = 100 pF	To 0.1%	25°C		7.1		μs
			To 0.01%			16.5		
ϕ_m	Phase margin at unity gain	R_L = 50 kΩ,	C_L = 100 pF	25°C		57°		
	Gain margin			25°C		11		dB

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

TLC2264C electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, V_{DD} = 5 V (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2264C			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO}	Input offset voltage	V_{IC} = 0, V_O = 0,	$V_{DD\pm}$ = ±2.5 V, R_S = 50 Ω	25°C		300	2500	μV
				Full range			3000	
α_{VIO}	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			25°C to 70°C		2		μV/°C
	Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)			25°C		0.003		μV/mo
I_{IO}	Input offset current			25°C		0.5		pA
				Full range			100	
I_{IB}	Input bias current			25°C		1		pA
				Full range			100	
V_{ICR}	Common-mode input voltage range	R_S = 50 Ω,	$\lvert V_{IO}\rvert \le$ 5 mV	25°C	0 to 4	−0.3 to 4.2		V
				Full range	0 to 3.5			
V_{OH}	High-level output voltage	I_{OH} = −20 μA		25°C		4.99		V
		I_{OH} = −100 μA		25°C	4.85	4.94		
				Full range	4.82			
		I_{OH} = −400 μA		25°C	4.70	4.85		
				Full range	4.60			
V_{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V_{IC} = 2.5 V,	I_{OL} = 50 μA	25°C		0.01		V
		V_{IC} = 2.5 V,	I_{OL} = 500 μA	25°C		0.09	0.15	
				Full range			0.15	
		V_{IC} = 2.5 V,	I_{OL} = 1 mA	25°C		0.2	0.3	
				Full range			0.3	
		V_{IC} = 2.5 V,	I_{OL} = 4 mA	25°C		0.7	1	
				Full range			1.2	
A_{VD}	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	V_{IC} = 2.5 V, V_O = 1 V to 4 V	R_L = 50 kΩ‡	25°C	80	170		V/mV
				Full range	55			
			R_L = 1 MΩ‡	25°C		550		
$r_{i(d)}$	Differential input resistance			25°C		10^{12}		Ω
$r_{i(c)}$	Common-mode input resistance			25°C		10^{12}		Ω
$c_{i(c)}$	Common-mode input capacitance	f = 10 kHz,	N package	25°C		8		pF
z_o	Closed-loop output impedance	f = 100 kHz,	A_V = 10	25°C		240		Ω
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V_{IC} = 0 to 2.7 V, R_S = 50 Ω	V_O = 2.5 V,	25°C	70	83		dB
				Full range	70			
k_{SVR}	Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO}$)	V_{DD} = 4.4 V to 16 V,		25°C	80	95		dB
		V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2,	No load	Full range	80			
I_{DD}	Supply current (four amplifiers)	V_O = 2.5 V,	No load	25°C		0.8	1	mA
				Full range			1	

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C.
‡ Referenced to 2.5 V
NOTE 4. Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at T_A = 150°C extrapolated to T_A = 25°C using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.

TLC2264C operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, V_{DD} = 5 V

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2264C			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	V_O = 1.4 V to 2.6 V, C_L = 100 pF‡	R_L = 50 kΩ‡,	25°C	0.35	0.55		V/μs
				Full range	0.3			
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz		25°C		40		nV/√Hz
		f = 1 kHz		25°C		12		
$V_{N(PP)}$	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz		25°C		0.7		μV
		f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		25°C		1.3		
I_n	Equivalent input noise current			25°C		0.6		fA/√Hz
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	V_O = 0.5 V to 2.5 V, f = 20 kHz, R_L = 50 kΩ‡	A_V = 1	25°C		0.017%		
			A_V = 10			0.03%		
	Gain-bandwidth product	f = 10 kHz, C_L = 100 pF‡	R_L = 50 kΩ‡,	25°C		0.71		MHz
B_{OM}	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_{O(PP)}$ = 2 V, R_L = 50 kΩ‡,	A_V = 1, C_L = 100 pF‡	25°C		185		kHz
t_s	Settling time	A_V = –1, Step = 0.5 V to 2.5 V, R_L = 50 kΩ‡, C_L = 100 pF‡	To 0.1%	25°C		6.4		μs
			To 0.01%			14.1		
ϕ_m	Phase margin at unity gain	R_L = 50 kΩ‡,	C_L = 100 pF‡	25°C		56°		
	Gain margin			25°C		11		dB

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C.
‡ Referenced to 2.5 V

TLC2264C electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm}$ = ±5 V (unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2264C			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO}	Input offset voltage	V_{IC} = 0, R_S = 50 Ω	V_O = 0,	25°C		300	2500	μV
				Full range			3000	
α_{VIO}	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			25°C to 70°C		2		μV/°C
	Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)			25°C		0.003		μV/mo
I_{IO}	Input offset current			25°C		0.5		pA
				Full range			100	
I_{IB}	Input bias current			25°C		1		pA
				Full range			100	
V_{ICR}	Common-mode input voltage range	$\|V_{IO}\| \le 5$ mV,	R_S = 50 Ω	25°C	−5 to 4	−5.3 to 4.2		V
				Full range	−5 to 3.5			
V_{OM+}	Maximum positive peak output voltage	I_O = −20 μA		25°C		4.99		V
		I_O = −100 μA		25°C	4.85	4.94		
				Full range	4.82			
		I_O = −400 μA		25°C	4.7	4.85		
				Full range	4.6			
V_{OM-}	Maximum negative peak output voltage	V_{IC} = 0,	I_O = 50 μA	25°C		−4.99		V
		V_{IC} = 0,	I_O = 500 μA	25°C	−4.85	−4.91		
				Full range	−4.85			
		V_{IC} = 0,	I_O = 1 mA	25°C	−4.7	−4.8		
				Full range	−4.7			
		V_{IC} = 0,	I_O = 4 mA	25°C	−4	−4.3		
				Full range	−3.8			
A_{VD}	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	V_O = ±4 V	R_L = 50 kΩ	25°C	80	200		V/mV
				Full range	55			
			R_L = 1 MΩ	25°C		1000		
$r_{i(d)}$	Differential input resistance			25°C		10^{12}		Ω
$r_{i(c)}$	Common-mode input resistance			25°C		10^{12}		Ω
$c_{i(c)}$	Common-mode input capacitance	f = 10 kHz,	N package	25°C		8		pF
z_o	Closed-loop output impedance	f = 100 kHz,	A_V = 10	25°C		220		Ω
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V_{IC} = −5 V to 2.7 V,		25°C	75	88		dB
		V_O = 0,	R_S = 50 Ω	Full range	75			
k_{SVR}	Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD\pm}/\Delta V_{IO}$)	$V_{DD\pm}$ = ±2.2 V to ±8 V,		25°C	80	95		dB
		V_{IC} = 0,	No load	Full range	80			
I_{DD}	Supply current (four amplifiers)	V_O = 0,	No load	25°C		0.85	1	mA
				Full range			1	

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at T_A = 150°C extrapolated to T_A = 25°C using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.

TLC2264C operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm}$ = ±5 V

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2264C			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	V_O = ±1.9 V, C_L = 100 pF	R_L = 50 kΩ,	25°C	0.35	0.55		V/μs
				Full range	0.3			
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz		25°C		43		nV/√Hz
		f = 1 kHz		25°C		12		
$V_{N(PP)}$	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz		25°C		0.8		μV
		f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		25°C		1.3		
I_n	Equivalent input noise current			25°C		0.6		fA/√Hz
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	V_O = ± 2.3 V, f = 20 kHz, R_L = 50 kΩ	A_V = 1	25°C		0.014%		
			A_V = 10			0.024%		
	Gain-bandwidth product	f = 10 kHz, C_L = 100 pF	R_L = 50 kΩ,	25°C		0.73		MHz
B_{OM}	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_{O(PP)}$ = 4.6 V, R_L = 50 kΩ,	A_V = 1, C_L = 100 pF	25°C		70		kHz
t_s	Settling time	A_V = –1, Step = –2.3 V to 2.3 V, R_L = 50 kΩ, C_L = 100 pF	To 0.1%	25°C		7.1		μs
			To 0.01%			16.5		
ϕ_m	Phase margin at unity gain	R_L = 50 kΩ,	C_L = 100 pF	25°C		57°		
	Gain margin			25°C		11		dB

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

TLC2262I electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, V_{DD} = 5 V (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2262I			TLC2262AI			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO}	Input offset voltage	$V_{DD\pm}$ = ±2.5 V, V_O = 0,	V_{IC} = 0, R_S = 50 Ω	25°C		300	2500		300	950	μV
				Full range			3000			1500	
α_{VIO}	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			25°C to 85°C		2			2		μV/°C
	Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)			25°C		0.003			0.003		μV/mo
I_{IO}	Input offset current			25°C		0.5			0.5		pA
				85°C			150			150	
				Full range			800			800	pA
I_{IB}	Input bias current			25°C		1			1		pA
				85°C			150			150	pA
				Full range			800			800	pA
V_{ICR}	Common-mode input voltage range	R_S = 50 Ω,	$\lvert V_{IO}\rvert \le$ 5 mV	25°C	0 to 4	−0.3 to 4.2		0 to 4	−0.3 to 4.2		V
				Full range	0 to 3.5			0 to 3.5			
V_{OH}	High-level output voltage	I_{OH} = −20 μA		25°C		4.99			4.99		V
		I_{OH} = −100 μA		25°C	4.85	4.94		4.85	4.94		
				Full range	4.82			4.82			
		I_{OH} = −400 μA		25°C	4.7	4.85		4.7	4.85		
				Full range	4.5			4.5			
V_{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V_{IC} = 2.5 V,	I_{OL} = 50 μA	25°C		0.01			0.01		V
		V_{IC} = 2.5 V,	I_{OL} = 500 μA	25°C		0.09	0.15		0.09	0.15	
				Full range			0.15			0.15	
		V_{IC} = 2.5 V,	I_{OL} = 4 mA	25°C		0.8	1		0.7	1	
				Full range			1.2			1.2	
A_{VD}	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	V_{IC} = 2.5 V, V_O = 1 V to 4 V	R_L = 50 kΩ‡	25°C	80	100		80	170		V/mV
				Full range	50			50			
			R_L = 1 MΩ‡	25°C		550			550		
$r_{i(d)}$	Differential input resistance			25°C		10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω
$r_{i(c)}$	Common-mode input resistance			25°C		10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω
$c_{i(c)}$	Common-mode input capacitance	f = 10 kHz,	P package	25°C		8			8		pF
z_o	Closed-loop output impedance	f = 100 kHz,	A_V = 10	25°C		240			240		Ω
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V_{IC} = 0 to 2.7 V, R_S = 50 Ω	V_O = 2.5 V,	25°C	70	83		70	83		dB
				Full range	70			70			

† Full range is – 40°C to 125°C.
‡ Referenced to 2.5 V

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at T_A = 150°C extrapolated to T_A = 25°C using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.

TLC2262I operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, V_{DD} = 5 V

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2262I			TLC2262AI			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
k_{SVR}	Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO}$)	V_{DD} = 4.4 V to 16 V, V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2,	No load	25°C	80	95		80	95		dB
				Full range	80			80			
I_{DD}	Supply current	V_O = 2.5 V,	No load	25°C		400	500		400	500	μA
				Full range			500			500	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	V_O = 1.5 V to 3.5 V, C_L = 100 pF‡	R_L = 50 kΩ‡,	25°C	0.35	0.55		0.35	0.55		V/μs
				Full range	0.25			0.25			
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz		25°C		40			40		nV/√Hz
		f = 1 kHz		25°C		12			12		
$V_{N(PP)}$	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz		25°C		0.7			0.7		μV
		f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		25°C		1.3			1.3		
I_n	Equivalent input noise current			25°C		0.6			0.6		fA√Hz
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	V_O = 0.5 V to 2.5 V, f = 20 kHz, R_L = 50 kΩ‡	A_V = 1	25°C		0.017%			0.017%		
			A_V = 10			0.03%			0.03%		
	Gain-bandwidth product	f = 50 kHz, C_L = 100 pF‡	R_L = 50 kΩ‡,	25°C		0.82			0.82		MHz
B_{OM}	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_{O(PP)}$ = 2 V, R_L = 50 kΩ‡,	A_V = 1, C_L = 100 pF‡	25°C		185			185		kHz
t_s	Settling time	A_V = –1, Step = 0.5 V to 2.5 V, R_L = 50 kΩ‡, C_L = 100 pF‡	To 0.1%	25°C		6.4			6.4		μs
			To 0.01%			14.1			14.1		
ϕ_m	Phase margin at unity gain	R_L = 50 kΩ‡,	C_L = 100 pF‡	25°C		56°			56°		
	Gain margin			25°C		11			11		dB

† Full range is – 40°C to 125°C.
‡ Referenced to 2.5 V

TLC2262I electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm}$ = ±5 V (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2262I			TLC2262AI			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO}	Input offset voltage	V_{IC} = 0, R_S = 50 Ω	V_O = 0	25°C		300	2500		300	950	µV
				Full range			3000			1500	
α_{VIO}	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			25°C to 85°C		2			2		µV/°C
	Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)			25°C		0.003			0.003		µV/mo
I_{IO}	Input offset current			25°C		0.5			0.5		pA
				85°C			150			150	pA
				Full range			800			800	pA
I_{IB}	Input bias current			25°C		1			1		pA
				85°C			150			150	pA
				Full range			800			800	pA
V_{ICR}	Common-mode input voltage range	R_S = 50 Ω,	$\lvert V_{IO}\rvert \le$ 5 mV	25°C	−5 to 4	−5.3 to 4.2		−5 to 4	−5.3 to 4.2		V
				Full range	−5 to 3.5			−5 to 3.5			
V_{OM+}	Maximum positive peak output voltage	I_O = −20 µA		25°C		4.99			4.99		V
		I_O = −100 µA		25°C	4.85	4.94		4.85	4.94		
				Full range	4.82			4.82			
		I_O = −400 µA		25°C	4.7	4.85		4.7	4.85		
				Full range	4.5			4.5			
V_{OM-}	Maximum negative peak output voltage	V_{IC} = 0,	I_O = 50 µA	25°C		−4.99			−4.99		V
		V_{IC} = 0,	I_O = 500 µA	25°C	−4.85	−4.91		−4.85	−4.91		
				Full range	−4.85			−4.85			
		V_{IC} = 0,	I_O = 4 mA	25°C	−4	−4.3		−4	−4.3		
				Full range	−3.8			−3.8			
A_{VD}	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	V_O = ±4 V	R_L = 50 kΩ	25°C	80	200		80	200		V/mV
				Full range	50			50			
			R_L = 1 MΩ	25°C		1000			1000		
$r_{i(d)}$	Differential input resistance			25°C		10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω
$r_{i(c)}$	Common-mode input resistance			25°C		10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω
$c_{i(c)}$	Common-mode input capacitance	f = 10 kHz,	P package	25°C		8			8		pF
z_o	Closed-loop output impedance	f = 100 kHz,	A_V = 10	25°C		220			220		Ω
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V_{IC} = −5 V to 2.7 V, V_O = 0,	R_S = 50 Ω	25°C	75	88		75	88		dB
				Full range	75			75			
k_{SVR}	Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD\pm}/\Delta V_{IO}$)	V_{DD} = 4.4 V to 16 V, V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2, No load		25°C	80	95		80	95		dB
				Full range	80			80			

† Full range is – 40°C to 125°C.

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at T_A = 150°C extrapolated to T_A = 25°C using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.

TLC2262I operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm}$ = ±5 V

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2262I			TLC2262AI			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
I_{DD}	Supply Current	V_O = 2.5 V,	No load	25°C		425	500		425	500	
				Full range			500			500	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	V_O = ±1.9 V, C_L = 100 pF	R_L = 50 kΩ,	25°C	0.35	0.55		0.35	0.55		V/μs
				Full range	0.25			0.25			
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz		25°C		43			43		nV/√Hz
		f = 1 kHz		25°C		12			12		
$V_{N(PP)}$	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz		25°C		0.8			0.8		μV
		f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		25°C		1.3			1.3		
I_n	Equivalent input noise current			25°C		0.6			0.6		fA√Hz
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	V_O = ±2.3 V, R_L = 50 kΩ, f = 20 kHz	A_V = 1	25°C		0.014%			0.014%		
			A_V = 10			0.024%			0.024%		
	Gain-bandwidth product	f =10 kHz, C_L = 100 pF	R_L = 50 kΩ,	25°C		0.73			0.73		MHz
B_{OM}	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_{O(PP)}$ = 4.6 V, R_L = 50 kΩ,	A_V = 1, C_L = 100 pF	25°C		85			85		kHz
t_s	Settling time	A_V = –1, Step = –2.3 V to 2.3 V, R_L = 50 kΩ, C_L = 100 pF	To 0.1%	25°C		7.1			7.1		μs
			To 0.01%			16.5			16.5		
ϕ_m	Phase margin at unity gain	R_L = 50 kΩ,	C_L = 100 pF	25°C		57°			57°		
	Gain margin			25°C		11			11		dB

† Full range is –40°C to 125°C.

TLC2264I electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, V_{DD} = 5 V (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2264I			TLC2264AI			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO}	Input offset voltage	$V_{DD\pm}$ = ±2.5 V, V_O = 0,	V_{IC} = 0, R_S = 50 Ω	25°C		300	2500		300	950	μV
				Full range			3000			1500	
α_{VIO}	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			25°C to 125°C		2			2		μV/°C
	Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)			25°C		0.003			0.003		μV/mo
I_{IO}	Input offset current			25°C		0.5			0.5		pA
				85°C			150			150	
				Full range			800			800	
I_{IB}	Input bias current			25°C		1			1		pA
				85°C			150			150	
				Full range			800			800	
V_{ICR}	Common-mode input voltage range	R_S = 50 Ω,	$\lvert V_{IO}\rvert \le$ 5 mV	25°C	0 to 4	−0.3 to 4.2		0 to 4	−0.3 to 4.2		V
				Full range	0 to 3.5			0 to 3.5			
V_{OH}	High-level output voltage	I_{OH} = −20 μA		25°C		4.99			4.99		V
		I_{OH} = −100 μA		25°C	4.85	4.94		4.85	4.94		
				Full range	4.82			4.82			
		I_{OH} = −400 μA		25°C	4.7	4.85		4.7	4.85		
				Full range	4.5			4.5			
V_{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V_{IC} = 2.5 V,	I_{OL} = 50 μA	25°C		0.01			0.01		V
		V_{IC} = 2.5 V,	I_{OL} = 500 μA	25°C		0.09	0.15		0.09	0.15	
				Full range			0.15			0.15	
		V_{IC} = 2.5 V,	I_{OL} = 4 mA	25°C		0.8	1		0.7	1	
				Full range			1.2			1.2	
A_{VD}	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	V_{IC} = 2.5 V, V_O = 1 V to 4 V	R_L = 50 kΩ‡	25°C	80	100		80	170		V/mV
				Full range	50			50			
			R_L = 1 MΩ‡	25°C		550			550		
$r_{i(d)}$	Differential input resistance			25°C		10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω
$r_{i(c)}$	Common-mode input resistance			25°C		10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω
$c_{i(c)}$	Common-mode input capacitance	f = 10 kHz,	N package	25°C		8			8		pF
z_o	Closed-loop output impedance	f = 100 kHz,	A_V = 10	25°C		240			240		Ω
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V_{IC} = 0 to 2.7 V, R_S = 50 Ω	V_O = 2.5 V,	25°C	70	83		70	83		dB
				Full range	70			70			
k_{SVR}	Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO}$)	V_{DD} = 4.4 V to 16 V, V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2,	No load	25°C	80	95		80	95		dB
				Full range	80			80			

† Full range is – 40°C to 125°C.
‡ Referenced to 2.5 V
NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at T_A = 150°C extrapolated to T_A = 25°C using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.

TLC2264I operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, V_{DD} = 5 V

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2264I			TLC2264AI			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
I_{DD}	Supply current (four amplifiers)	V_O = 2.5 V,	No load	25°C		0.8	1		0.8	1	V/µs
				Full range			1			1	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	V_O = 1.4 V to 2.6 V, C_L = 100 pF‡	R_L = 50 kΩ‡,	25°C	0.35	0.55		0.35	0.55		V/µs
				Full range	0.25			0.25			
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz		25°C		40			40		nV/√Hz
		f = 1 kHz		25°C		12			12		
$V_{N(PP)}$	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz		25°C		0.7			0.7		µV
		f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		25°C		1.3			1.3		
I_n	Equivalent input noise current			25°C		0.6			0.6		fA/√Hz
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	V_O = 0.5 V to 2.5 V, f = 20 kHz, R_L = 50 kΩ‡	A_V = 1	25°C		0.017%			0.017%		
			A_V = 10			0.03%			0.03%		
	Gain-bandwidth product	f = 50 kHz, C_L = 100 pF‡	R_L = 50 kΩ‡,	25°C		0.71			0.71		MHz
B_{OM}	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_{O(PP)}$ = 2 V, R_L = 50 kΩ‡,	A_V = 1, C_L = 100 pF‡	25°C		185			185		kHz
t_s	Settling time	A_V = –1, Step = 0.5 V to 2.5 V, R_L = 50 kΩ‡, C_L = 100 pF‡	To 0.1%	25°C		6.4			6.4		µs
			To 0.01%			14.1			14.1		
ϕ_m	Phase margin at unity gain	R_L = 50 kΩ‡,	C_L = 100 pF‡	25°C		56°			56°		
	Gain margin			25°C		11			11		dB

† Full range is – 40°C to 125°C.
‡ Referenced to 2.5 V

TLC2264I electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm}$ = ±5 V (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2264I			TLC2264AI			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO}	Input offset voltage	V_{IC} = 0, V_O = 0, R_S = 50 Ω		25°C		300	2500		300	950	μV
				Full range			3000			1500	
α_{VIO}	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			25°C to 125°C		2			2		μV/°C
	Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)			25°C		0.003			0.003		μV/mo
I_{IO}	Input offset current			25°C		0.5			0.5		pA
				85°C			150			150	
				Full range			800			800	
I_{IB}	Input bias current			25°C		1			1		pA
				85°C			150			150	pA
				Full range			800			800	pA
V_{ICR}	Common-mode input voltage range	R_S = 50 Ω,	$\lvert V_{IO}\rvert \le$ 5 mV	25°C	−5 to 4	−5.3 to 4.2		−5 to 4	−5.3 to 4.2		V
				Full range	−5 to 3.5			−5 to 3.5			
V_{OM+}	Maximum positive peak output voltage	I_O = −20 μA		25°C		4.99			4.99		V
		I_O = −100 μA		25°C	4.85	4.94		4.85	4.94		
				Full range	4.82			4.82			
		I_O = −400 μA		25°C	4.7	4.85		4.7	4.85		
				Full range	4.5			4.5			
V_{OM-}	Maximum negative peak output voltage	V_{IC} = 0,	I_O = 50 μA	25°C		−4.99			−4.99		V
		V_{IC} = 0,	I_O = 500 μA	25°C	−4.85	−4.91		−4.85	−4.91		
				Full range	−4.85			−4.85			
		V_{IC} = 0,	I_O = 4 mA	25°C	−4	−4.3		−4	−4.3		
				Full range	−3.8			−3.8			
A_{VD}	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	V_O = ±4 V	R_L = 50 kΩ	25°C	80	200		80	200		V/mV
				Full range	50			50			
			R_L = 1 MΩ	25°C		1000			1000		
$r_{i(d)}$	Differential input resistance			25°C		10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω
$r_{i(c)}$	Common-mode input resistance			25°C		10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω
$c_{i(c)}$	Common-mode input capacitance	f = 10 kHz,	N package	25°C		8			8		pF
z_o	Closed-loop output impedance	f = 100 kHz,	A_V = 10	25°C		220			220		Ω
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V_{IC} = −5 V to 2.7 V, V_O = 0,	R_S = 50 Ω	25°C	75	88		75	88		dB
				Full range	75			75			
k_{SVR}	Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD\pm}/\Delta V_{IO}$)	$V_{DD\pm}$ = ±2.2 V to ±8 V, V_{IC}=V_{DD}/2,	No load	25°C	80	95		80	95		dB
				Full range	80			80			

† Full range is – 40°C to 125°C.

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at T_A = 150°C extrapolated to T_A = 25°C using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.

TLC2264I operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm}$ = ±5 V

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2264I			TLC2264AI			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
I_{DD}	Supply current (four amplifiers)	V_O = 0,	No load	25°C		0.85	1		0.85	1	
				Full range			1			1	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	V_O = ±1.9 V, C_L = 100 pF	R_L = 50 kΩ,	25°C	0.35	0.55		0.35	0.55		V/μs
				Full range	0.25			0.25			
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz		25°C		43			43		nV/√Hz
		f = 1 kHz		25°C		12			12		
$V_{N(PP)}$	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz		25°C		0.8			0.8		μV
		f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		25°C		1.3			1.3		
I_n	Equivalent input noise current			25°C		0.6			0.6		fA/√Hz
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	V_O = ±2.3 V, R_L = 50 kΩ, f = 20 kHz	A_V = 1	25°C		0.014%			0.014%		
			A_V = 10			0.024%			0.024%		
	Gain-bandwidth product	f =10 kHz, C_L = 100 pF	R_L = 50 kΩ,	25°C		0.73			0.73		MHz
B_{OM}	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_{O(PP)}$ = 4.6 V, R_L = 50 kΩ,	A_V = 1, C_L = 100 pF	25°C		70			70		kHz
t_s	Settling time	A_V = –1, Step = –2.3 V to 2.3 V, R_L = 50 kΩ, C_L = 100 pF	To 0.1%	25°C		7.1			7.1		μs
			To 0.01%			16.5			16.5		
ϕ_m	Phase margin at unity gain	R_L = 50 kΩ,	C_L = 100 pF	25°C		57°			57°		
	Gain margin			25°C		11			11		dB

† Full range is –40°C to 125°C.

TLC2262Q/M electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, V_{DD} = 5 V (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2262Q, TLC2262M			TLC2262AQ, TLC2262AM			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO}	Input offset voltage	$V_{DD\pm}$ = ±2.5 V, V_O = 0,	V_{IC} = 0, R_S = 50 Ω	25°C		300	2500		300	950	μV
				Full range			3000			1500	
α_{VIO}	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			Full range		5			5		μV/°C
	Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)			25°C		0.003			0.003		μV/mo
I_{IO}	Input offset current			25°C		0.5			0.5		pA
				125°C			800			800	
I_{IB}	Input bias current			25°C		1			1		pA
				125°C			800			800	
V_{ICR}	Common-mode input voltage range	R_S = 50 Ω,	$\lvert V_{IO}\rvert \le$ 5 mV	25°C	0 to 4	−0.3 to 4.2		0 to 4	−0.3 to 4.2		V
				Full range	0 to 3.5			0 to 3.5			
V_{OH}	High-level output voltage	I_{OH} = −20 μA		25°C		4.99			4.99		V
		I_{OH} = −100 μA		25°C	4.85	4.94		4.85	4.94		
				Full range	4.82			4.82			
		I_{OH} = −400 μA		25°C	4.7	4.85		4.7	4.85		
				Full range	4.5			4.5			
V_{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V_{IC} = 2.5 V,	I_{OL} = 50 μA	25°C		0.01			0.01		V
		V_{IC} = 2.5 V,	I_{OL} = 500 μA	25°C		0.09	0.15		0.09	0.15	
				Full range			0.15			0.15	
		V_{IC} = 2.5 V,	I_{OL} = 4 mA	25°C		0.8	1		0.7	1	
				Full range			1.2			1.2	
A_{VD}	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	V_{IC} = 2.5 V, V_O = 1 V to 4 V	R_L = 50 kΩ‡	25°C	80	100		80	170		V/mV
				Full range	50			50			
			R_L = 1 MΩ‡	25°C		550			550		
$r_{i(d)}$	Differential input resistance			25°C		10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω
$r_{i(c)}$	Common-mode input resistance			25°C		10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω
$c_{i(c)}$	Common-mode input capacitance	f = 10 kHz,	P package	25°C		8			8		pF
z_o	Closed-loop output impedance	f = 100 kHz,	A_V = 10	25°C		240			240		Ω
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V_{IC} = 0 to 2.7 V, R_S = 50 Ω	V_O = 2.5 V,	25°C	70	83		70	83		dB
				Full range	70			70			
k_{SVR}	Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO}$)	V_{DD} = 4.4 V to 16 V, V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2,	No load	25°C	80	95		80	95		dB
				Full range	80			80			
I_{DD}	Supply current	V_O = 2.5 V,	No load	25°C		400	500		400	500	μA
				Full range			500			500	

† Full range is −40°C to 125°C for Q suffix, − 55°C to 125°C for M suffix.
‡ Referenced to 2.5 V
NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at T_A = 150°C extrapolated to T_A = 25°C using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.

TLC2262Q/M operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, V_{DD} = 5 V

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2262Q, TLC2262M			TLC2262AQ, TLC2262AM			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	V_O = 0.5 V to 3.5 V, C_L = 100 pF‡	R_L = 50 kΩ‡,	25°C	0.35	0.55		0.35	0.55		V/μs
				Full range	0.25			0.25			
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz		25°C		40			40		nV/√Hz
		f = 1 kHz		25°C		12			12		
$V_{N(PP)}$	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz		25°C		0.7			0.7		μV
		f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		25°C		1.3			1.3		
I_n	Equivalent input noise current			25°C		0.6			0.6		fA√Hz
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	V_O = 0.5 V to 2.5 V, f = 20 kHz, R_L = 50 kΩ‡	A_V = 1	25°C		0.017%			0.017%		
			A_V = 10			0.03%			0.03%		
	Gain-bandwidth product	f = 50 kHz, C_L = 100 pF‡	R_L = 50 kΩ‡,	25°C		0.82			0.82		MHz
B_{OM}	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_{O(PP)}$ = 2 V, R_L = 50 kΩ‡,	A_V = 1, C_L = 100 pF‡	25°C		185			185		kHz
t_s	Settling time	A_V = –1, Step = 0.5 V to 2.5 V, R_L = 50 kΩ‡, C_L = 100 pF‡	To 0.1%	25°C		6.4			6.4		μs
			To 0.01%			14.1			14.1		
ϕ_m	Phase margin at unity gain	R_L = 50 kΩ‡,	C_L = 100 pF‡	25°C		56°			56°		
	Gain margin			25°C		11			11		dB

† Full range is –40°C to 125°C for Q suffix, – 55°C to 125°C for M suffix.
‡ Referenced to 2.5 V

TLC2262Q/M electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm}$ = ±5 V (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2262Q, TLC2262M			TLC2262AQ, TLC2262AM			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO}	Input offset voltage	V_{IC} = 0, R_S = 50 Ω	V_O = 0,	25°C		300	2500		300	950	μV
				Full range			3000			1500	
α_{VIO}	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			Full range		5			5		μV/°C
	Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)			25°C		0.003			0.003		μV/mo
I_{IO}	Input offset current			25°C		0.5			0.5		pA
				125°C			800			800	
I_{IB}	Input bias current			25°C		1			1		pA
				125°C			800			800	
V_{ICR}	Common-mode input voltage range	R_S = 50 Ω,	$\lvert V_{IO}\rvert \le$ 5 mV	25°C	−5 to 4	−5.3 to 4		−5 to 4	−5.3 to 4.2		V
				Full range	−5 to 3.5			−5 to 3.5			
V_{OM+}	Maximum positive peak output voltage	I_O = −20 μA		25°C		4.99			4.99		V
		I_O = −100 μA		25°C	4.85	4.94		4.85	4.94		
				Full range	4.82			4.82			
		I_O = −400 μA		25°C	4.7	4.85		4.7	4.85		
				Full range	4.5			4.5			
V_{OM-}	Maximum negative peak output voltage	V_{IC} = 0,	I_O = 50 μA	25°C		−4.99			−4.99		V
		V_{IC} = 0,	I_O = 500 μA	25°C	−4.85	−4.91		−4.85	−4.91		
				Full range	−4.85			−4.85			
		V_{IC} = 0,	I_O = 4 mA	25°C	−4	−4.3		−4	−4.3		
				Full range	−3.8			−3.8			
A_{VD}	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	V_O = ±4 V	R_L = 50 kΩ	25°C	80	200		80	200		V/mV
				Full range	50			50			
			R_L = 1 MΩ	25°C		1000			1000		
$r_{i(d)}$	Differential input resistance			25°C		10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω
$r_{i(c)}$	Common-mode input resistance			25°C		10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω
$c_{i(c)}$	Common-mode input capacitance	f = 10 kHz,	P package	25°C		8			8		pF
z_o	Closed-loop output impedance	f = 100 kHz,	A_V = 10	25°C		220			220		Ω
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V_{IC} = −5 V to 2.7 V, V_O = 0,	R_S = 50 Ω	25°C	75	88		75	88		dB
				Full range	75			75			
k_{SVR}	Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD\pm}/\Delta V_{IO}$)	V_{DD} = 4.4 V to 16 V, V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2, No load		25°C	80	95		80	95		dB
				Full range	80			80			
I_{DD}	Supply current	V_O = 0,	No load	25°C		425	500		425	500	μA
				Full range			500			500	

† Full range is −40°C to 125°C for Q suffix, −55°C to 125°C for M suffix.

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at T_A = 150°C extrapolated to T_A = 25°C using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.

TLC2262Q/M operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm}$ = ±5 V

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2262Q, TLC2262M			TLC2262AQ, TLC2262AM			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	V_O = ±2 V, C_L = 100 pF	R_L = 50 kΩ,	25°C	0.35	0.55		0.35	0.55		V/μs
				Full range	0.25			0.25			
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz		25°C		43			43		nV/√Hz
		f = 1 kHz		25°C		12			12		
$V_{N(PP)}$	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz		25°C		0.8			0.8		μV
		f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		25°C		1.3			1.3		
I_n	Equivalent input noise current			25°C		0.6			0.6		fA√Hz
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	V_O = ±2.3 V, R_L = 50 kΩ, f = 20 kHz	A_V = 1	25°C		0.014%			0.014%		
			A_V = 10			0.024%			0.024%		
	Gain-bandwidth product	f =10 kHz, C_L = 100 pF	R_L = 50 kΩ,	25°C		0.73			0.73		MHz
B_{OM}	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_{O(PP)}$ = 4.6 V, R_L = 50 kΩ,	A_V = 1, C_L = 100 pF	25°C		85			85		kHz
t_s	Settling time	A_V = −1, Step = −2.3 V to 2.3 V, R_L = 50 kΩ, C_L = 100 pF	To 0.1%	25°C		7.1			7.1		μs
			To 0.01%			16.5			16.5		
ϕ_m	Phase margin at unity gain	R_L = 50 kΩ,	C_L = 100 pF	25°C		57°			57°		
	Gain margin			25°C		11			11		dB

† Full range is −40°C to 125°C for Q suffix, − 55°C to 125°C for M suffix.

TLC2264Q/M electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, V_{DD} = 5 V (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2264Q, TLC2264M			TLC2264AQ, TLC2264AM			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO}	Input offset voltage	$V_{DD\pm}$ = ±2.5 V, V_O = 0,	V_{IC} = 0, R_S = 50 Ω	25°C		300	2500		300	950	μV
				Full range			3000			1500	
α_{VIO}	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			Full range		2			2		μV/°C
	Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)			25°C		0.003			0.003		μV/mo
I_{IO}	Input offset current			25°C		0.5			0.5		pA
				125°C			800			800	
I_{IB}	Input bias current			25°C		1			1		pA
				125°C			800			800	
V_{ICR}	Common-mode input voltage range	R_S = 50 Ω,	$\lvert V_{IO}\rvert \le$ 5 mV	25°C	0 to 4	−0.3 to 4.2		0 to 4	−0.3 to 4.2		V
				Full range	0 to 3.5			0 to 3.5			
V_{OH}	High-level output voltage	I_{OH} = −20 μA		25°C		4.99			4.99		V
		I_{OH} = −100 μA		25°C	4.85	4.94		4.85	4.94		
				Full range	4.82			4.82			
		I_{OH} = −400 μA		25°C	4.7	4.85		4.7	4.85		
				Full range	4.5			4.5			
V_{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V_{IC} = 2.5 V,	I_{OL} = 50 μA	25°C		0.01			0.01		V
		V_{IC} = 2.5 V,	I_{OL} = 500 μA	25°C		0.09	0.15		0.09	0.15	
				Full range			0.15			0.15	
		V_{IC} = 2.5 V,	I_{OL} = 4 mA	25°C		0.8	1		0.7	1	
				Full range			1.2			1.2	
A_{VD}	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	V_{IC} = 2.5 V, V_O = 1 V to 4 V	R_L = 50 kΩ‡	25°C	80	100		80	170		V/mV
				Full range	50			50			
			R_L = 1 MΩ‡	25°C		550			550		
$r_{i(d)}$	Differential input resistance			25°C		10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω
$r_{i(c)}$	Common-mode input resistance			25°C		10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω
$c_{i(c)}$	Common-mode input capacitance	f = 10 kHz,	N package	25°C		8			8		pF
z_o	Closed-loop output impedance	f = 100 kHz,	A_V = 10	25°C		240			240		Ω
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V_{IC} = 0 to 2.7 V, R_S = 50 Ω	V_O = 2.5 V,	25°C	70	83		70	83		dB
				Full range	70			70			
k_{SVR}	Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO}$)	V_{DD} = 4.4 V to 16 V,		25°C	80	95		80	95		dB
I_{DD}	Supply current (four amplifiers)	V_O = 2.5 V,	No load	25°C		0.8	1		0.8	1	mA
				Full range			1			1	

† Full range is −40°C to 125°C for Q suffix, −55°C to 125°C for M suffix.
‡ Referenced to 2.5 V
NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at T_A = 150°C extrapolated to T_A = 25°C using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.

TLC2264Q/M operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, V_{DD} = 5 V

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2264Q, TLC2264M			TLC2264AQ, TLC2264AM			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	V_O = 0.5 V to 3.5 V, C_L = 100 pF‡	R_L = 50 kΩ‡,	25°C	0.35	0.55		0.35	0.55		V/μs
				Full range	0.25			0.25			
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz		25°C		40			40		nV/√Hz
		f = 1 kHz		25°C		12			12		
$V_{N(PP)}$	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz		25°C		0.7			0.7		μV
		f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		25°C		1.3			1.3		
I_n	Equivalent input noise current			25°C		0.6			0.6		fA/√Hz
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	V_O = 0.5 V to 2.5 V, f = 20 kHz, R_L = 50 kΩ‡	A_V = 1	25°C		0.017%			0.017%		
			A_V = 10			0.03%			0.03%		
	Gain-bandwidth product	f = 50 kHz, C_L = 100 pF‡	R_L = 50 kΩ‡,	25°C		0.71			0.71		MHz
B_{OM}	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_{O(PP)}$ = 2 V, R_L = 50 kΩ‡,	A_V = 1, C_L = 100 pF‡	25°C		185			185		kHz
t_s	Settling time	A_V = –1, Step = 0.5 V to 2.5 V, R_L = 50 kΩ‡, C_L = 100 pF‡	To 0.1%	25°C		6.4			6.4		μs
			To 0.01%			14.1			14.1		
ϕ_m	Phase margin at unity gain	R_L = 50 kΩ‡,	C_L = 100 pF‡	25°C		56°			56°		
	Gain margin			25°C		11			11		dB

† Full range is –40°C to 125°C for Q suffix, – 55°C to 125°C for M suffix.
‡ Referenced to 2.5 V

TLC2264Q/M electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm}$ = ±5 V (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2264Q, TLC2264M			TLC2264AQ, TLC2264AM			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO}	Input offset voltage	V_{IC} = 0, R_S = 50 Ω	V_O = 0,	25°C		300	2500		300	950	µV
				Full range			3000			1500	
α_{VIO}	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			Full range		2			2		µV/°C
	Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)			25°C		0.003			0.003		µV/mo
I_{IO}	Input offset current			25°C		0.5			0.5		pA
				125°C			800			800	
I_{IB}	Input bias current			25°C		1			1		pA
				125°C			800			800	
V_{ICR}	Common-mode input voltage range	R_S = 50 Ω, $\lvert V_{IO}\rvert \le$ 5 mV		25°C	−5 to 4	−5.3 to 4.2		−5 to 4	−5.3 to 4.2		V
				Full range	−5 to 3.5			−5 to 3.5			
V_{OM+}	Maximum positive peak output voltage	I_O = −20 µA		25°C		4.99			4.99		V
		I_O = −100 µA		25°C	4.85	4.94		4.85	4.94		
				Full range	4.82			4.82			
		I_O = −400 µA		25°C	4.7	4.85		4.7	4.85		
				Full range	4.5			4.5			
V_{OM-}	Maximum negative peak output voltage	V_{IC} = 0,	I_O = 50 µA	25°C		−4.99			−4.99		V
		V_{IC} = 0,	I_O = 500 µA	25°C	−4.85	−4.91		−4.85	−4.91		
				Full range	−4.85			−4.85			
		V_{IC} = 0,	I_O = 4 mA	25°C	−4	−4.3		−4	−4.3		
				Full range	−3.8			−3.8			
A_{VD}	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	V_O = ±4 V	R_L = 50 kΩ	25°C	80	200		80	200		V/mV
				Full range	50			50			
			R_L = 1 MΩ	25°C		1000			1000		
$r_{i(d)}$	Differential input resistance			25°C		10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω
$r_{i(c)}$	Common-mode input resistance			25°C		10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω
$c_{i(c)}$	Common-mode input capacitance	f = 10 kHz,	N package	25°C		8			8		pF
z_o	Closed-loop output impedance	f = 100 kHz,	A_V = 10	25°C		220			220		Ω
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V_{IC} = −5 V to 2.7 V,		25°C	75	88		75	88		dB
		V_O = 0,	R_S = 50 Ω	Full range	75			75			
k_{SVR}	Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD\pm}/\Delta V_{IO}$)	$V_{DD\pm}$ = ±2.2 V to ±8 V,		25°C	80	95		80	95		dB
		V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2,	No load	Full range	80			80			
I_{DD}	Supply current (four amplifiers)	V_O = 0,	No load	25°C		0.85	1		0.85	1	mA
				Full range			1			1	

† Full range is −40°C to 125°C for Q suffix, −55°C to 125°C for M suffix.

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at T_A = 150°C extrapolated to T_A = 25°C using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.

TLC2264Q/M operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm}$ = ±5 V

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A†	TLC2264Q, TLC2264M			TLC2264AQ, TLC2264AM			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	V_O = ±2 V, C_L = 100 pF	R_L = 50 kΩ,	25°C	0.35	0.55		0.35	0.55		V/μs
				Full range	0.25			0.25			
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz		25°C		43			43		nV/√Hz
		f = 1 kHz		25°C		12			12		
$V_{N(PP)}$	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz		25°C		0.8			0.8		μV
		f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		25°C		1.3			1.3		
I_n	Equivalent input noise current			25°C		0.6			0.6		fA/√Hz
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	V_O = ±2.3 V, R_L = 50 kΩ, f = 20 kHz	A_V = 1	25°C		0.014%			0.014%		
			A_V = 10			0.024%			0.024%		
	Gain-bandwidth product	f =10 kHz, C_L = 100 pF	R_L = 50 kΩ,	25°C		0.73			0.73		MHz
B_{OM}	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_{O(PP)}$ = 4.6 V, R_L = 50 kΩ,	A_V = 1, C_L = 100 pF	25°C		70			70		kHz
t_s	Settling time	A_V = –1, Step = –2.3 V to 2.3 V, R_L = 50 kΩ, C_L = 100 pF	To 0.1%	25°C		7.1			7.1		μs
			To 0.01%			16.5			16.5		
ϕ_m	Phase margin at unity gain	R_L = 50 kΩ,	C_L = 100 pF	25°C		57°			57°		
	Gain margin			25°C		11			11		dB

† Full range is –40°C to 125°C for Q suffix, – 55°C to 125°C for M suffix.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Table of Graphs

			FIGURE
V_{IO}	Input offset voltage	Distribution vs Common-mode input voltage	2 – 5 6, 7
α_{VIO}	Input offset voltage temperature coefficient	Distribution	8 – 11
I_{IB}/I_{IO}	Input bias and input offset currents	vs Free-air temperature	12
V_I	Input voltage range	vs Supply voltage vs Free-air temperature	13 14
V_{OH}	High-level output voltage	vs High-level output current	15
V_{OL}	Low-level output voltage	vs Low-level output current	16, 17
V_{OM+}	Maximum positive output voltage	vs Output current	18
V_{OM-}	Maximum negative output voltage	vs Output current	19
$V_{O(PP)}$	Maximum peak-to-peak output voltage	vs Frequency	20
I_{OS}	Short-circuit output current	vs Supply voltage vs Free-air temperature	21 22
V_O	Output voltage	vs Differential input voltage	23, 24
	Differential gain	vs Load resistance	25
A_{VD}	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	vs Frequency vs Free-air temperature	26, 27 28, 29
z_o	Output impedance	vs Frequency	30, 31
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	vs Frequency vs Free-air temperature	32 33
k_{SVR}	Supply-voltage rejection ratio	vs Frequency vs Free-air temperature	34, 35 36
I_{DD}	Supply current	vs Supply voltage vs Free-air temperature	37, 38 39, 40
SR	Slew rate	vs Load capacitance vs Free-air temperature	41 42
V_O	Inverting large-signal pulse response		43, 44
	Voltage-follower large-signal pulse response		45, 46
	Inverting small-signal pulse response		47, 48
	Voltage-follower small-signal pulse response		49, 50
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage	vs Frequency	51, 52
	Noise voltage (referred to input)	Over a 10-second period	53
	Integrated noise voltage	vs Frequency	54
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	vs Frequency	55
	Gain-bandwidth product	vs Supply voltage vs Free-air temperature	56 57
ϕ_m	Phase margin	vs Frequency vs Load capacitance	26, 27 58
	Gain margin	vs Load capacitance	59
B_1	Unity-gain bandwidth	vs Load capacitance	60
	Overestimation of phase margin	vs Load capacitance	61

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

**DISTRIBUTION OF TLC2262
INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE**

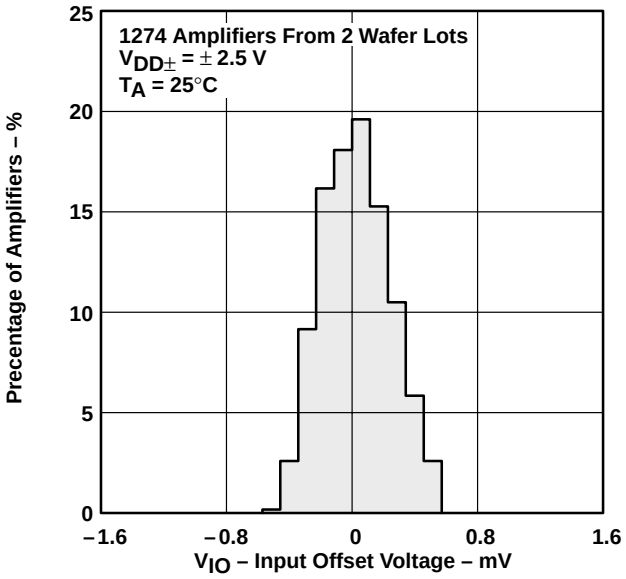


Figure 2

**DISTRIBUTION OF TLC2262
INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE**

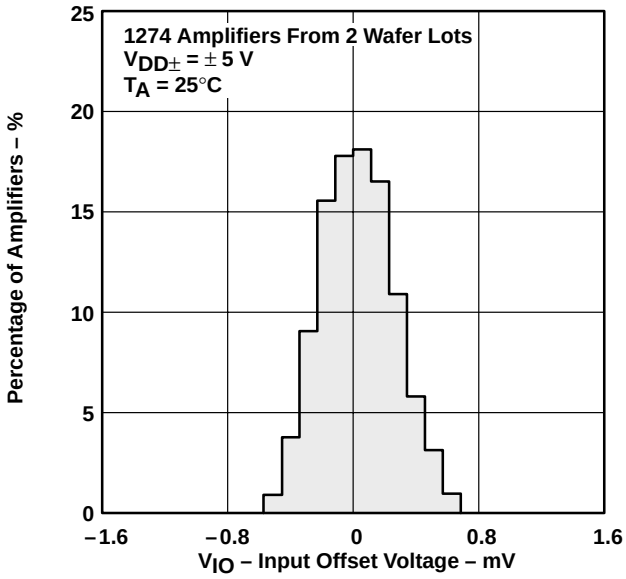


Figure 3

**DISTRIBUTION OF TLC2264
INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE**

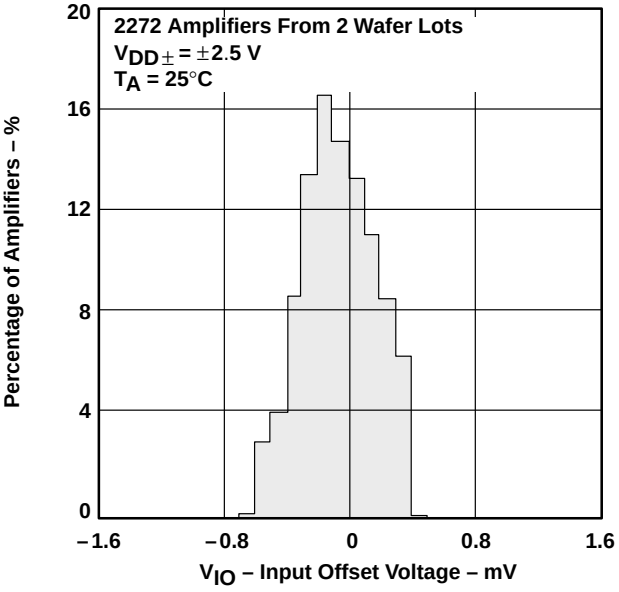


Figure 4

**DISTRIBUTION OF TLC2264
INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE**

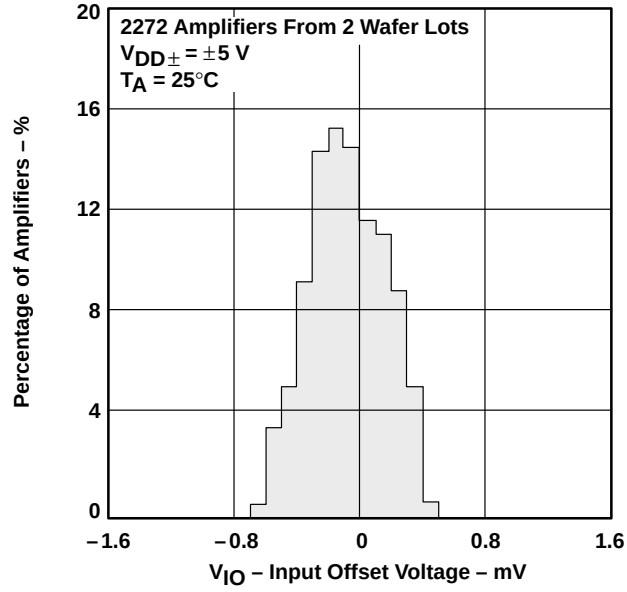
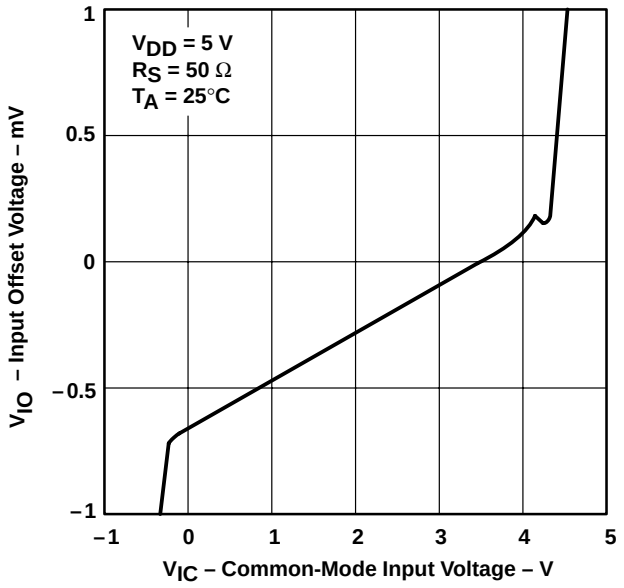


Figure 5

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE vs COMMON-MODE INPUT VOLTAGE



† For curves where V_{DD} = 5 V, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

Figure 6

INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE vs COMMON-MODE INPUT VOLTAGE

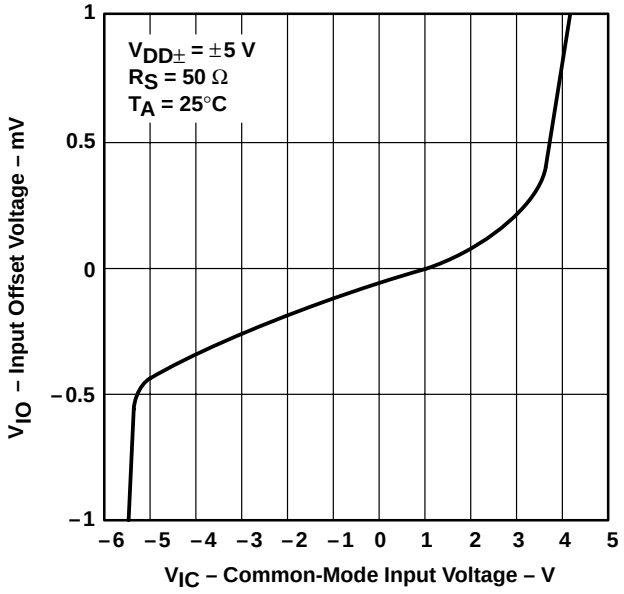


Figure 7

DISTRIBUTION OF TLC2262 INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT†

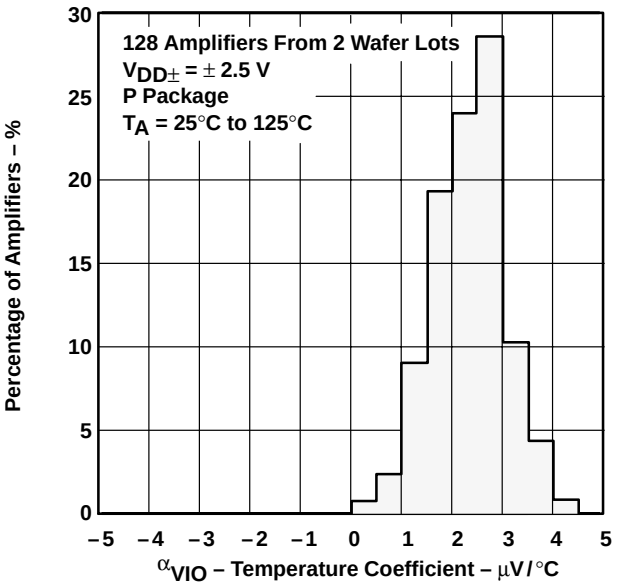


Figure 8

DISTRIBUTION OF TLC2262 INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT†

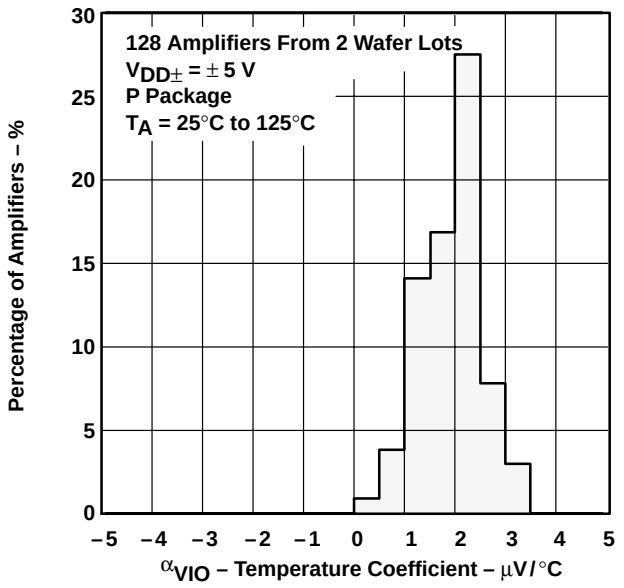


Figure 9

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DISTRIBUTION OF TLC2264 INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT†

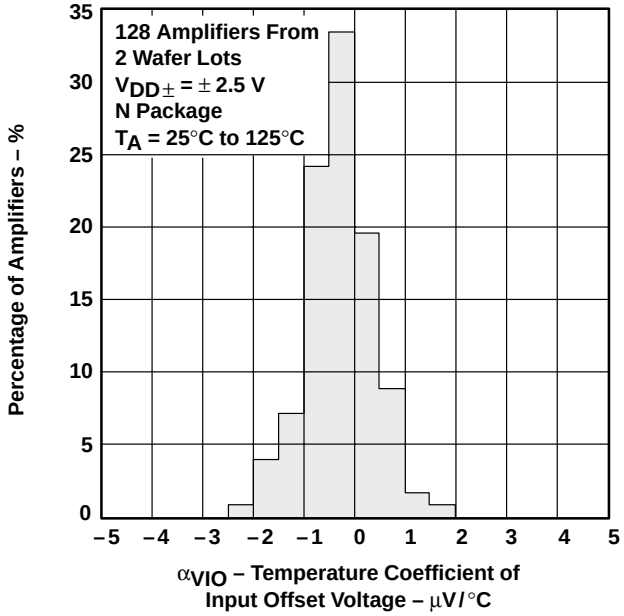


Figure 10

DISTRIBUTION OF TLC2264 INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT†

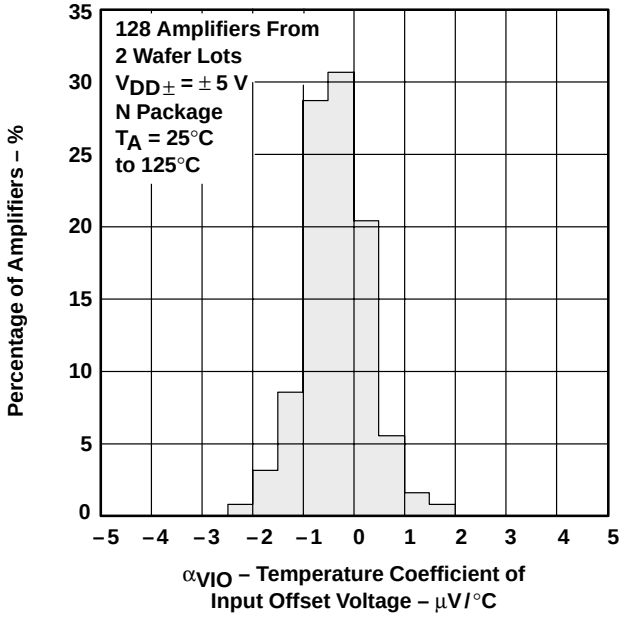


Figure 11

INPUT BIAS AND INPUT OFFSET CURRENTS† vs FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

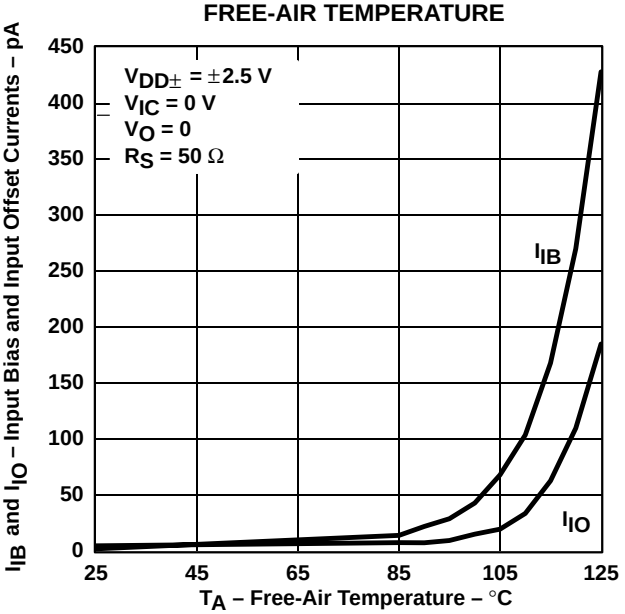


Figure 12

INPUT VOLTAGE RANGE vs SUPPLY VOLTAGE

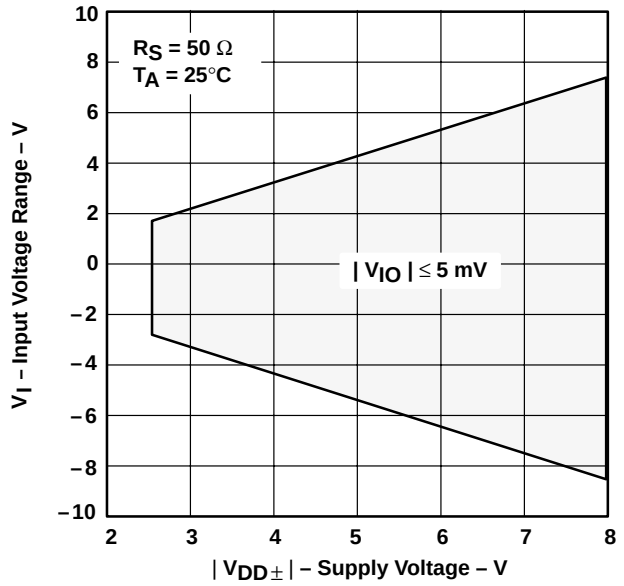


Figure 13

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

INPUT VOLTAGE RANGE†‡ vs FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

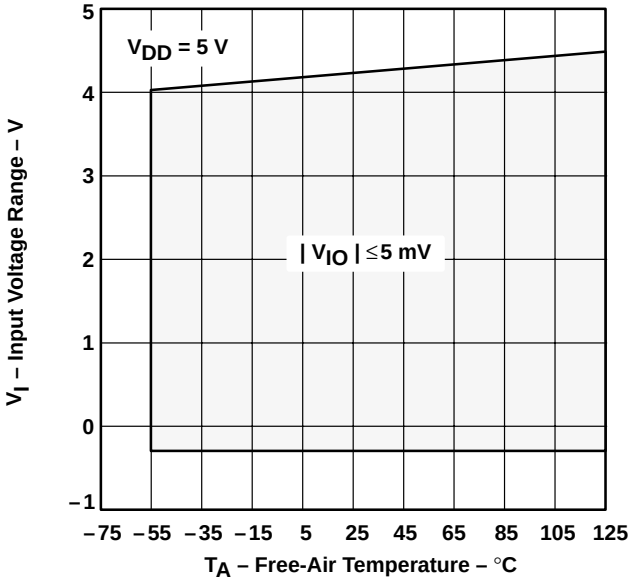


Figure 14

HIGH-LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE†‡ vs HIGH-LEVEL OUTPUT CURRENT

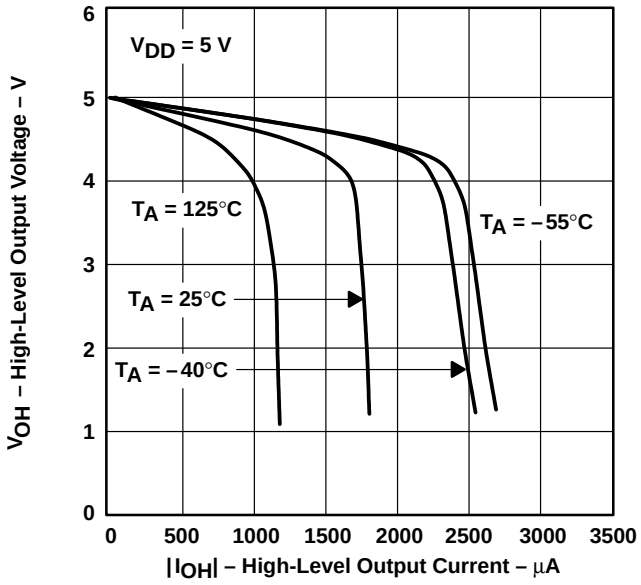


Figure 15

LOW-LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE‡ vs LOW-LEVEL OUTPUT CURRENT

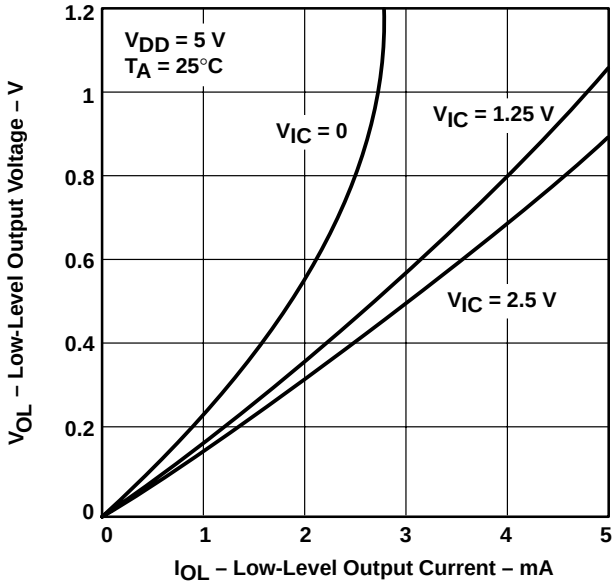


Figure 16

LOW-LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE†‡ vs LOW-LEVEL OUTPUT CURRENT

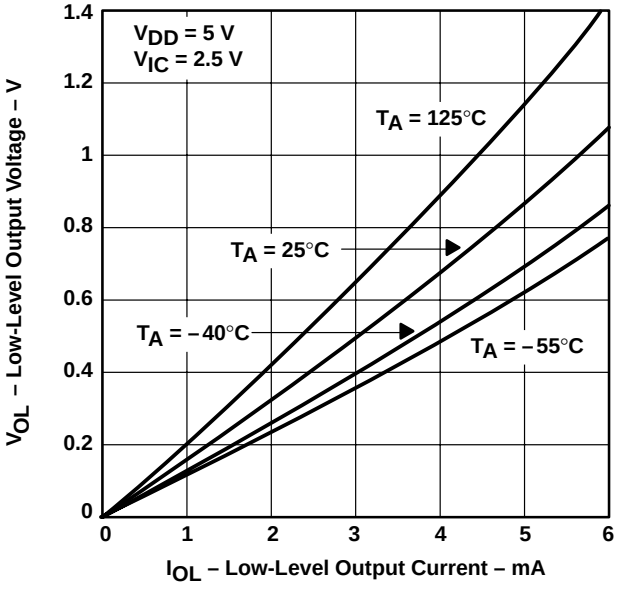


Figure 17

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.
‡ For curves where V_{DD} = 5 V, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

MAXIMUM POSITIVE OUTPUT VOLTAGE† vs OUTPUT CURRENT

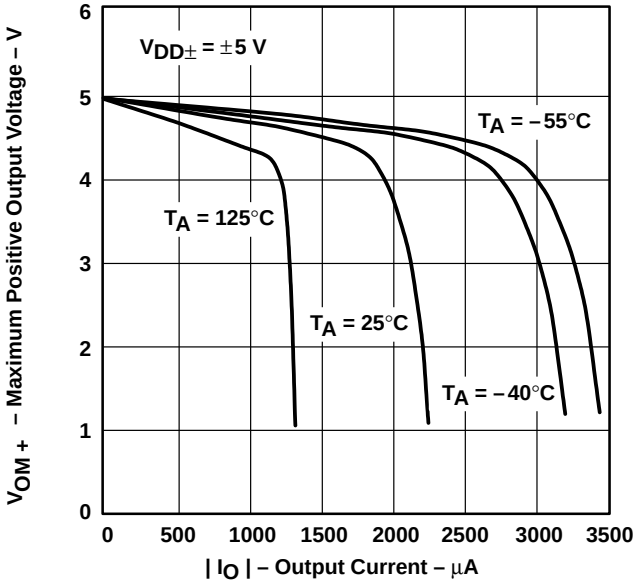


Figure 18

MAXIMUM NEGATIVE OUTPUT VOLTAGE† vs OUTPUT CURRENT

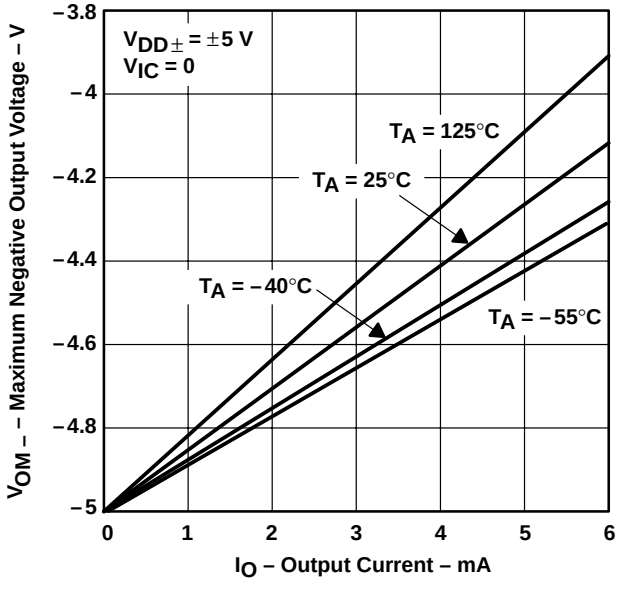
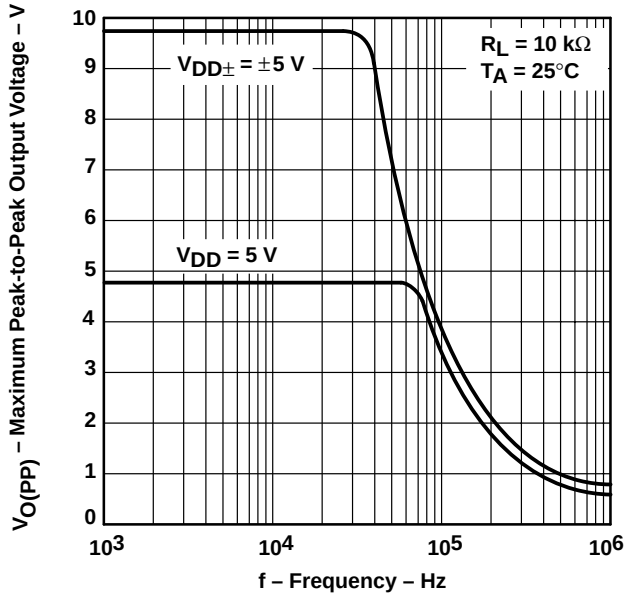


Figure 19

MAXIMUM PEAK-TO-PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE†‡ vs FREQUENCY



‡ For curves where V_{DD} = 5 V, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

Figure 20

SHORT-CIRCUIT OUTPUT CURRENT vs SUPPLY VOLTAGE

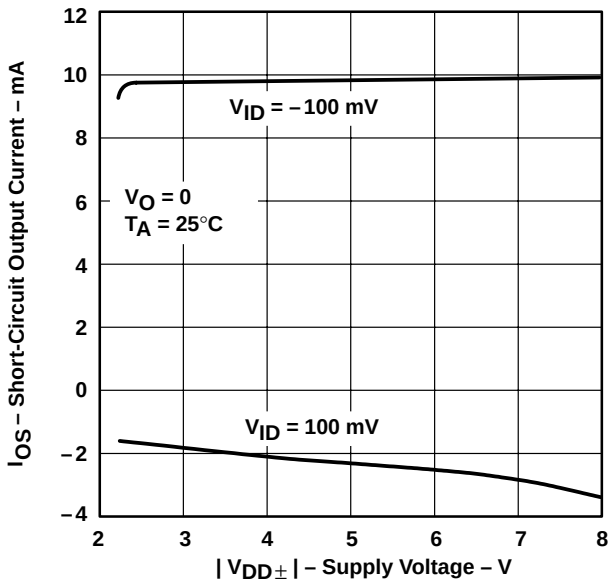


Figure 21

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SHORT-CIRCUIT OUTPUT CURRENT† vs FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

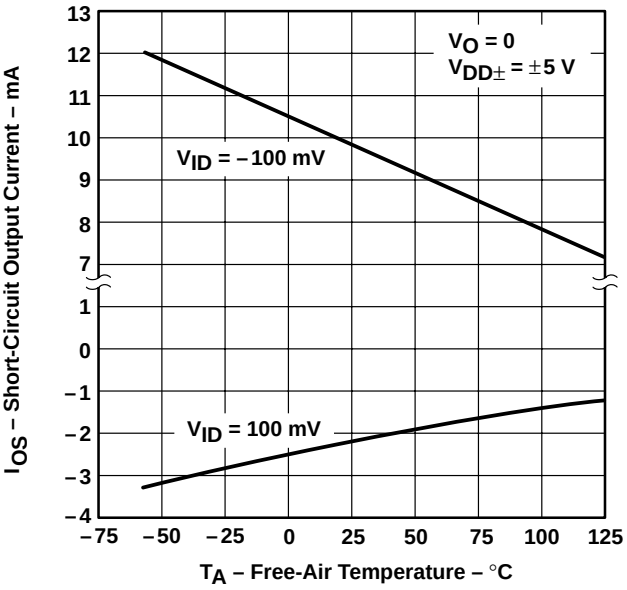


Figure 22

OUTPUT VOLTAGE‡ vs DIFFERENTIAL INPUT VOLTAGE

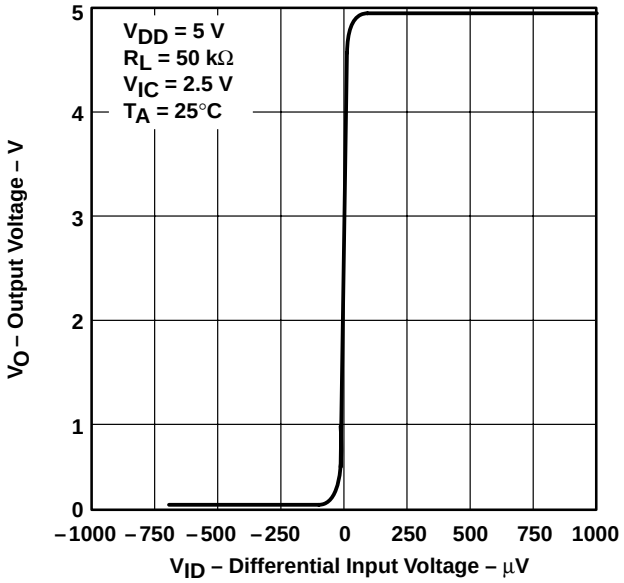


Figure 23

OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs DIFFERENTIAL INPUT VOLTAGE

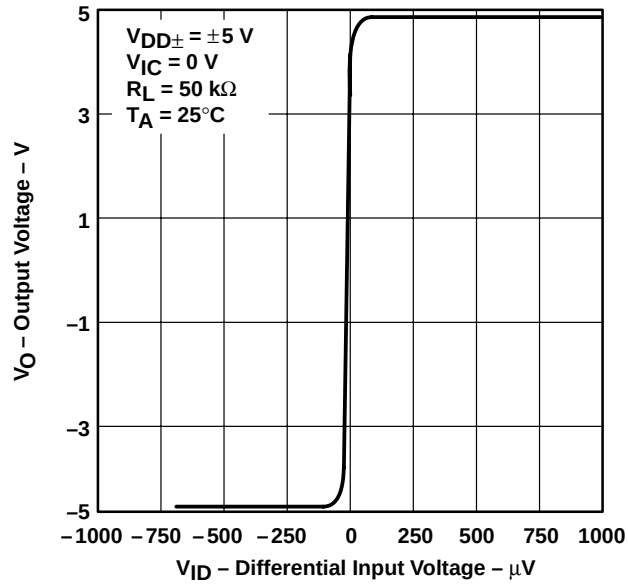


Figure 24

DIFFERENTIAL GAIN‡ vs LOAD RESISTANCE

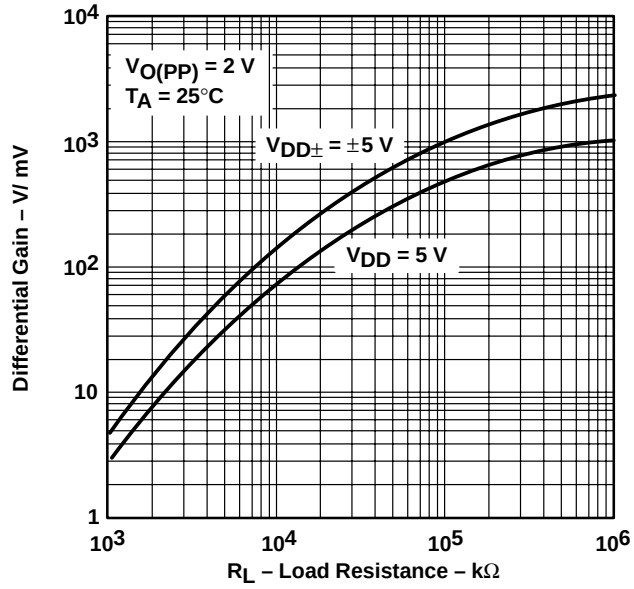
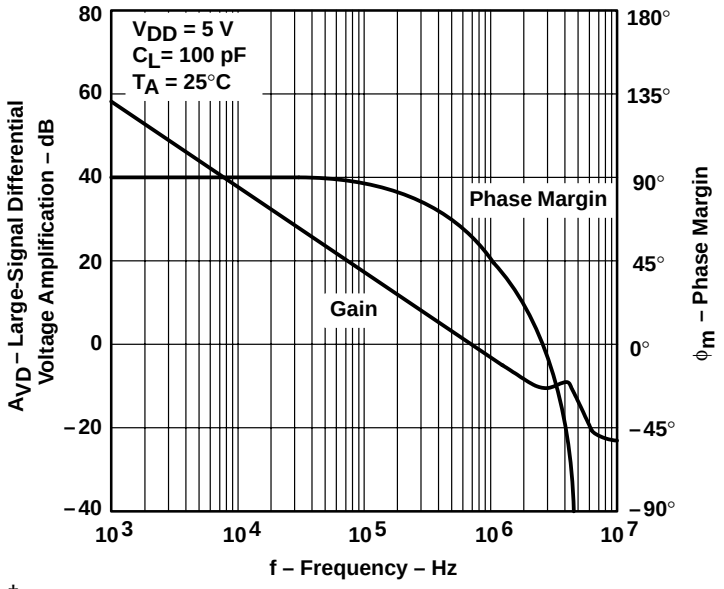


Figure 25

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.
‡ For curves where V_{DD} = 5 V, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

LARGE-SIGNAL DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE† AMPLIFICATION AND PHASE MARGIN vs FREQUENCY



† For curves where V_{DD} = 5 V, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

Figure 26

LARGE-SIGNAL DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION AND PHASE MARGIN vs FREQUENCY

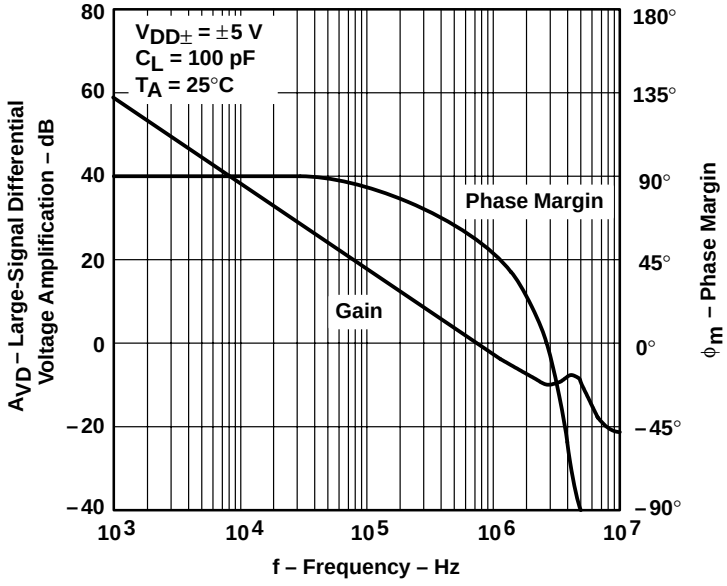


Figure 27

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

LARGE-SIGNAL DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION†‡ vs FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

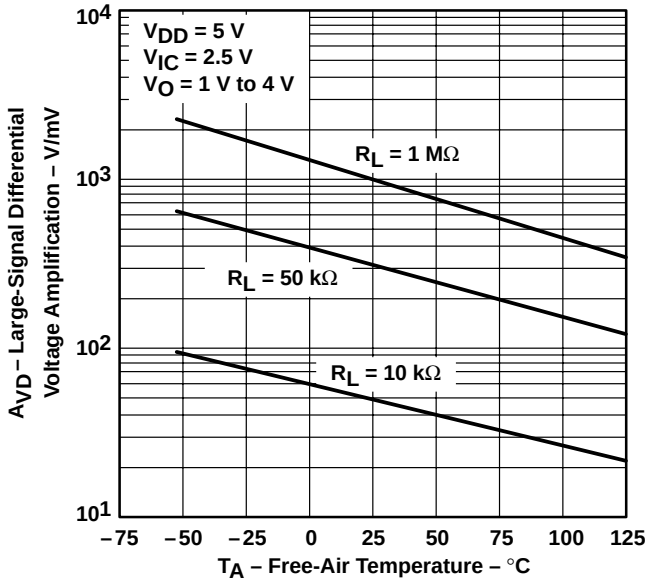


Figure 28

LARGE-SIGNAL DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION† vs FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

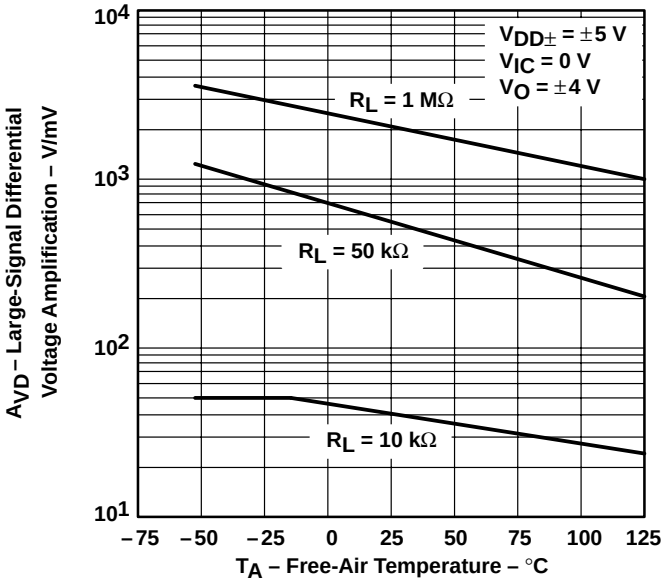


Figure 29

OUTPUT IMPEDANCE‡ vs FREQUENCY

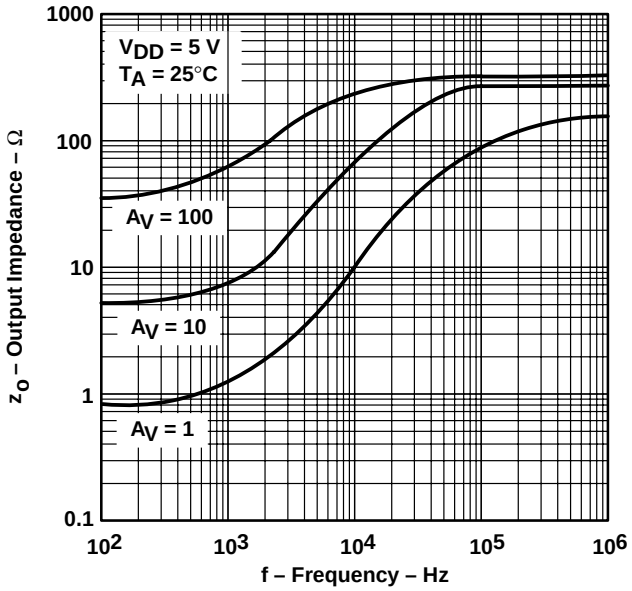


Figure 30

OUTPUT IMPEDANCE vs FREQUENCY

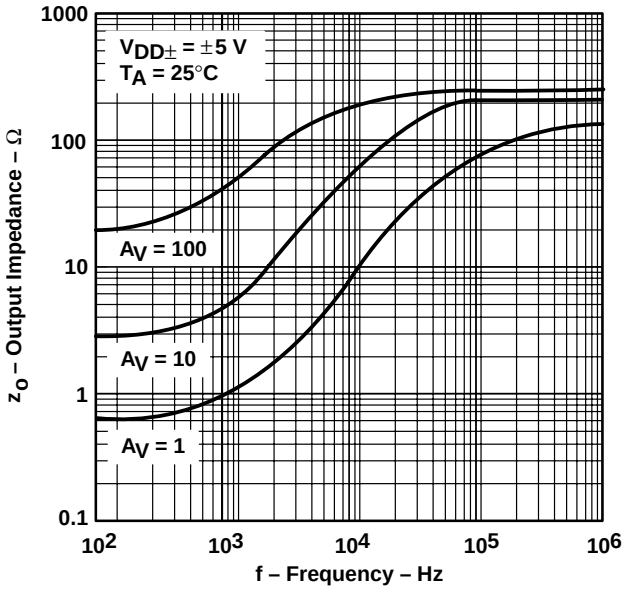


Figure 31

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.
‡ For curves where V_{DD} = 5 V, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

COMMON-MODE REJECTION RATIO† vs FREQUENCY

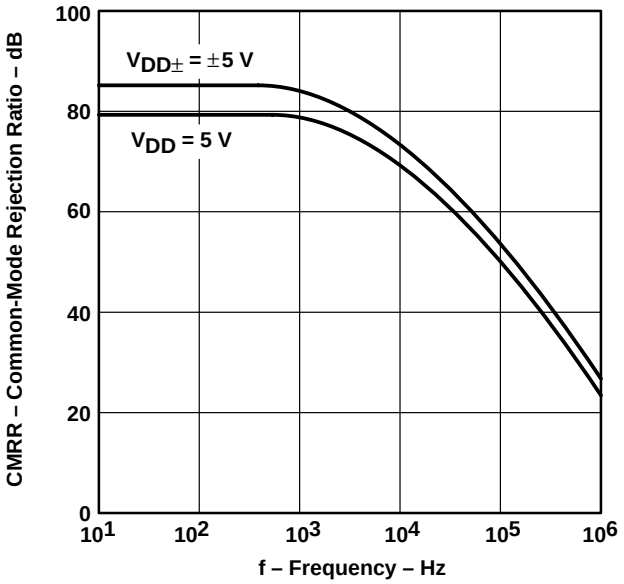


Figure 32

COMMON-MODE REJECTION RATIO†‡ vs FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

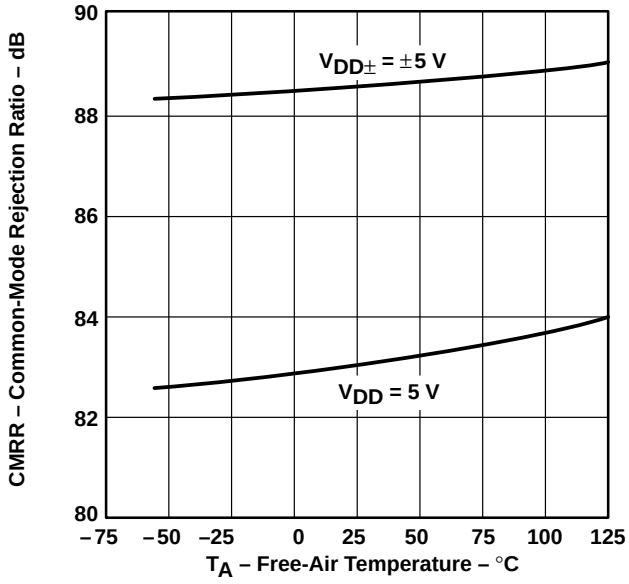


Figure 33

SUPPLY-VOLTAGE REJECTION RATIO† vs FREQUENCY

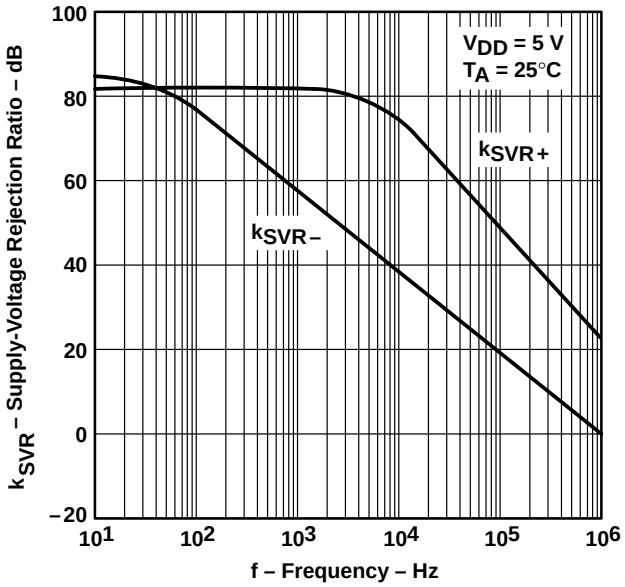


Figure 34

SUPPLY-VOLTAGE REJECTION RATIO vs FREQUENCY

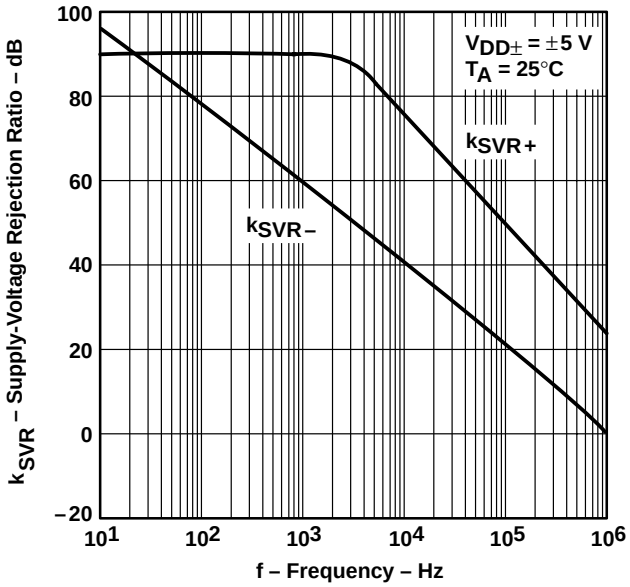


Figure 35

† For curves where V_{DD} = 5 V, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.
‡ Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SUPPLY-VOLTAGE REJECTION RATIO†
vs
FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

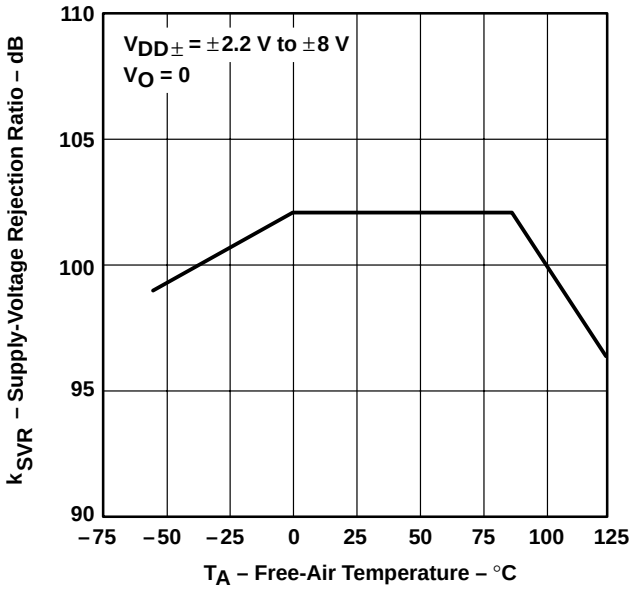


Figure 36

TLC2262
SUPPLY CURRENT†
vs
SUPPLY VOLTAGE

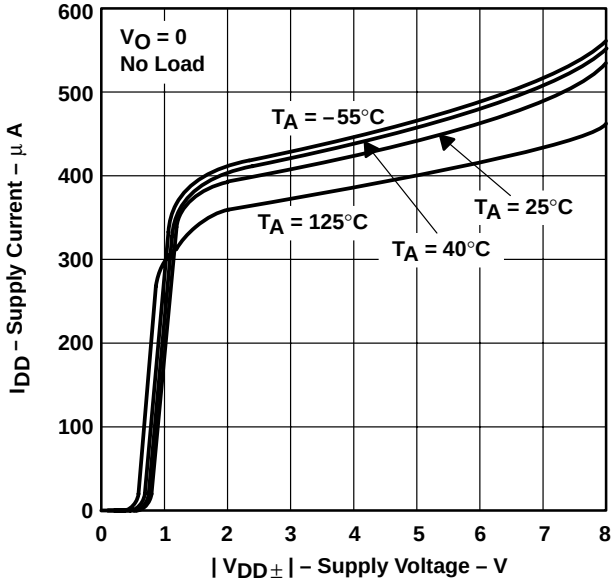


Figure 37

TLC2264
SUPPLY CURRENT†
vs
SUPPLY VOLTAGE

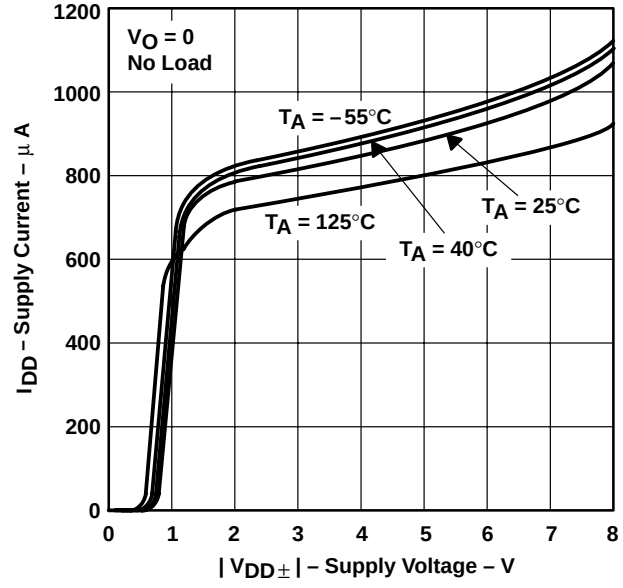


Figure 38

TLC2262
SUPPLY CURRENT†‡
vs
FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

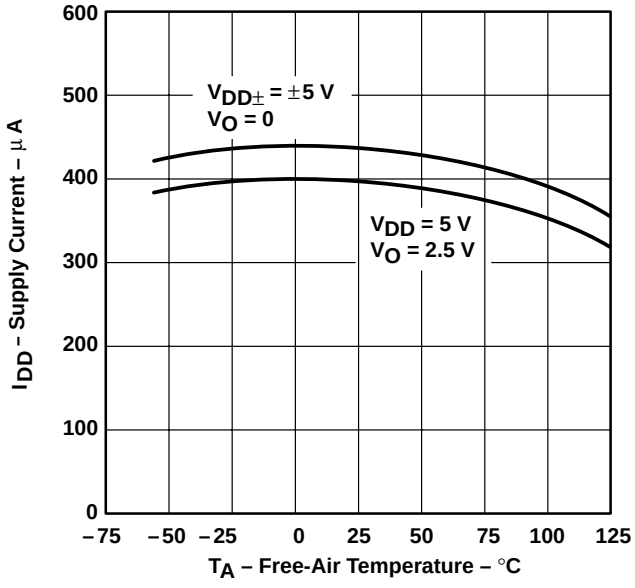


Figure 39

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.
‡ For curves where V_{DD} = 5 V, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

TLC2264
SUPPLY CURRENT †‡
vs
FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

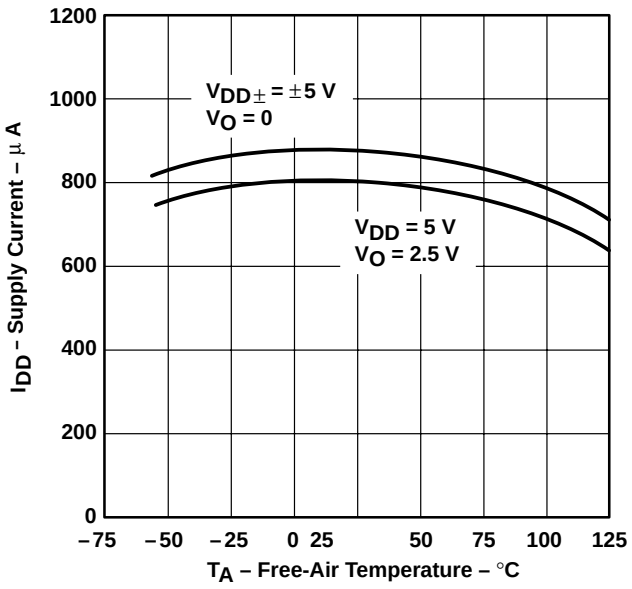


Figure 40

SLEW RATE‡
vs
LOAD CAPACITANCE

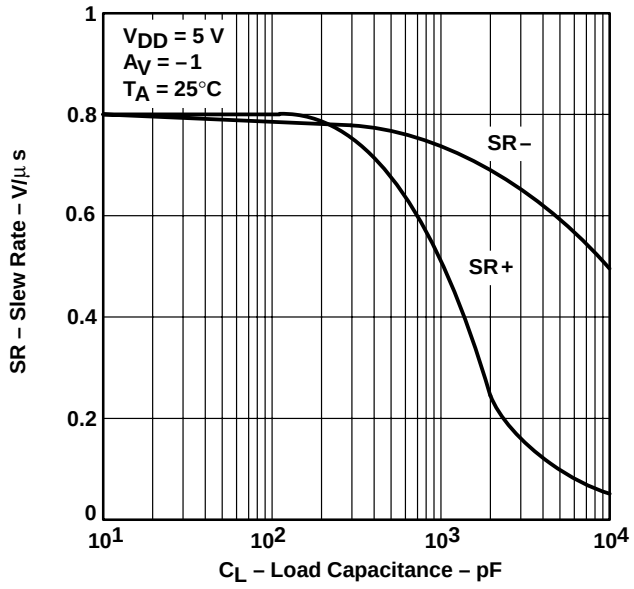


Figure 41

SLEW RATE†‡
vs
FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

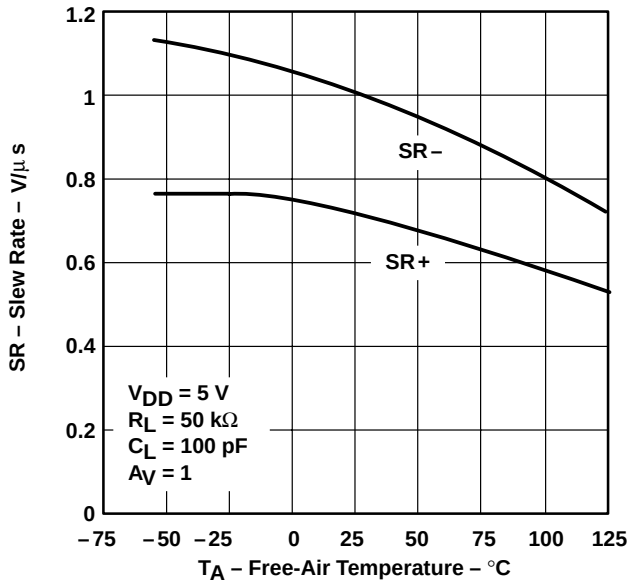


Figure 42

INVERTING LARGE-SIGNAL PULSE
RESPONSE‡

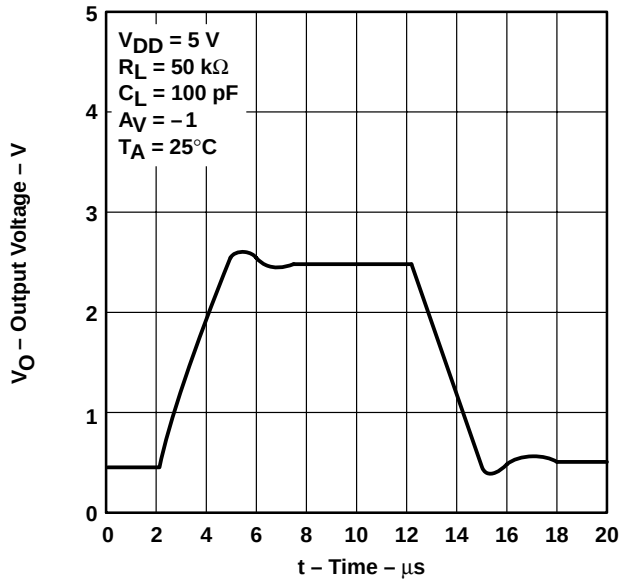


Figure 43

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.
‡ For curves where V_{DD} = 5 V, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

INVERTING LARGE-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE

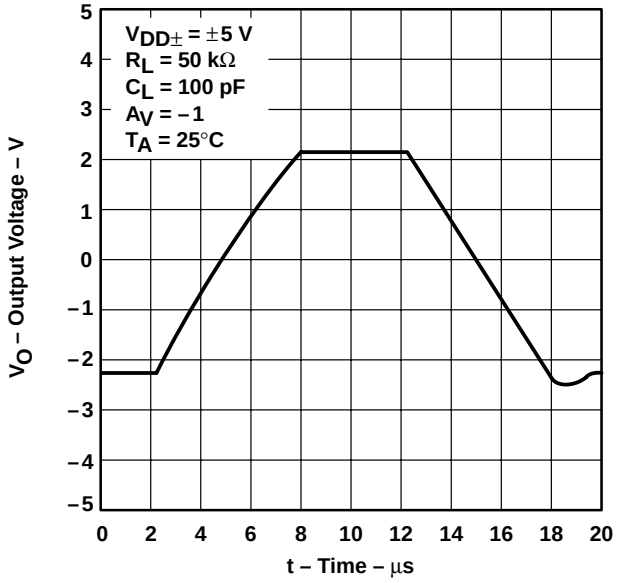


Figure 44

VOLTAGE-FOLLOWER LARGE-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE†

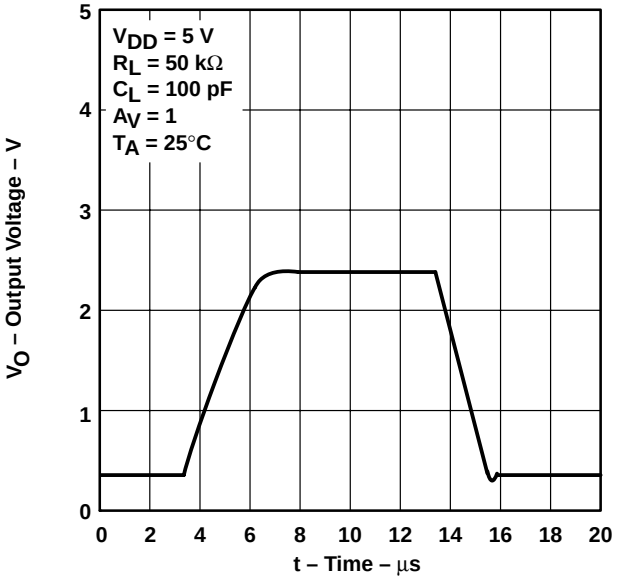


Figure 45

VOLTAGE-FOLLOWER LARGE-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE

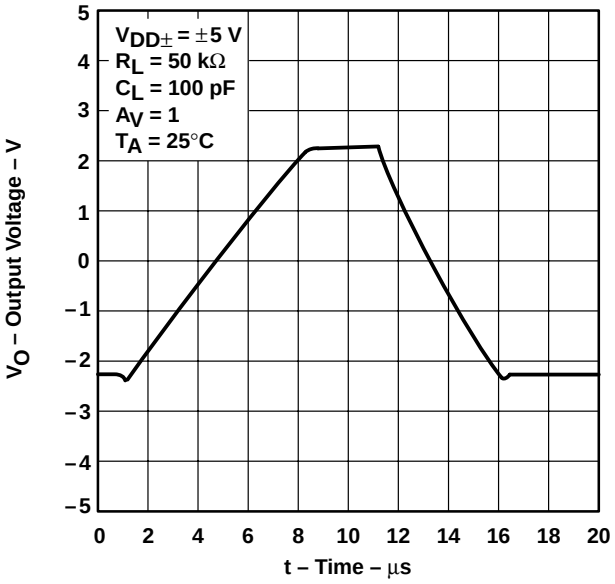


Figure 46

INVERTING SMALL-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE†

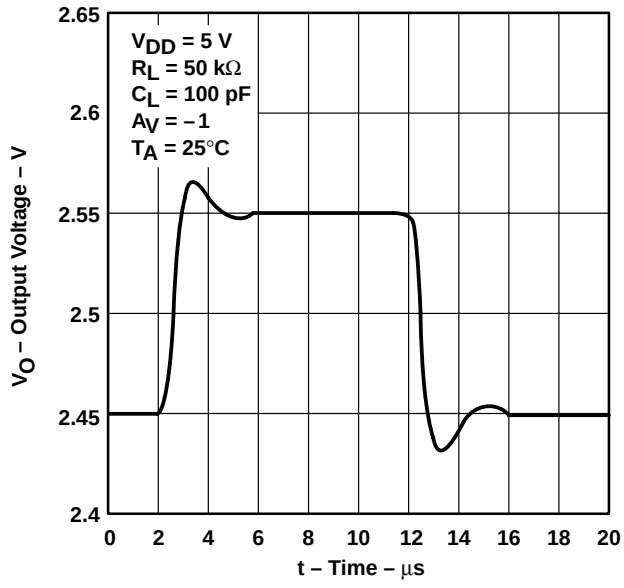


Figure 47

† For curves where V_{DD} = 5 V, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

INVERTING SMALL-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE

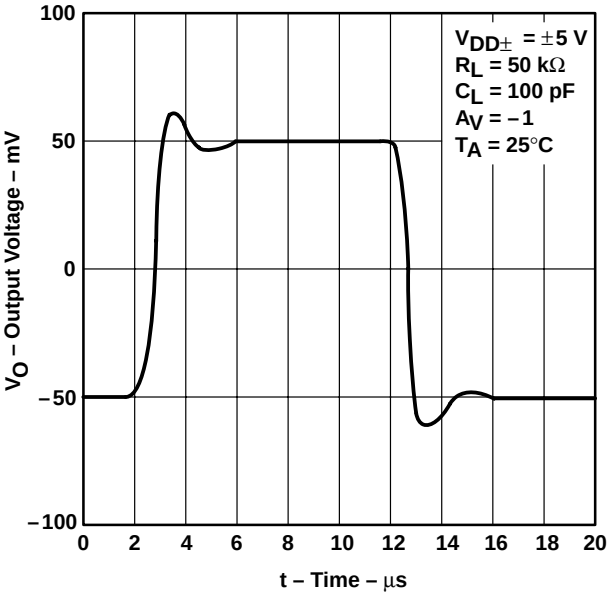


Figure 48

VOLTAGE-FOLLOWER SMALL-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE†

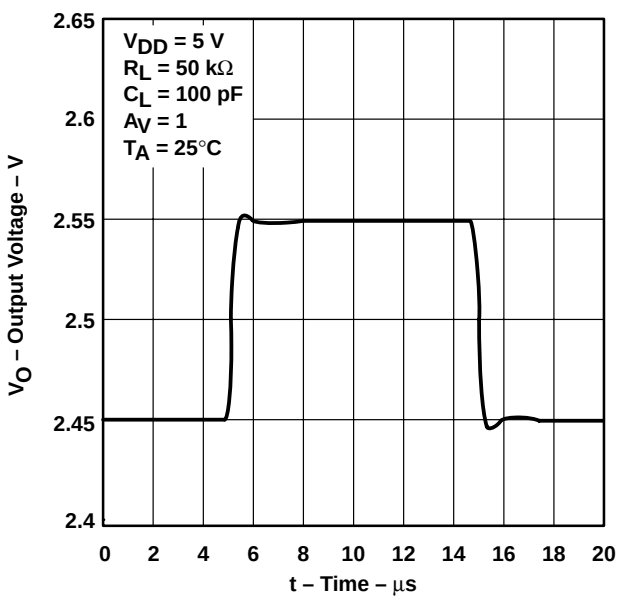


Figure 49

VOLTAGE-FOLLOWER SMALL-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE

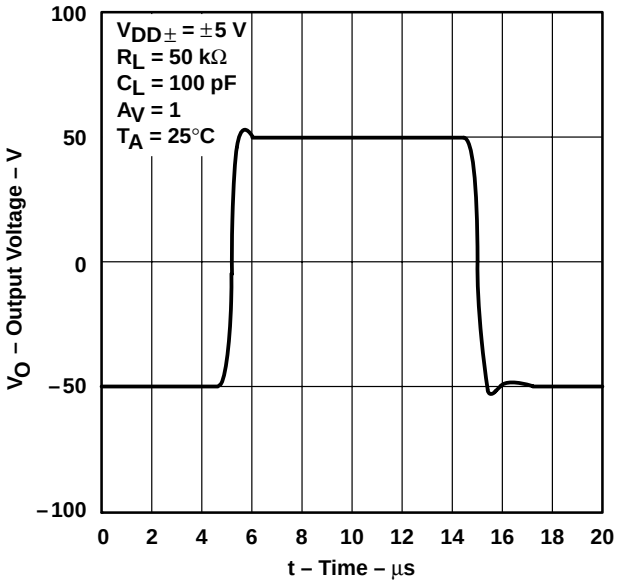


Figure 50

EQUIVALENT INPUT NOISE VOLTAGE† vs FREQUENCY

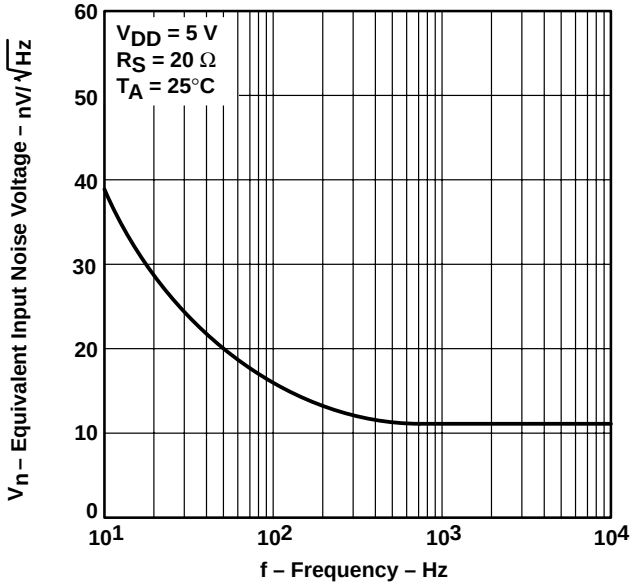


Figure 51

† For curves where V_{DD} = 5 V, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

EQUIVALENT INPUT NOISE VOLTAGE vs FREQUENCY

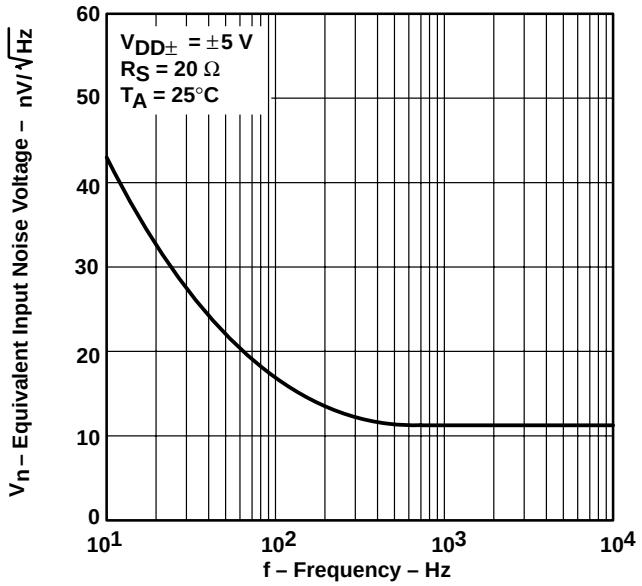


Figure 52

EQUIVALENT INPUT NOISE VOLTAGE OVER A 10-SECOND PERIOD†

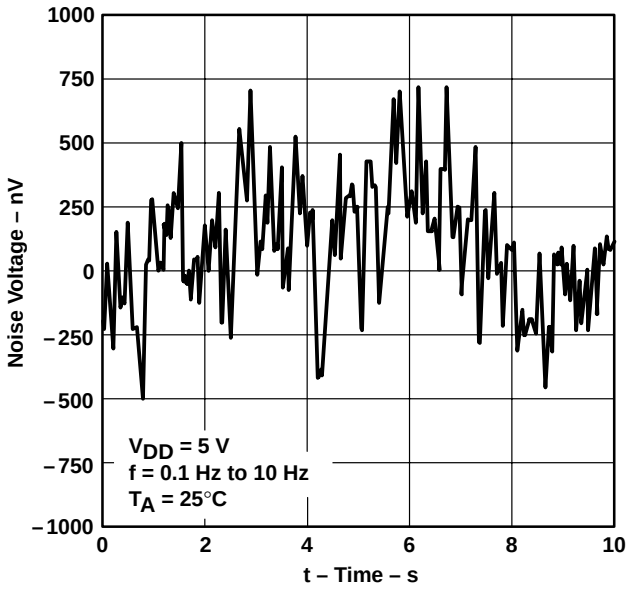


Figure 53

INTEGRATED NOISE VOLTAGE vs FREQUENCY

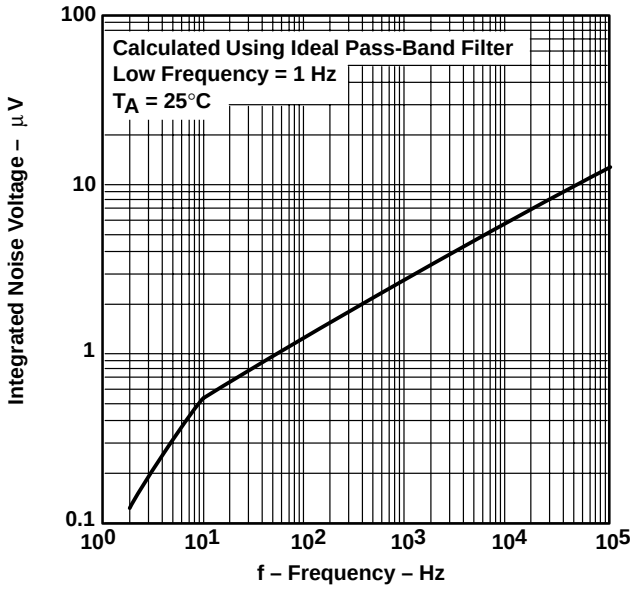


Figure 54

TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION PLUS NOISE† vs FREQUENCY

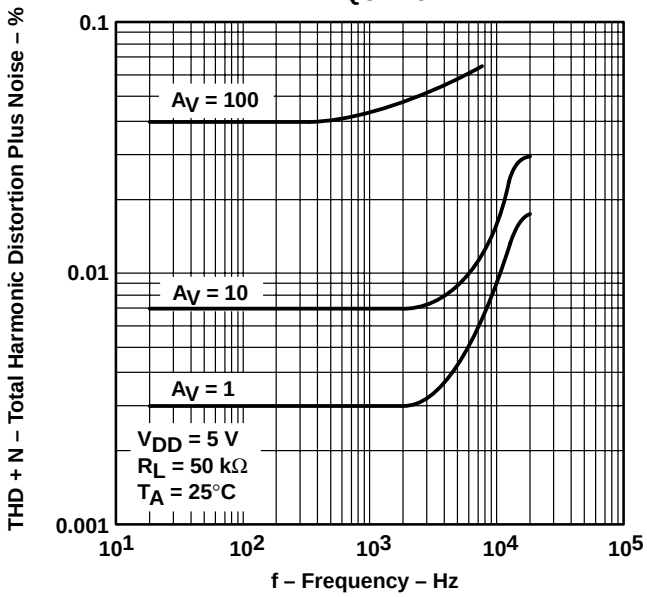


Figure 55

† For curves where V_{DD} = 5 V, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

GAIN-BANDWIDTH PRODUCT vs SUPPLY VOLTAGE

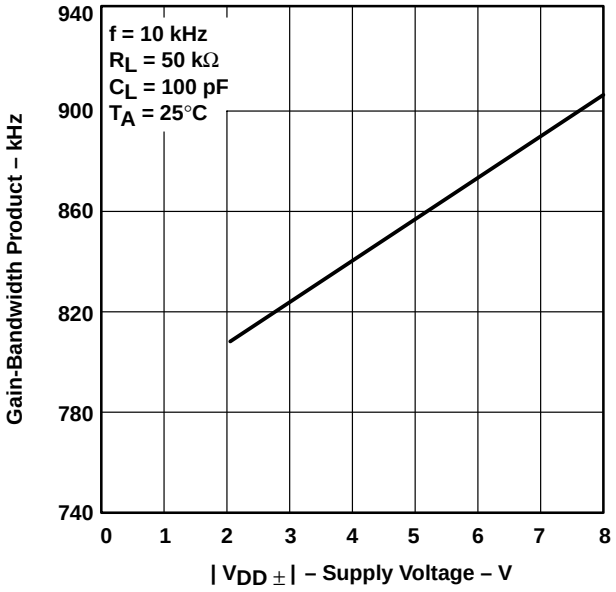


Figure 56

GAIN-BANDWIDTH PRODUCT†‡ vs FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

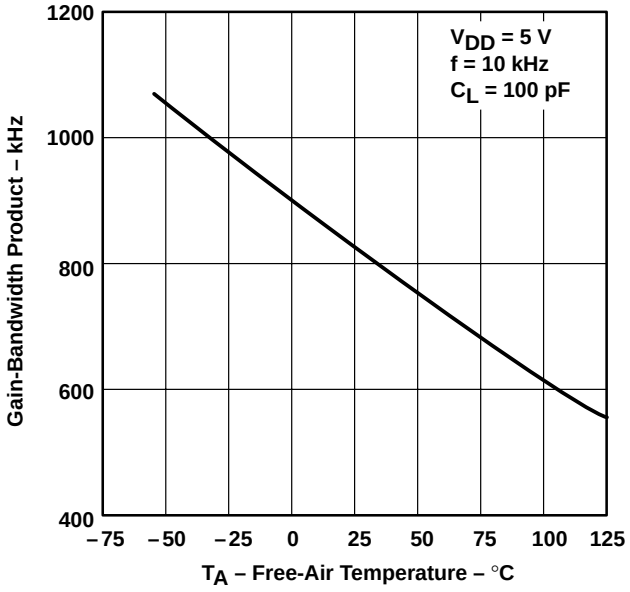


Figure 57

PHASE MARGIN vs LOAD CAPACITANCE

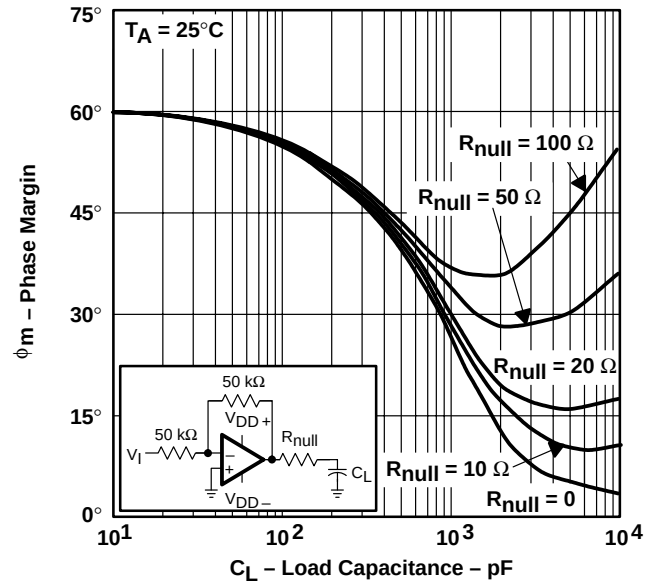


Figure 58

GAIN MARGIN vs LOAD CAPACITANCE

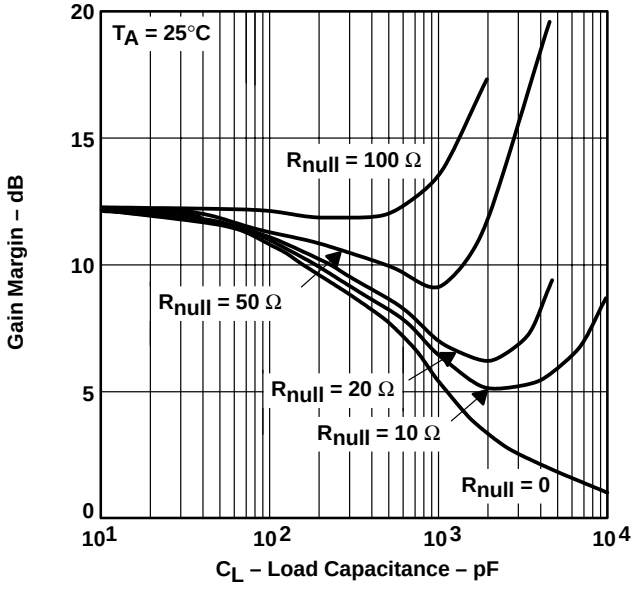


Figure 59

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.
‡ For curves where V_{DD} = 5 V, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

UNITY-GAIN BANDWIDTH† vs LOAD CAPACITANCE

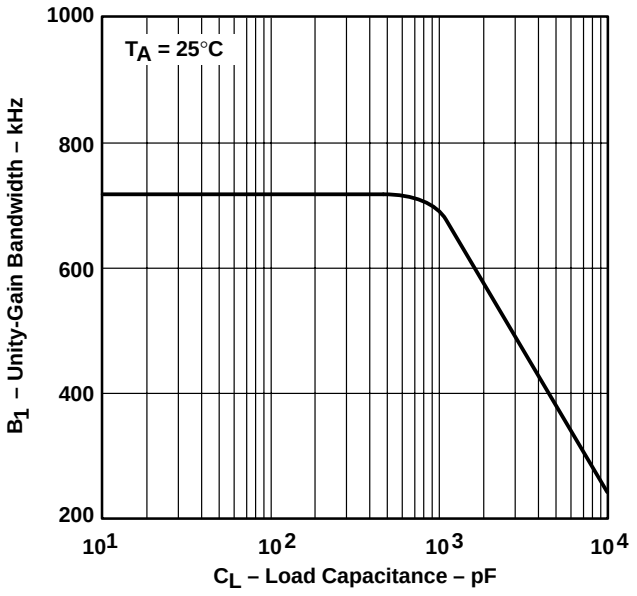


Figure 60

OVERESTIMATION OF PHASE MARGIN† vs LOAD CAPACITANCE

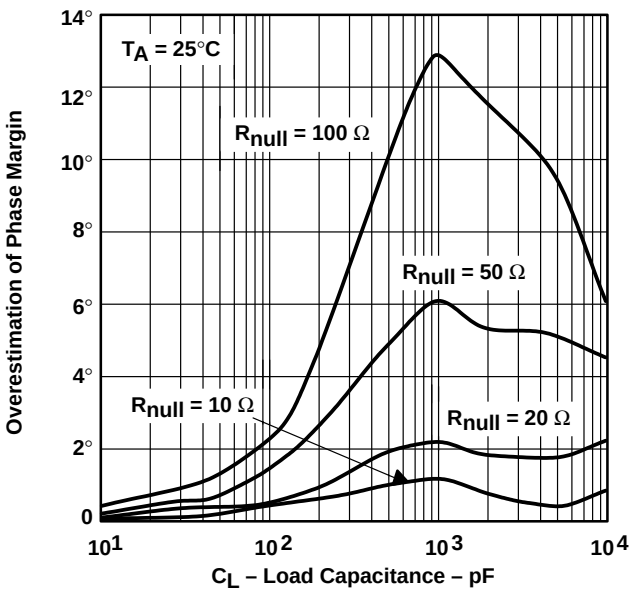


Figure 61

† See application information

APPLICATION INFORMATION

driving large capacitive loads

The TLC226x is designed to drive larger capacitive loads than most CMOS operational amplifiers. Figure 58 and Figure 59 illustrate its ability to drive loads greater than 400 pF while maintaining good gain and phase margins (R_{null} = 0).

A smaller series resistor (R_{null}) at the output of the device (see Figure 62) improves the gain and phase margins when driving large capacitive loads. Figure 58 and Figure 59 show the effects of adding series resistances of 10 Ω, 20 Ω, 50 Ω, and 100 Ω. The addition of this series resistor has two effects: the first is that it adds a zero to the transfer function and the second is that it reduces the frequency of the pole associated with the output load in the transfer function.

The zero introduced to the transfer function is equal to the series resistance times the load capacitance. To calculate the improvement in phase margin, equation 1 can be used.

$$\Delta\Theta_{m1} = \tan^{-1}\left(2 \times \pi \times \text{UGBW} \times R_{null} \times C_L\right) \quad (1)$$

Where :

$\Delta\Theta_{m1}$ = improvement in phase margin
UGBW = unity-gain bandwidth frequency
R_{null} = output series resistance
C_L = load capacitance

The unity-gain bandwidth (UGBW) frequency decreases as the capacitive load increases (see Figure 60). To use equation 1, UGBW must be approximated from Figure 60.

Using equation 1 alone overestimates the improvement in phase margin, as illustrated in Figure 61. The overestimation is caused by the decrease in the frequency of the pole associated with the load, thus providing additional phase shift and reducing the overall improvement in phase margin. The pole associated with the load is reduced by the factor calculated in equation 2.

$$F = \frac{1}{1 + g_m \times R_{null}} \quad (2)$$

Where :

F = factor reducing frequency of pole
g_m = small-signal output transconductance (typically 4.83×10^{-3} mhos)
R_{null} = output series resistance

For the TLC226x, the pole associated with the load is typically 7 MHz with 100-pF load capacitance. This value varies inversely with C_L: at C_L = 10 pF, use 70 MHz, at C_L = 1000 pF, use 700 kHz, and so on.

Reducing the pole associated with the load introduces phase shift, thereby reducing phase margin. This results in an error in the increase in phase margin expected by considering the zero alone (equation 1). Equation 3 approximates the reduction in phase margin due to the movement of the pole associated with the load. The result of this equation can be subtracted from the result of the equation in equation 1 to better approximate the improvement in phase margin.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

driving large capacitive loads (continued)

$$\Delta\Theta_{m2} = \tan^{-1}\left[\frac{UGBW}{(F \times P_2)}\right] - \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{UGBW}{P_2}\right) \quad (3)$$

Where :

$\Delta\Theta_{m2}$ = reduction in phase margin

UGBW = unity-gain bandwidth frequency

F = factor from equation 2

P_2 = unadjusted pole (70 MHz@10 pF, 7 MHz@100 pF, etc.)

Using these equations with Figure 60 and Figure 61 enables the designer to choose the appropriate output series resistance to optimize the design of circuits driving large capacitive loads.

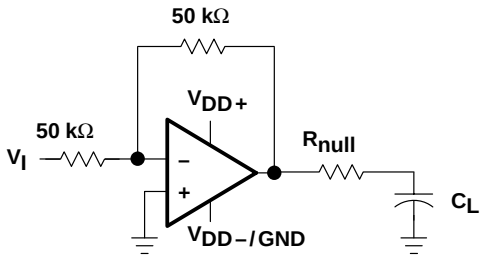


Figure 62. Series-Resistance Circuit

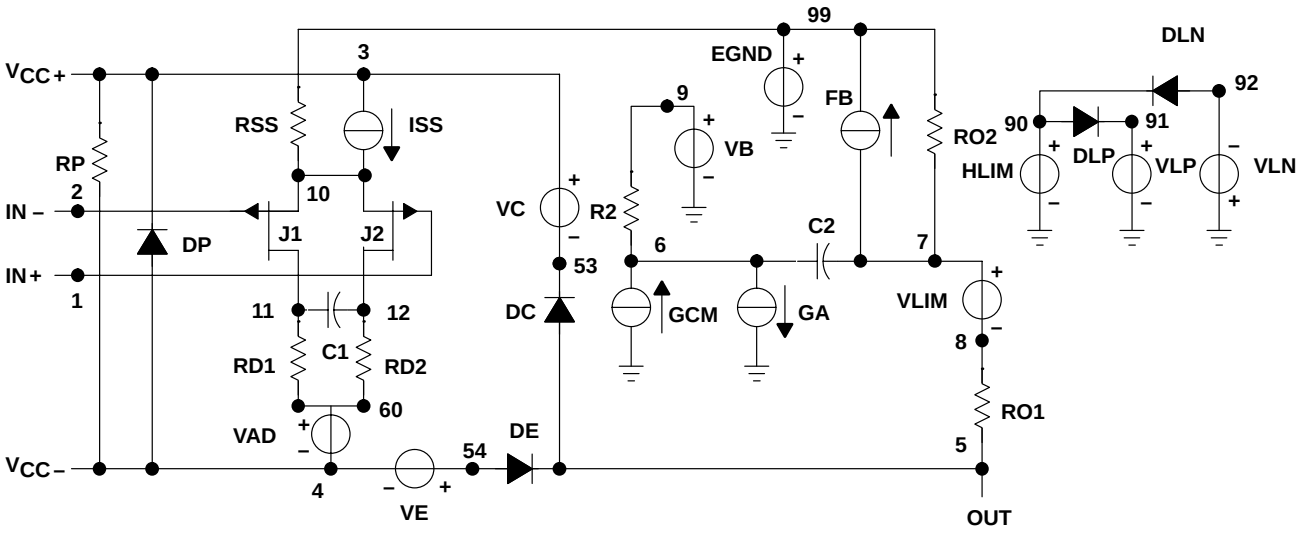
APPLICATION INFORMATION

macromodel information

Macromodel information provided was derived using Microsim *Parts*™, the model generation software used with Microsim *PSpice*™. The Boyle macromodel (see Note 5) and subcircuit in Figure 63 are generated using the TLC226x typical electrical and operating characteristics at T_A = 25°C. Using this information, output simulations of the following key parameters can be generated to a tolerance of 20% (in most cases):

- Maximum positive output voltage swing
- Maximum negative output voltage swing
- Slew rate
- Quiescent power dissipation
- Input bias current
- Open-loop voltage amplification
- Unity-gain frequency
- Common-mode rejection ratio
- Phase margin
- DC output resistance
- AC output resistance
- Short-circuit output current limit

NOTE 5: G. R. Boyle, B. M. Cohn, D. O. Pederson, and J. E. Solomon, "Macromodeling of Integrated Circuit Operational Amplifiers," *IEEE Journal of Solid-State Circuits,* SC-9, 353 (1974).




```
.SUBCKT TLC226x 1 2 3 4 5
C1      11      12      3.560E–12
C2      6       7       15.00E–12
DC      5       53      DX
DE      54      5       DX
DLP     90      91      DX
DLN     92      90      DX
DP      4       3       DX
EGND    99      0       POLY (2) (3,0) (4,0) 0 .5 .5
FB      7       99      POLY (5) VB VC VE VLP
+ VLN 0 21.04E6 –30E6 30E6 30E6 –30E6
GA      6       0       11      12 47.12E–6
GCM     0       6       10      99 4.9E–9
ISS     3       10      DC 8.250E–6
HLIM    90      0       VLIM 1K
J1      11      2       10 JX
J2      12      1       10 JX
R2      6       9       100.0E3
RD1     60      11      21.22E3
RD2     60      12      21.22E3
R01     8       5       120
R02     7       99      120
RP      3       4       26.04E3
RSS     10      99      24.24E6
VAD     60      4       –.6
VB      9       0       DC 0
VC      3       53      DC .65
VE      54      4       DC .65
VLIM    7       8       DC 0
VLP     91      0       DC 1.4
VLN     0       92      DC 9.4
.MODEL DX D (IS=800.0E–18)
.MODEL JX PJF (IS=500.0E–15 BETA=281E–6
+ VTO=–.065)
.ENDS
```

Figure 63. Boyle Macromodel and Subcircuit

PSpice and *Parts* are trademarks of MicroSim Corporation.

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead finish/ Ball material (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
5962-9469201QHA	ACTIVE	CFP	U	10	1	Non-RoHS & Green	SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	9469201QHA TLC2262M	Samples
5962-9469203QPA	ACTIVE	CDIP	JG	8	1	Non-RoHS & Green	SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	9469203QPA TLC2262AM	Samples
5962-9469204Q2A	ACTIVE	LCCC	FK	20	1	Non-RoHS & Green	SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	5962-9469204Q2A TLC2264 AMFKB	Samples
5962-9469204QCA	ACTIVE	CDIP	J	14	1	Non-RoHS & Green	SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	5962-9469204QCA TLC2264AMJB	Samples
TLC2262AID	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	2262AI	Samples
TLC2262AIDG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	2262AI	Samples
TLC2262AIDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	2262AI	Samples
TLC2262AIP	ACTIVE	PDIP	P	8	50	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 125	TLC2262AI	Samples
TLC2262AIPW	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	8	150	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	Y2262A	Samples
TLC2262AIPWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	8	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	Y2262A	Samples
TLC2262AIPWRG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	8	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	Y2262A	Samples
TLC2262AMJG	ACTIVE	CDIP	JG	8	1	Non-RoHS & Green	SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	TLC2262 AMJG	Samples
TLC2262AMJGB	ACTIVE	CDIP	JG	8	1	Non-RoHS & Green	SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	9469203QPA TLC2262AM	Samples
TLC2262AQD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	C2262A	Samples
TLC2262CD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	2262C	Samples
TLC2262CDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	2262C	Samples
TLC2262CP	ACTIVE	PDIP	P	8	50	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	0 to 70	TLC2262CP	Samples

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead finish/ Ball material (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TLC2262CPE4	ACTIVE	PDIP	P	8	50	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	0 to 70	TLC2262CP	Samples
TLC2262CPW	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	8	150	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	P2262	Samples
TLC2262CPWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	8	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	P2262	Samples
TLC2262CPWRG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	8	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	P2262	Samples
TLC2262ID	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM		2262I	Samples
TLC2262IDG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM		2262I	Samples
TLC2262IDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM		2262I	Samples
TLC2262IP	ACTIVE	PDIP	P	8	50	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type		TLC2262IP	Samples
TLC2262MUB	ACTIVE	CFP	U	10	1	Non-RoHS & Green	SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	9469201QHA TLC2262M	Samples
TLC2262QD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	C2262Q	Samples
TLC2262QDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	C2262Q	Samples
TLC2264AID	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	2264AI	Samples
TLC2264AIDG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	2264AI	Samples
TLC2264AIDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	2264AI	Samples
TLC2264AIN	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	14	25	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 125	TLC2264AIN	Samples
TLC2264AIPW	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	90	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	Y2264A	Samples
TLC2264AIPWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	Y2264A	Samples
TLC2264AIPWRG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	Y2264A	Samples
TLC2264AMFKB	ACTIVE	LCCC	FK	20	1	Non-RoHS & Green	SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	5962-9469204Q2A TLC2264 AMFKB	Samples

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead finish/ Ball material (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TLC2264AMJB	ACTIVE	CDIP	J	14	1	Non-RoHS & Green	SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	5962-9469204QC A TLC2264AMJB	Samples
TLC2264AQD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	2264AQ	Samples
TLC2264AQDRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM		PJ2264A	Samples
TLC2264CD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	TLC2264C	Samples
TLC2264CDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	TLC2264C	Samples
TLC2264CN	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	14	25	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	0 to 70	TLC2264CN	Samples
TLC2264CPW	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	90	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	P2264	Samples
TLC2264CPWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	P2264	Samples
TLC2264ID	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM		TLC2264I	Samples
TLC2264IDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM		TLC2264I	Samples
TLC2264IN	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	14	25	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type		TLC2264IN	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:
ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.
LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.
NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.
PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.
OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) **RoHS:** TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".
RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.
Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

Important Information and Disclaimer: The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF TLC2262, TLC2262A, TLC2262AM, TLC2262M, TLC2264A, TLC2264AM :

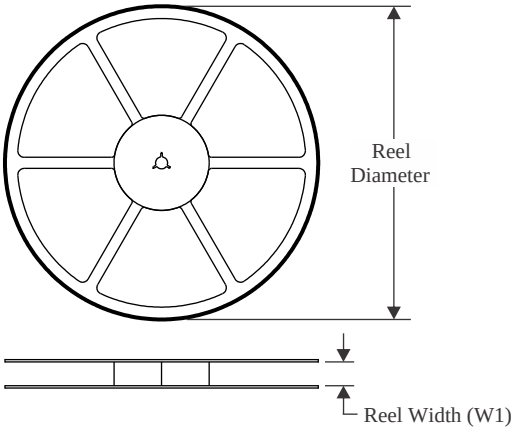
- Catalog : TLC2262A, TLC2262, TLC2264A
- Automotive : TLC2264A-Q1, TLC2264A-Q1
- Military : TLC2262M, TLC2262AM, TLC2264AM

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

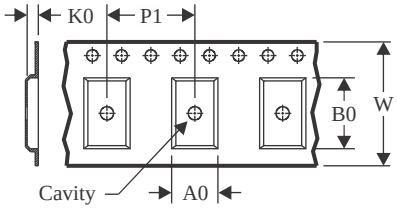
- Catalog - TI's standard catalog product
- Automotive - Q100 devices qualified for high-reliability automotive applications targeting zero defects
- Military - QML certified for Military and Defense Applications

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

REEL DIMENSIONS

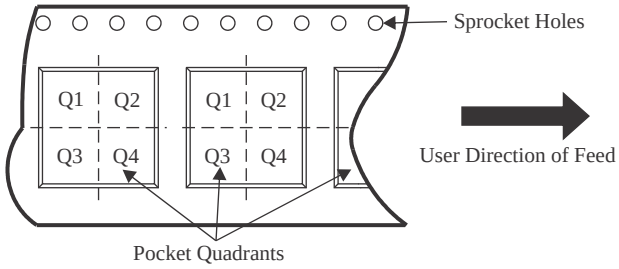


TAPE DIMENSIONS



A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
B0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

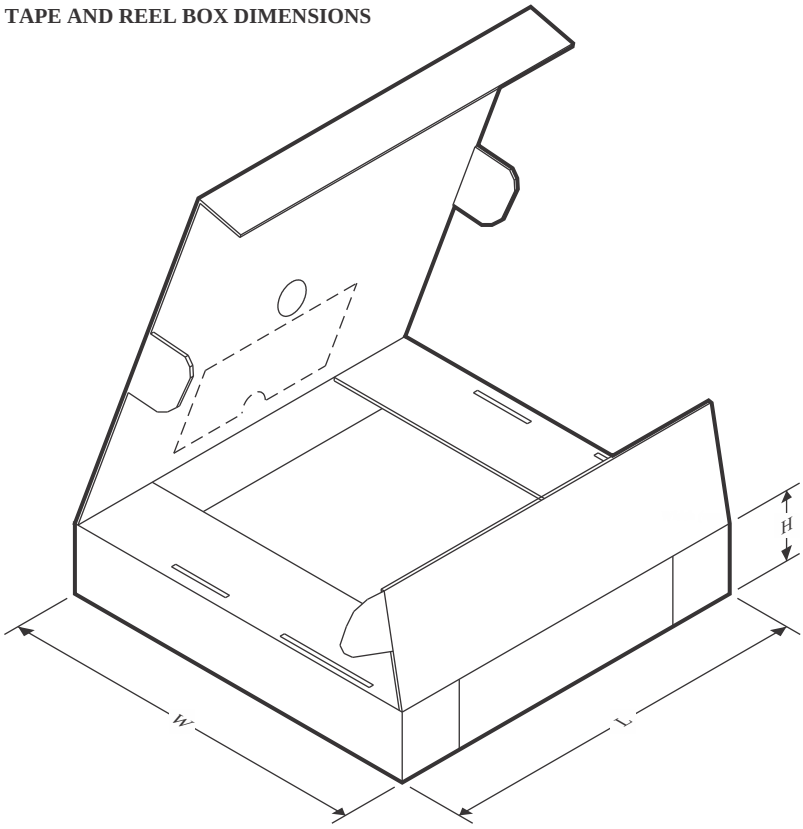
QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TLC2262AIDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
TLC2262AIPWR	TSSOP	PW	8	2000	330.0	12.4	7.0	3.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
TLC2262CDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
TLC2262CPWR	TSSOP	PW	8	2000	330.0	12.4	7.0	3.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
TLC2262IDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
TLC2262QDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.5	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
TLC2264AIDR	SOIC	D	14	2500	330.0	16.4	6.5	9.0	2.1	8.0	16.0	Q1
TLC2264AIPWR	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
TLC2264AQDRG4	SOIC	D	14	2500	330.0	16.4	6.5	9.0	2.1	8.0	16.0	Q1
TLC2264CDR	SOIC	D	14	2500	330.0	16.4	6.5	9.0	2.1	8.0	16.0	Q1
TLC2264CPWR	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
TLC2264IDR	SOIC	D	14	2500	330.0	16.4	6.5	9.0	2.1	8.0	16.0	Q1

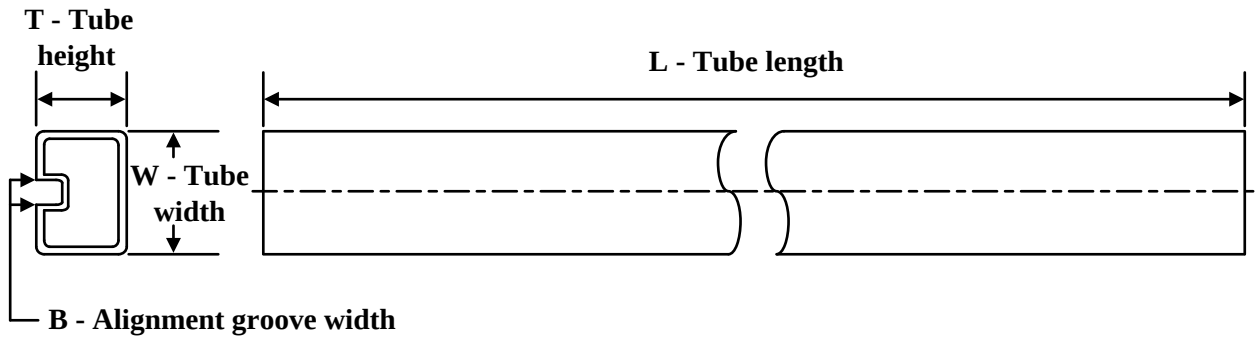
TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TLC2262AIDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	340.5	336.1	25.0
TLC2262AIPWR	TSSOP	PW	8	2000	356.0	356.0	35.0
TLC2262CDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	340.5	336.1	25.0
TLC2262CPWR	TSSOP	PW	8	2000	356.0	356.0	35.0
TLC2262IDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	340.5	336.1	25.0
TLC2262QDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	340.5	336.1	25.0
TLC2264AIDR	SOIC	D	14	2500	340.5	336.1	32.0
TLC2264AIPWR	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	356.0	356.0	35.0
TLC2264AQDRG4	SOIC	D	14	2500	350.0	350.0	43.0
TLC2264CDR	SOIC	D	14	2500	340.5	336.1	32.0
TLC2264CPWR	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	356.0	356.0	35.0
TLC2264IDR	SOIC	D	14	2500	340.5	336.1	32.0

TUBE



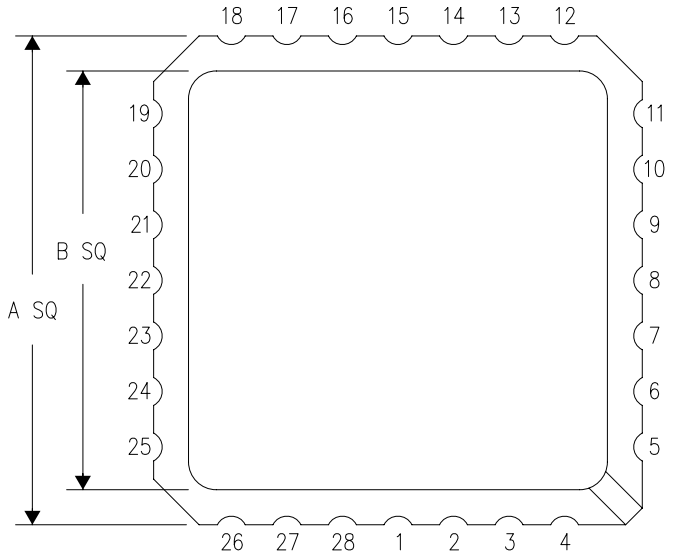
*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Name	Package Type	Pins	SPQ	L (mm)	W (mm)	T (µm)	B (mm)
5962-9469201QHA	U	CFP	10	1	506.98	26.16	6220	NA
5962-9469204Q2A	FK	LCCC	20	1	506.98	12.06	2030	NA
TLC2262AID	D	SOIC	8	75	505.46	6.76	3810	4
TLC2262AID	D	SOIC	8	75	507	8	3940	4.32
TLC2262AIDG4	D	SOIC	8	75	507	8	3940	4.32
TLC2262AIDG4	D	SOIC	8	75	505.46	6.76	3810	4
TLC2262AIP	P	PDIP	8	50	506	13.97	11230	4.32
TLC2262AIPW	PW	TSSOP	8	150	530	10.2	3600	3.5
TLC2262AQD	D	SOIC	8	75	507	8	3940	4.32
TLC2262CD	D	SOIC	8	75	507	8	3940	4.32
TLC2262CP	P	PDIP	8	50	506	13.97	11230	4.32
TLC2262CPE4	P	PDIP	8	50	506	13.97	11230	4.32
TLC2262CPW	PW	TSSOP	8	150	530	10.2	3600	3.5
TLC2262ID	D	SOIC	8	75	507	8	3940	4.32
TLC2262IDG4	D	SOIC	8	75	507	8	3940	4.32
TLC2262IP	P	PDIP	8	50	506	13.97	11230	4.32
TLC2262MUB	U	CFP	10	1	506.98	26.16	6220	NA
TLC2262QD	D	SOIC	8	75	507	8	3940	4.32
TLC2264AID	D	SOIC	14	50	507	8	3940	4.32
TLC2264AID	D	SOIC	14	50	505.46	6.76	3810	4
TLC2264AIDG4	D	SOIC	14	50	507	8	3940	4.32
TLC2264AIDG4	D	SOIC	14	50	505.46	6.76	3810	4
TLC2264AIN	N	PDIP	14	25	506	13.97	11230	4.32
TLC2264AIPW	PW	TSSOP	14	90	530	10.2	3600	3.5
TLC2264AMFKB	FK	LCCC	20	1	506.98	12.06	2030	NA
TLC2264AQD	D	SOIC	14	50	505.46	6.76	3810	4
TLC2264CD	D	SOIC	14	50	505.46	6.76	3810	4
TLC2264CD	D	SOIC	14	50	507	8	3940	4.32
TLC2264CN	N	PDIP	14	25	506	13.97	11230	4.32

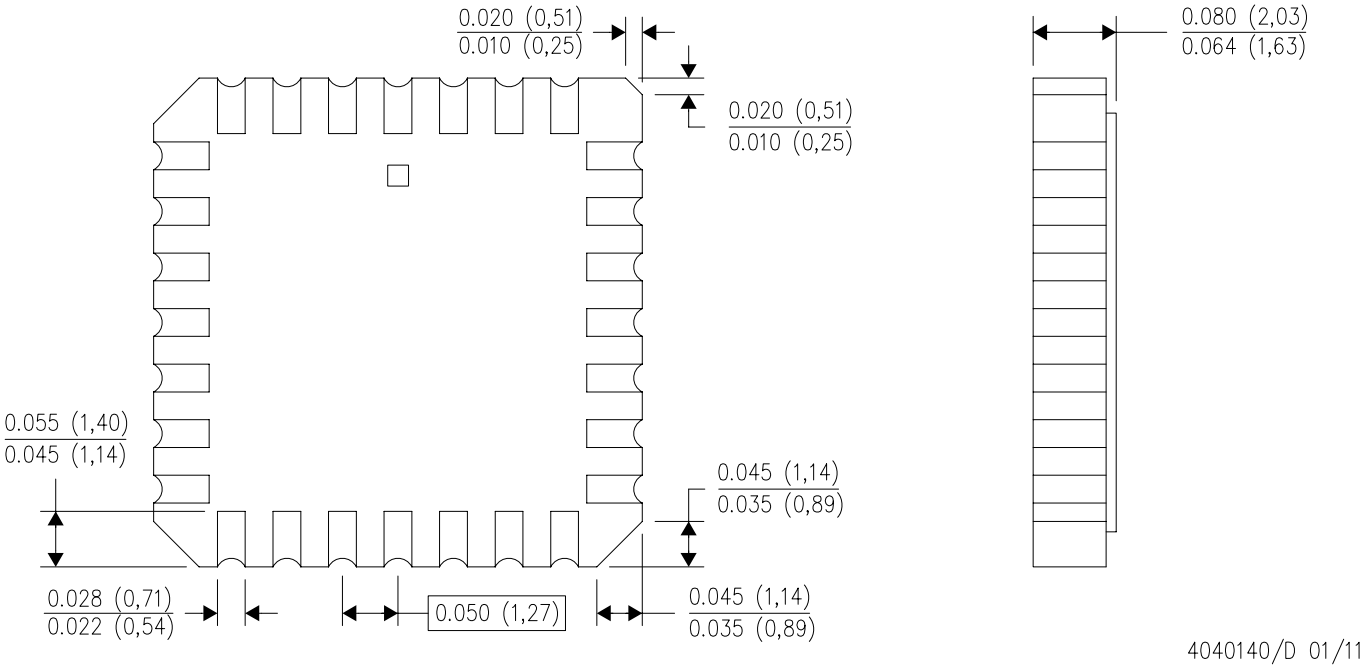
Device	Package Name	Package Type	Pins	SPQ	L (mm)	W (mm)	T (µm)	B (mm)
TLC2264CPW	PW	TSSOP	14	90	530	10.2	3600	3.5
TLC2264ID	D	SOIC	14	50	507	8	3940	4.32
TLC2264IN	N	PDIP	14	25	506	13.97	11230	4.32

FK (S–CQCC–N**) LEADLESS CERAMIC CHIP CARRIER

28 TERMINAL SHOWN



NO. OF TERMINALS **	A		B	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
20	0.342 (8,69)	0.358 (9,09)	0.307 (7,80)	0.358 (9,09)
28	0.442 (11,23)	0.458 (11,63)	0.406 (10,31)	0.458 (11,63)
44	0.640 (16,26)	0.660 (16,76)	0.495 (12,58)	0.560 (14,22)
52	0.740 (18,78)	0.761 (19,32)	0.495 (12,58)	0.560 (14,22)
68	0.938 (23,83)	0.962 (24,43)	0.850 (21,6)	0.858 (21,8)
84	1.141 (28,99)	1.165 (29,59)	1.047 (26,6)	1.063 (27,0)



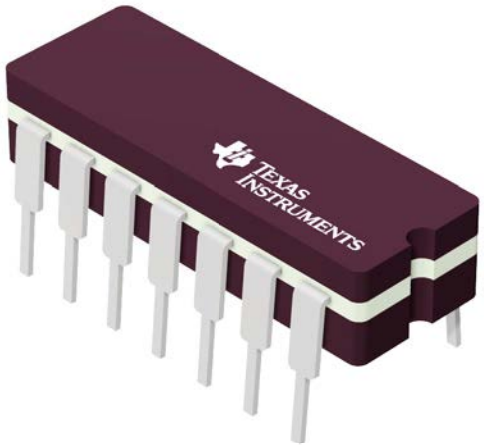
4040140/D 01/11

NOTES:
A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. This package can be hermetically sealed with a metal lid.
D. Falls within JEDEC MS–004

GENERIC PACKAGE VIEW

J 14 CDIP - 5.08 mm max height

CERAMIC DUAL IN LINE PACKAGE



Images above are just a representation of the package family, actual package may vary.
Refer to the product data sheet for package details.

4040083-5/G

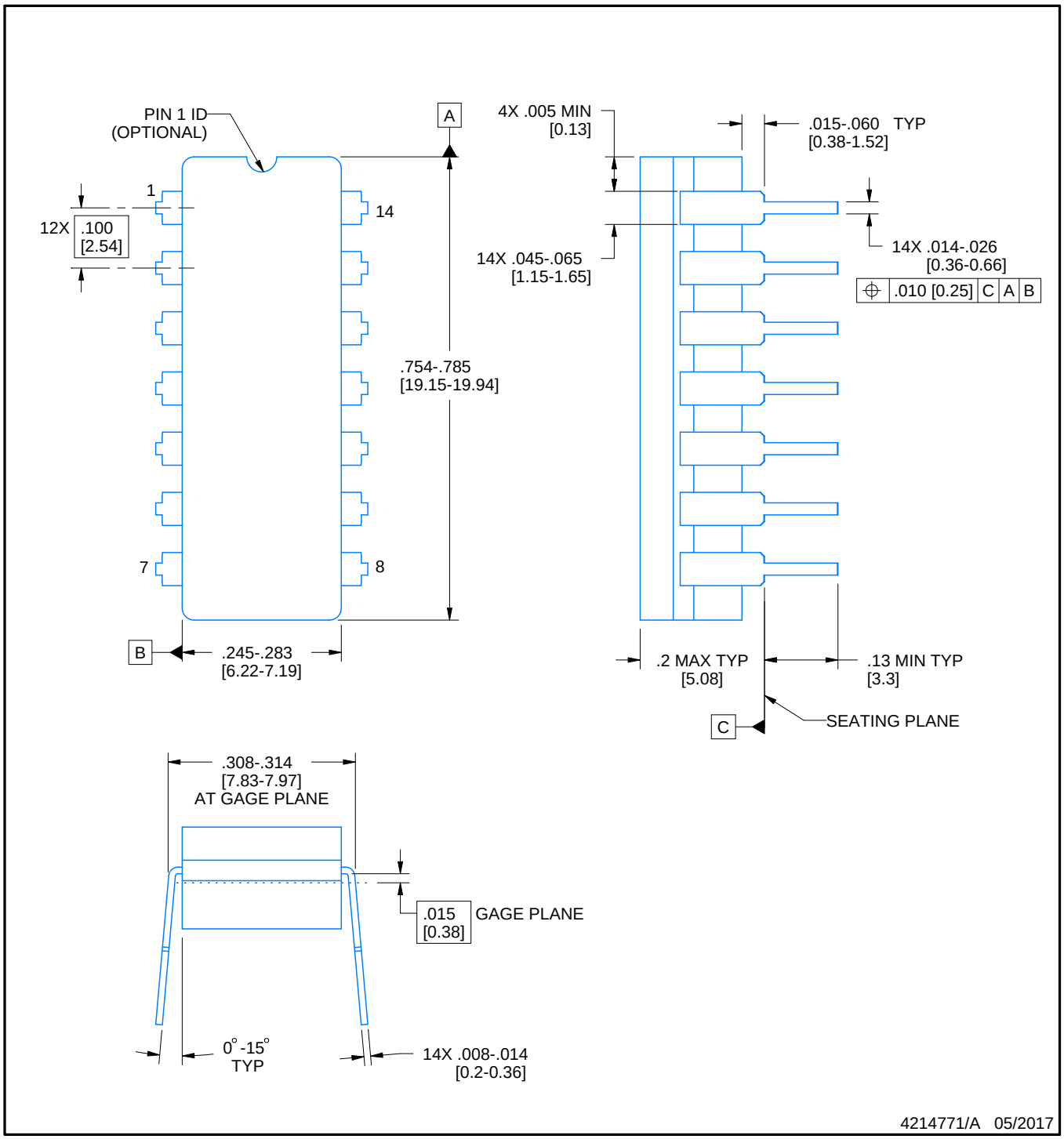


PACKAGE OUTLINE

J0014A

CDIP - 5.08 mm max height

CERAMIC DUAL IN LINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

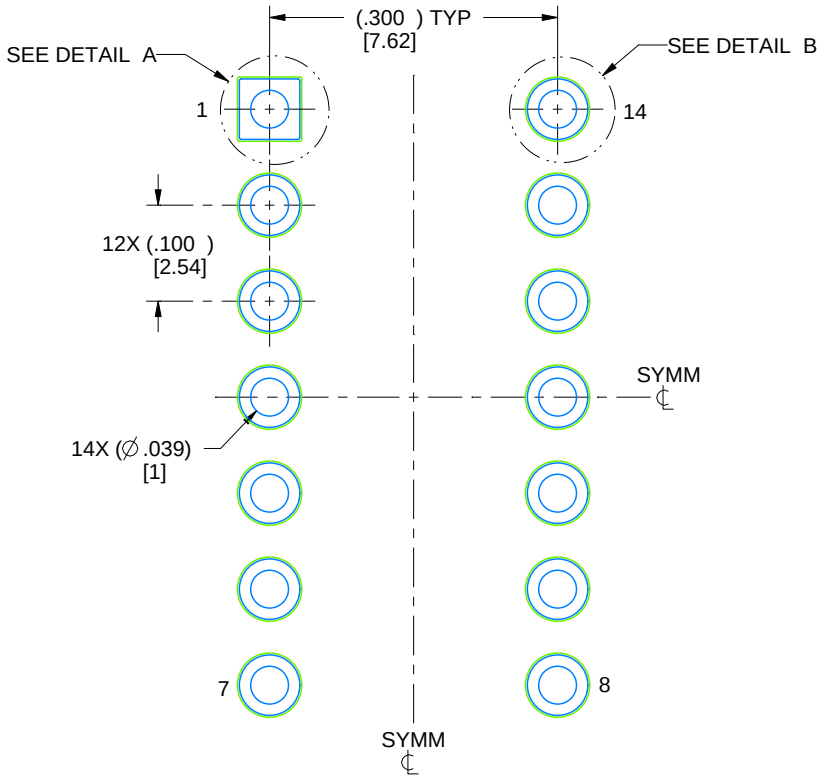
1. All controlling linear dimensions are in inches. Dimensions in brackets are in millimeters. Any dimension in brackets or parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. This package is hermitically sealed with a ceramic lid using glass frit.
4. Index point is provided on cap for terminal identification only and on press ceramic glass frit seal only.
5. Falls within MIL-STD-1835 and GDIP1-T14.

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

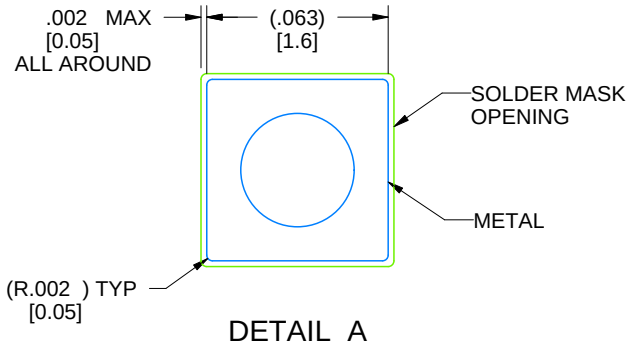
J0014A

CDIP - 5.08 mm max height

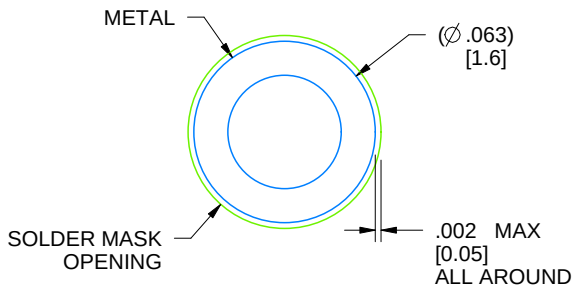
CERAMIC DUAL IN LINE PACKAGE



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
NON-SOLDER MASK DEFINED
SCALE: 5X



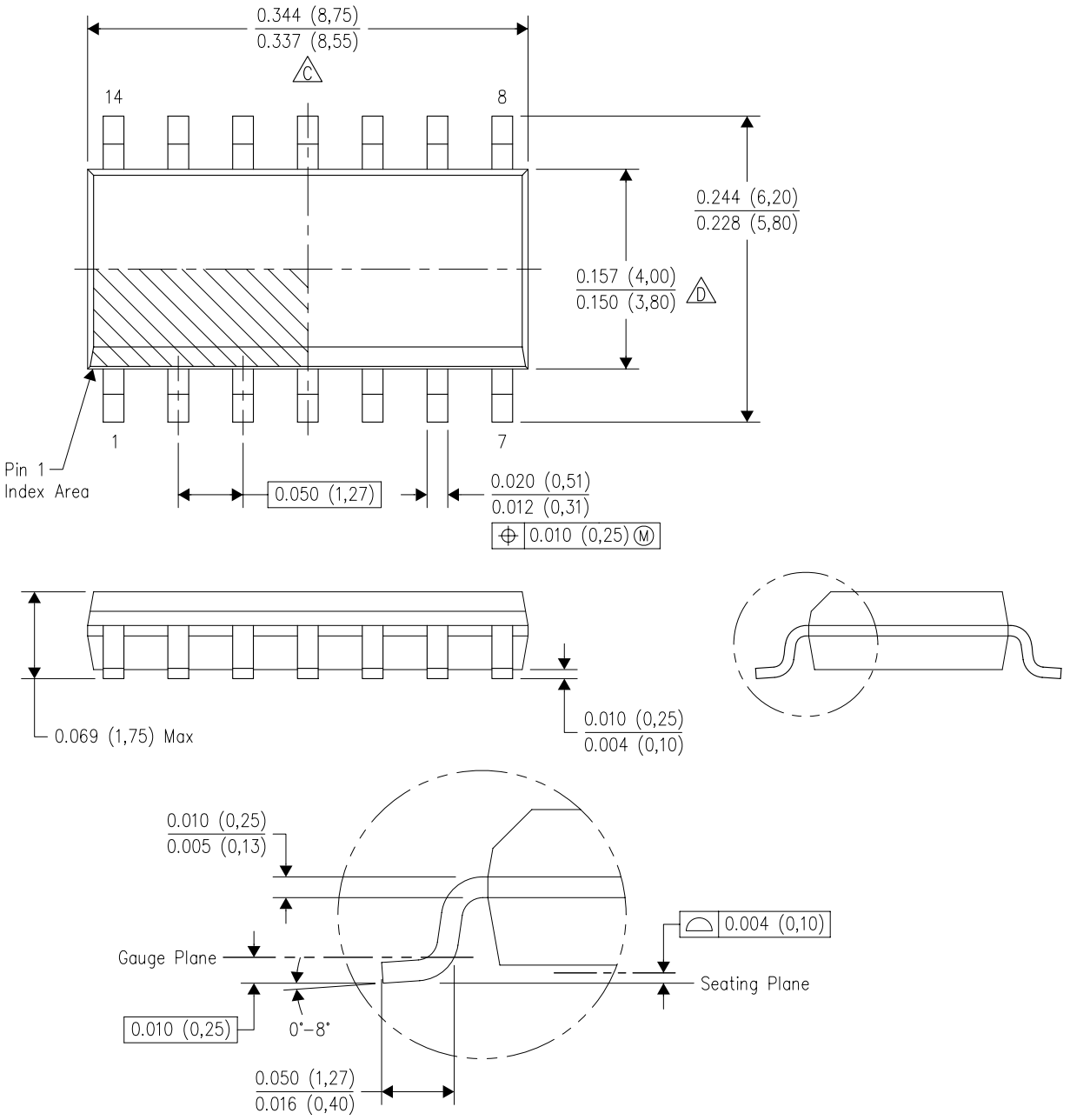
DETAIL A
SCALE: 15X



DETAIL B
13X, SCALE: 15X

4214771/A 05/2017

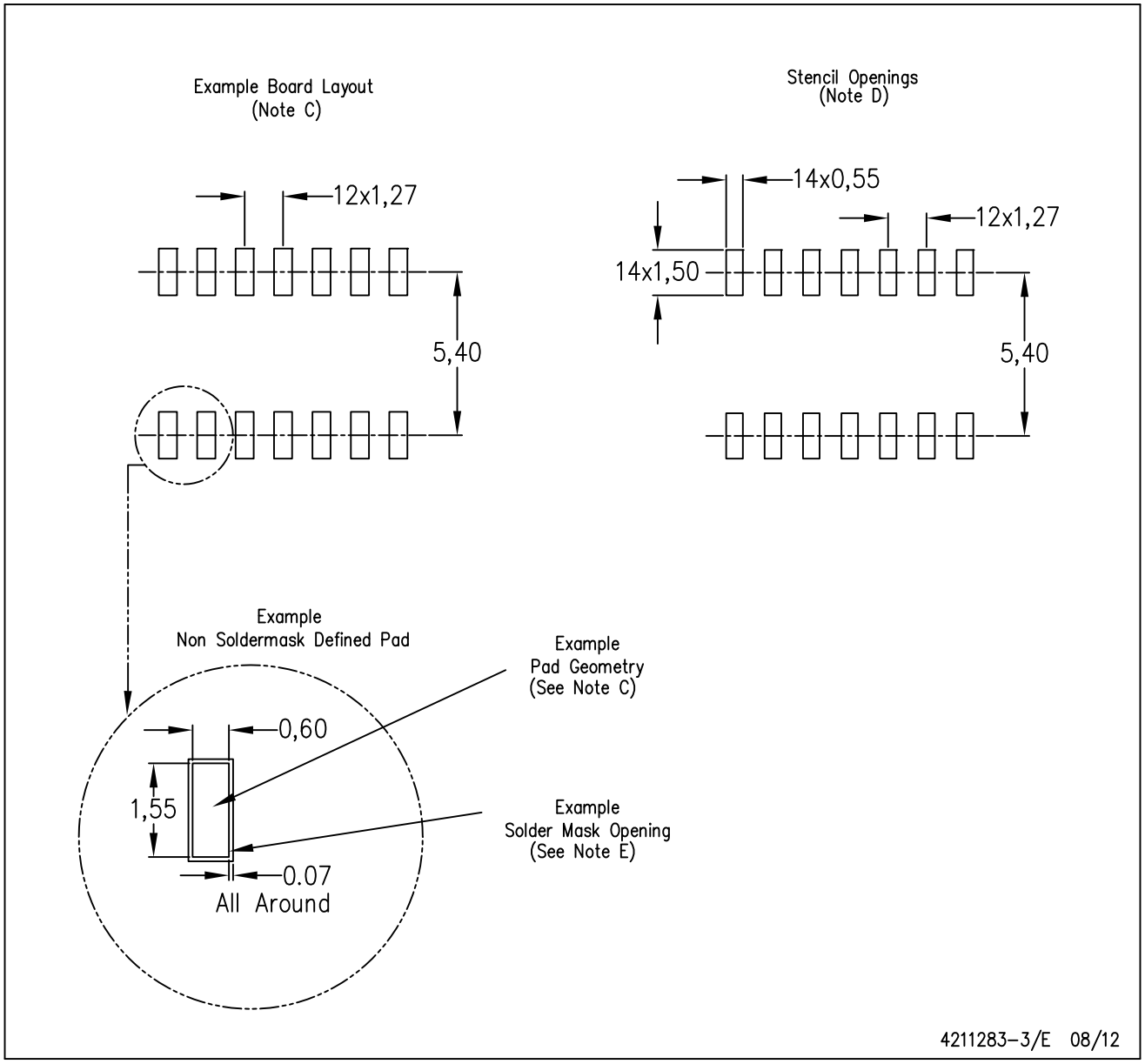
D (R–PDSO–G14) PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



4040047–5/M 06/11

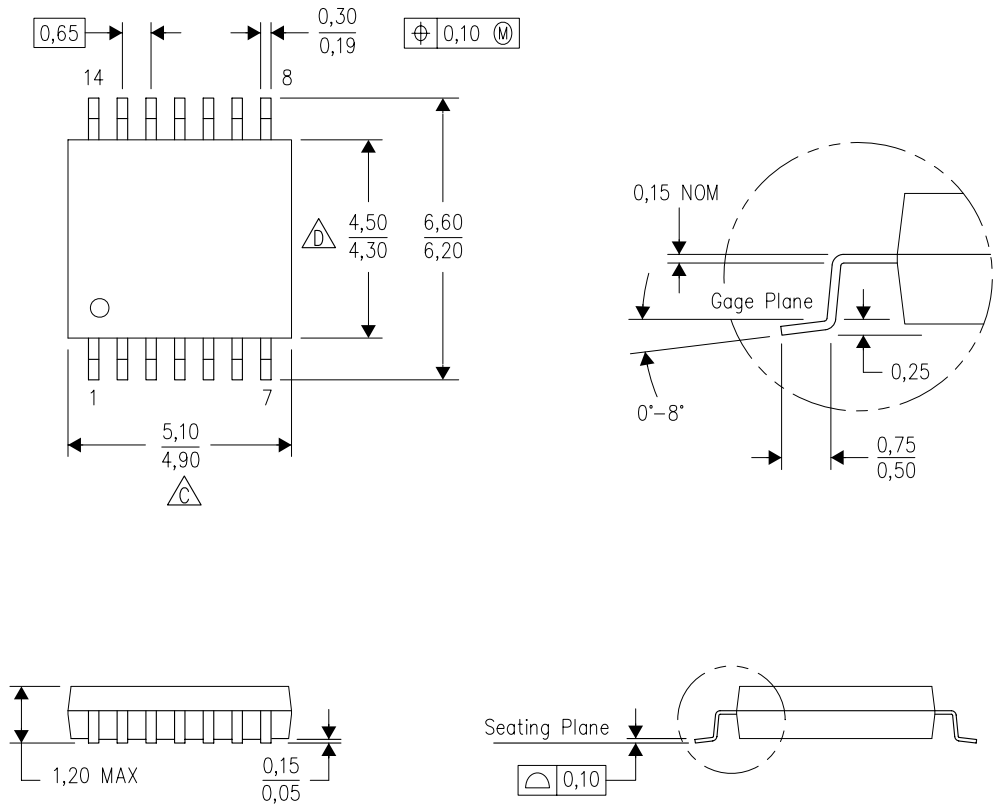
NOTES:
A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.006 (0,15) each side.
D. Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.017 (0,43) each side.
E. Reference JEDEC MS–012 variation AB.

D (R–PDSO–G14) PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



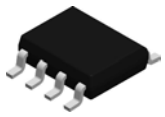
NOTES:
A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Publication IPC–7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC–7525 for other stencil recommendations.
E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.

PW (R–PDSO–G14) PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



4040064–3/G 02/11

NOTES:
A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M–1994.
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0,15 each side.
D. Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0,25 each side.
E. Falls within JEDEC MO–153

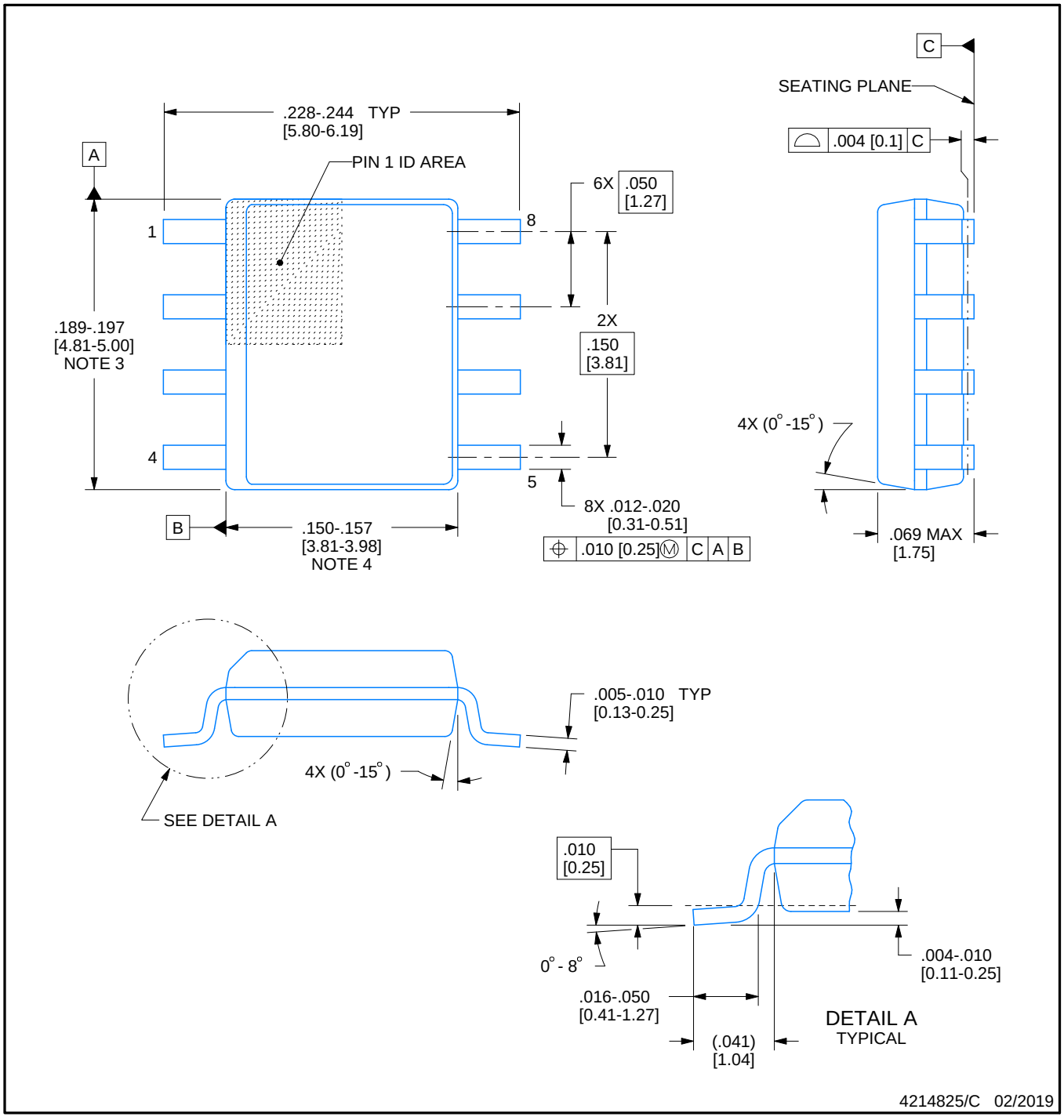


PACKAGE OUTLINE

D0008A

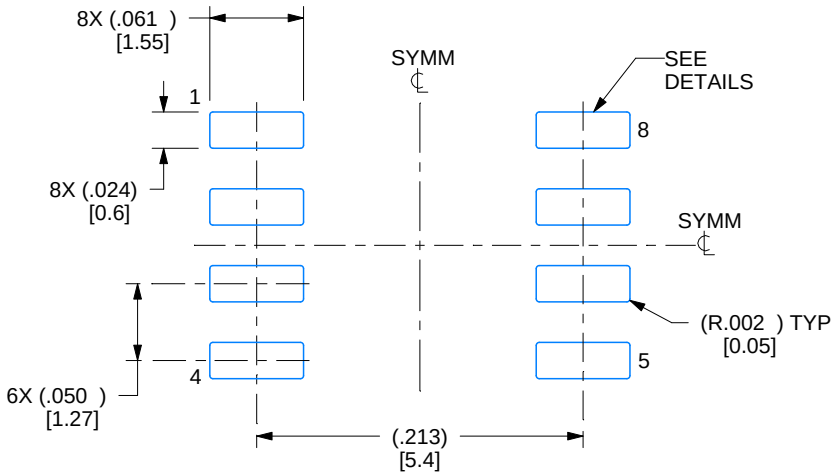
SOIC - 1.75 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT

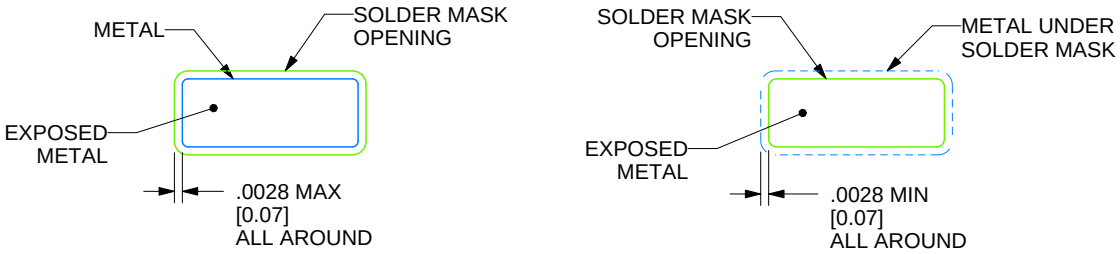


NOTES:

1. Linear dimensions are in inches [millimeters]. Dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Controlling dimensions are in inches. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed .006 [0.15] per side.
4. This dimension does not include interlead flash.
5. Reference JEDEC registration MS-012, variation AA.



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN
SCALE:8X



SOLDER MASK DETAILS

4214825/C 02/2019

NOTES: (continued)

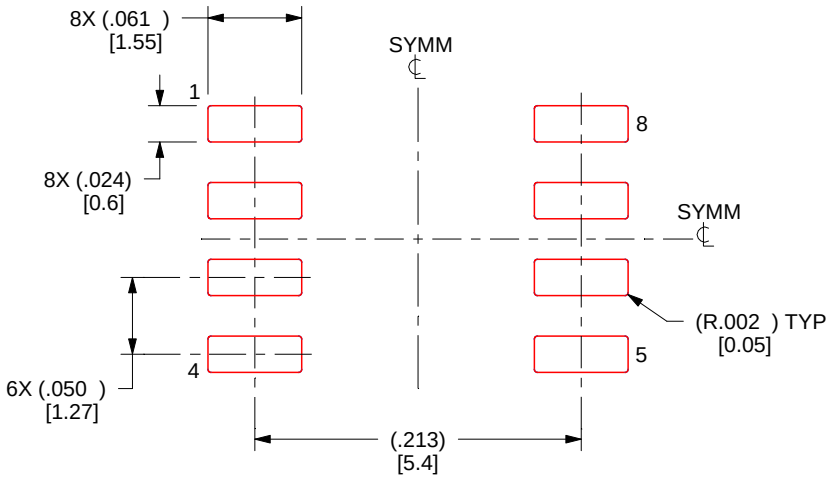
6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

D0008A

SOIC - 1.75 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON .005 INCH [0.125 MM] THICK STENCIL
SCALE:8X

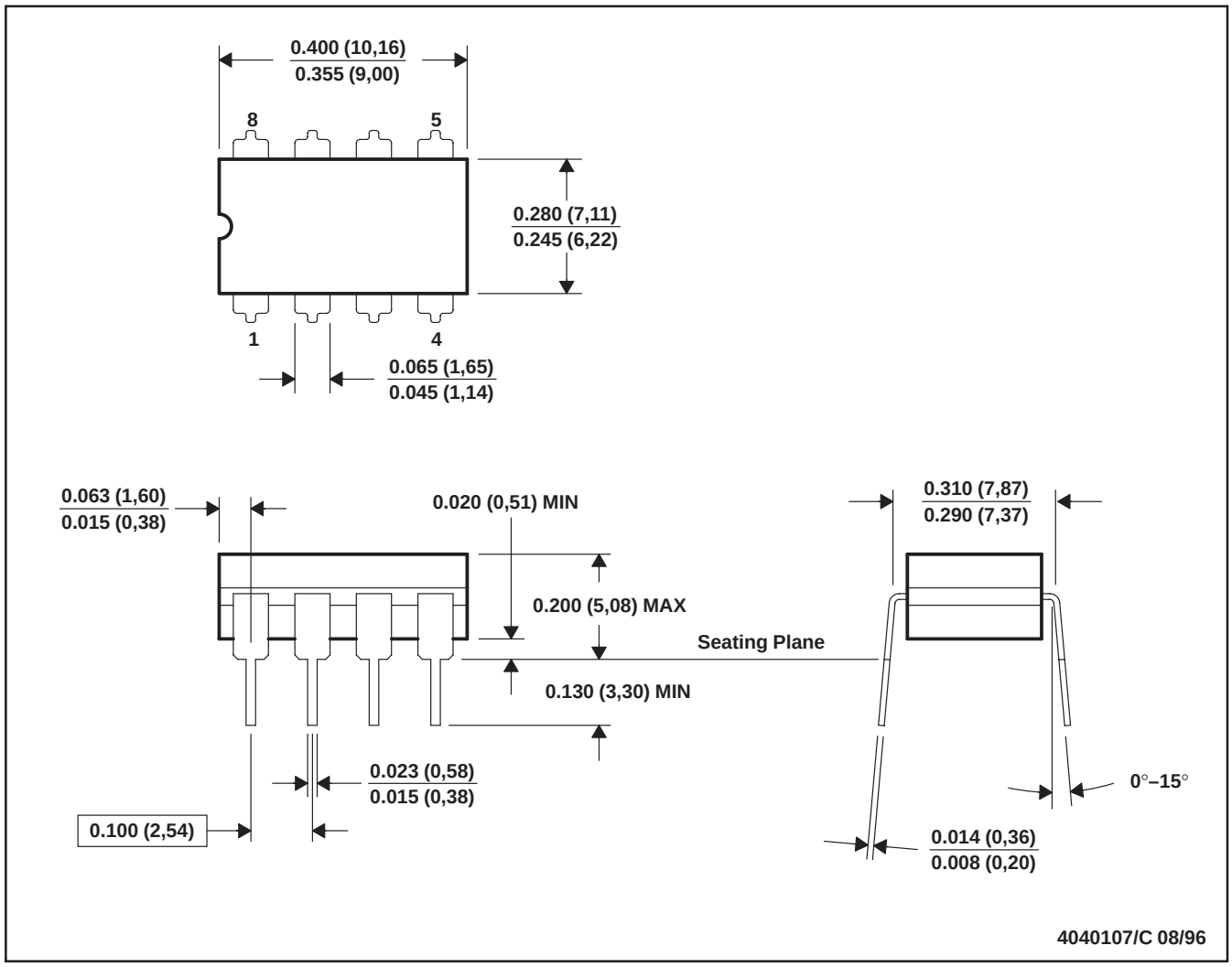
4214825/C 02/2019

NOTES: (continued)

8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.

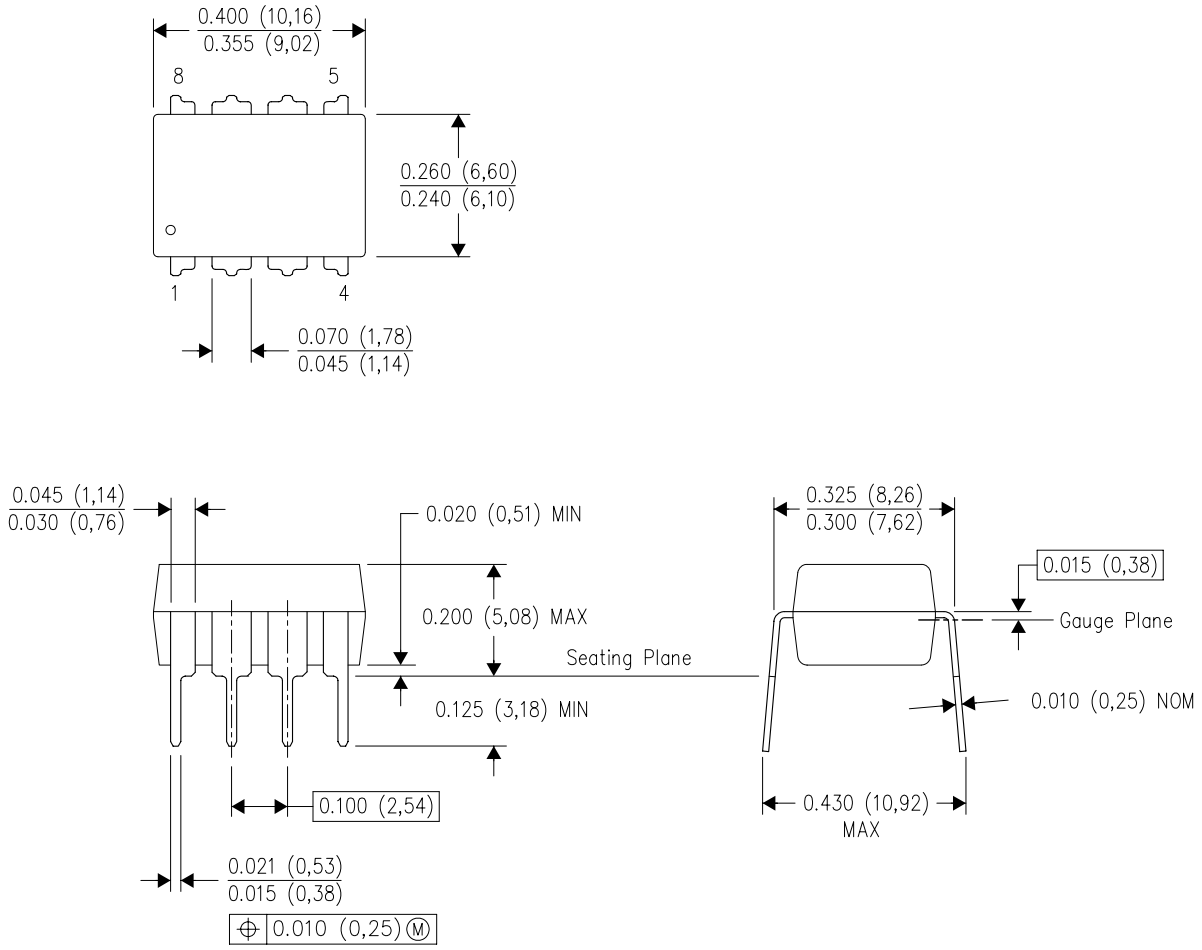
MCER001A – JANUARY 1995 – REVISED JANUARY 1997

JG (R-GDIP-T8) **CERAMIC DUAL-IN-LINE**



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. This package can be hermetically sealed with a ceramic lid using glass frit.
D. Index point is provided on cap for terminal identification.
E. Falls within MIL STD 1835 GDIP1-T8

P (R–PDIP–T8) PLASTIC DUAL–IN–LINE PACKAGE

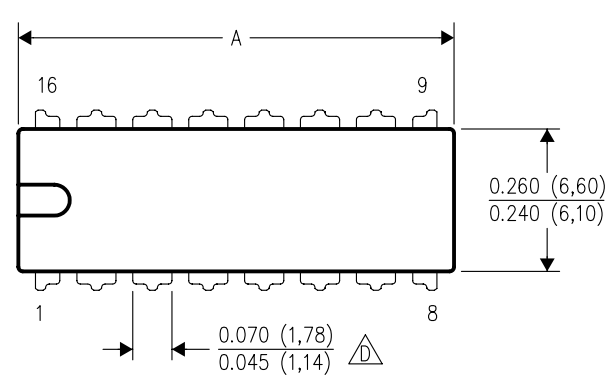


NOTES:
A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Falls within JEDEC MS–001 variation BA.

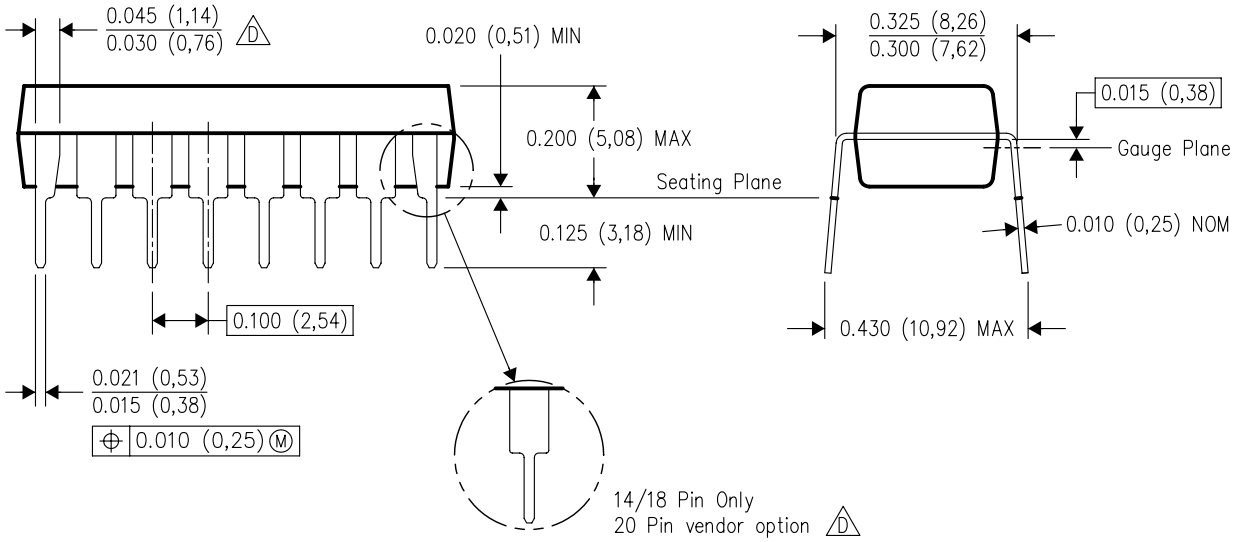
N (R–PDIP–T**)

PLASTIC DUAL–IN–LINE PACKAGE

16 PINS SHOWN



DIM \ PINS **	14	16	18	20
A MAX	0.775 (19,69)	0.775 (19,69)	0.920 (23,37)	1.060 (26,92)
A MIN	0.745 (18,92)	0.745 (18,92)	0.850 (21,59)	0.940 (23,88)
MS–001 VARIATION (C)	AA	BB	AC	AD



4040049/E 12/2002

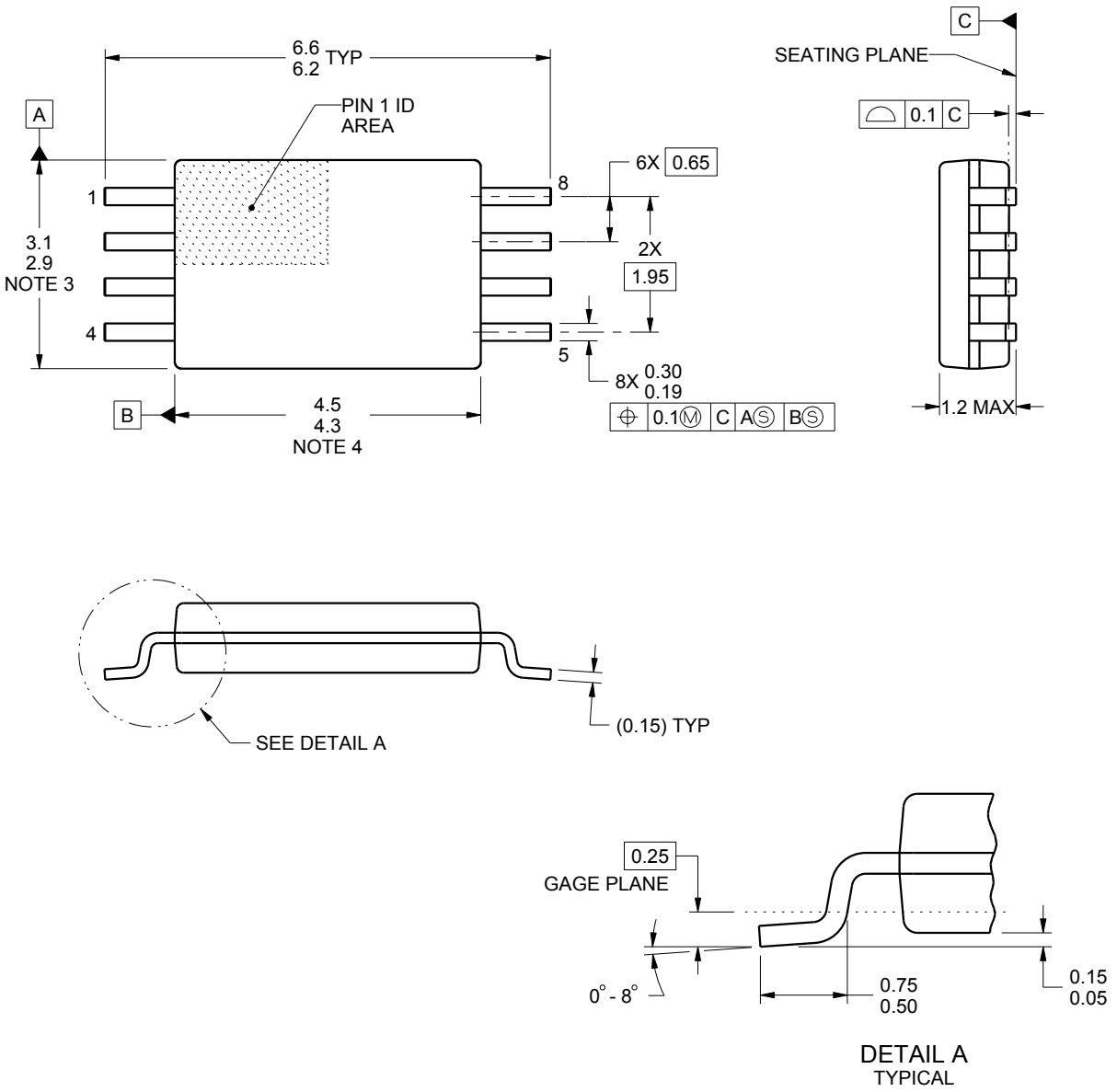
NOTES:
A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Falls within JEDEC MS–001, except 18 and 20 pin minimum body length (Dim A).
D. The 20 pin end lead shoulder width is a vendor option, either half or full width.

PACKAGE OUTLINE

PW0008A

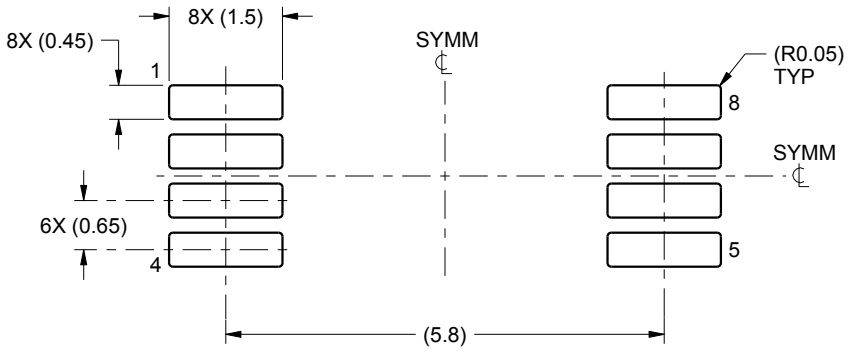
TSSOP - 1.2 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE

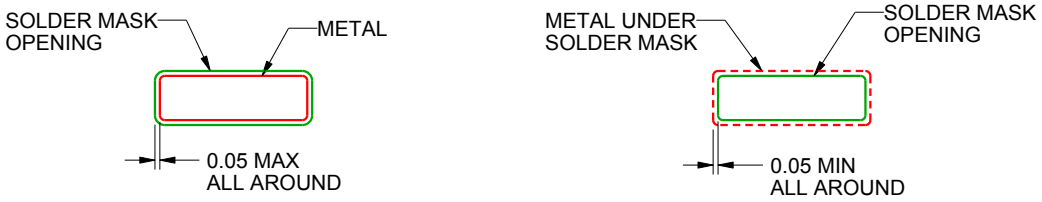


NOTES:

1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-153, variation AA.



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
SCALE:10X

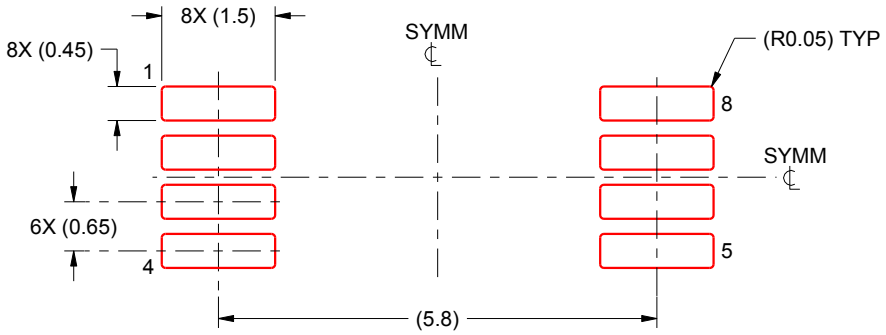


SOLDER MASK DETAILS
NOT TO SCALE

4221848/A 02/2015

NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON 0.125 mm THICK STENCIL
SCALE:10X

4221848/A 02/2015

NOTES: (continued)

8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.

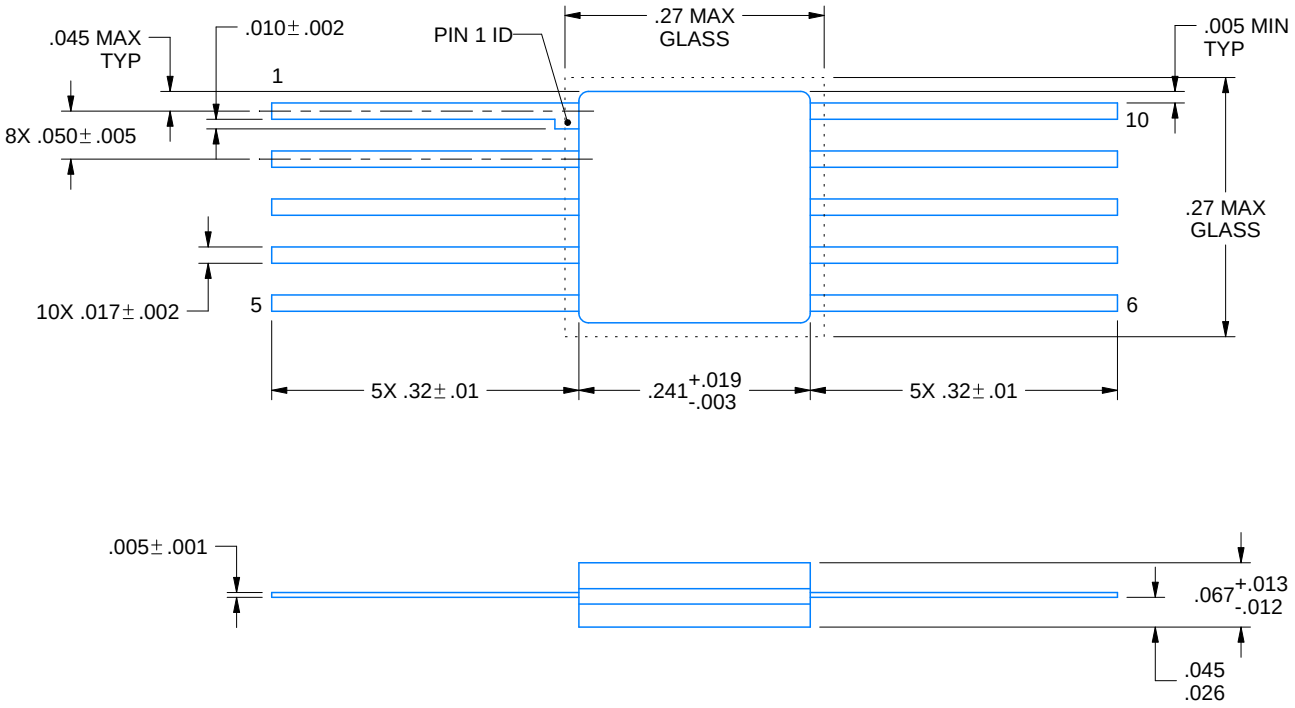
U0010A



PACKAGE OUTLINE

CFP - 2.03 mm max height

CERAMIC FLATPACK



4225582/A 01/2020

NOTES:

1. All linear dimensions are in inches. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

IMPORTANT NOTICE AND DISCLAIMER

TI PROVIDES TECHNICAL AND RELIABILITY DATA (INCLUDING DATA SHEETS), DESIGN RESOURCES (INCLUDING REFERENCE DESIGNS), APPLICATION OR OTHER DESIGN ADVICE, WEB TOOLS, SAFETY INFORMATION, AND OTHER RESOURCES “AS IS” AND WITH ALL FAULTS, AND DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES, EXPRESS AND IMPLIED, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR NON-INFRINGEMENT OF THIRD PARTY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS.

These resources are intended for skilled developers designing with TI products. You are solely responsible for (1) selecting the appropriate TI products for your application, (2) designing, validating and testing your application, and (3) ensuring your application meets applicable standards, and any other safety, security, regulatory or other requirements.

These resources are subject to change without notice. TI grants you permission to use these resources only for development of an application that uses the TI products described in the resource. Other reproduction and display of these resources is prohibited. No license is granted to any other TI intellectual property right or to any third party intellectual property right. TI disclaims responsibility for, and you will fully indemnify TI and its representatives against, any claims, damages, costs, losses, and liabilities arising out of your use of these resources.

TI’s products are provided subject to TI’s Terms of Sale or other applicable terms available either on ti.com or provided in conjunction with such TI products. TI’s provision of these resources does not expand or otherwise alter TI’s applicable warranties or warranty disclaimers for TI products.

TI objects to and rejects any additional or different terms you may have proposed.

Mailing Address: Texas Instruments, Post Office Box 655303, Dallas, Texas 75265
Copyright © 2022, Texas Instruments Incorporated